MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

7101 COMMERCIAL STUDIES

7101/01 Paper 1 (Elements of Commerce), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	7101	01
Sectior	۱A			
1 (a)	(i) Buyi	ing (1) and selling of goods (1) to sell at a profit (1)		[2]
	(ii) Reta	ailing (1) and wholesaling (1)		[2]
	• •	mple such as a car, television, computer (1) these essities for existence/desired goods (1)	are unlimited o	or beyond the [2]
(b)	Protects Enables Enables To keep To keep Guards a To store	of goods (1) and raw materials (1) goods (1) against theft or weather or damage (1) goods to be processed (1) packed or bottled or labelled a variety of goods to be offered in one place (1) saves goods to be displayed (1) goods awaiting transport (1) sale (1) seasonal goods (1) example (1) against price fluctuations (1) evens out supply (1) dutiable goods (1) to economise working capital (1) gould (1) to put into small quantities (1)		[6]
(c)	Leaves t Tea pack Journey Auction f Blend or Allow 4 u	hes are grown (1) bushes need to be picked (1) ransported to tea factory (1) various processes e.g. dry ked (for export) (1) – tea chests (1) by sea transport (1) – to the importer (1) for tea (1) bought by tea merchants/wholesalers (1) package tea (1) sold to retailers (1) sold to consumers marks max. for mentioning of any of the four aids to t sport) in context	(1)	n warehousing [8]
2 (a)	Wide ran Some go Goods m Pleasant Personal	ap prices (1) possible haggling (1) nge of goods (1) two examples (1) bods not available elsewhere (1) second-hand goods (1 nay be fresh (1) from local farms (1) t/friendly way of shopping (1) in good weather/entertain I advice (1) on particular goods required (1) ence of location (1) saves travelling cost (1)		[4]
(b)	Can mov Low over Can sell Needs le	rate only on one/two days (1) a week/month (1) ve stall to different markets (1) different customers (1) rheads/costs (1) rent/rates (1) some goods direct (1) no middleman (1) ess capital (1) no fixed premises (1) start (1) no legal formalities (1)		[4]
(c)	Cannot r Prefer to Transien Can avoi Needs ca Sells on	ost/time (1) in having to clear cheques (1) register for credit card payment (1) no fixed address (1) receive cash (1) no bank charges (1) it customers (1) difficult to trace (1) id paying tax (1) by not declaring earnings (1) ash to restock (1) aids cash flow (1) y cheaper/smaller goods (1) no need for credit (1) t have bank account (1) for bank payments (1)		[4]
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Page 3		8				rk Sche				Syllabu	S	Pap	er
	-		G	CE O L	EVEL –	October	/Nover	ber 2008	8	7101		01	
(d)	Cho Car Goo Pet Uno Info	oice o parki od roa rol sta der co ormati	f differ ing (1) ad acce ation (1 iver (1) on cer	ent shop and no	os (1) exa charge/fi asy acce etc. (1) ors (1) ecurity (amples (ree (1) ess from 1)	shops t	ate-night o car (1)	shopp	bing (1)			[4
(e)	May Tra Lac Are	y not l ffic cc k of p as of	have a ongesti ersona crime	is many on (1) e	goods as xtra time lopping (lockets (s town co involveo 1) some 1)	entre (1) d (1) shops a	ance (1)) may still are very t		to go into to rge (1)	own (1)	[4]
	Πημ		Juying		ing to ov	erspend	ing (1)						[4]
3 (a)	(i)	Visib	le Bala	ance = -	280 (1)								[1]
	(ii)	Curr	ent Ba	lance =	–130 (1)								[1]
	(iii)	Visib	le trad	le = Any	example	e of a go	od i.e. fe	ood (1)					[1]
	()							e. bankin	ıg (1)				[1
(b)	Che Pro Wic Cre Frie Mas	eaper vides der ma eates e endshi ss pro	for oth foreig arket fo employ ip/polit oductio	ner coun n curren or goods /ment (1 ical reas	tries to p cy (1) to (1) to se) increas sons (1) o le (1) ga	roduce (pay for i ell surplu es stance example ins ecor	(1) exam imports is produ dard of l (1) nomies c	(1) ction (1))			[6]
(c)	Cur Cre Del Tra Imp Diff	rrency dit ris iver o nsit ri oort re erent	v (1) ex ks (1) ver lor sks (1) striction metho	nger dista) greater ons (1) so ods of pa	rates dif ficult to r ances (1 possibil uch as q yments (fer (1) recover r) need fo ty of the uotas or (1) letter	money in or air/se ft/dama import o s of crea	n foreign	iome tr embar er exar	ade (1) goes (1)			[4
(d)	(i)	Reco calcu Inspe Cont Enfo	ords s ulated ection rols bo rce en	tatistics (1) of vesse	of impo els/vehicl arehouse s (1) dev	orts and es/good es (1) us elopmer	export s (1) to sed for d nt (1)	or the go s (1) to prevent s utiable go	allow muggli	the baland	ce of	trade	to be

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	7101	01
		Cau	es imports more expensive (1) consumers may stop b se inflation (1) higher prices in the shops (1) ntries may stop exporting to you (1) less choice for cor		[2]
4	(a)	Can dem Allows co Can iden Helps to Increase Saves tir	how what goods are available (1) and details/example constrate the goods (1) example (1) comparisons of different suppliers (1) on price/quality (1 tify suppliers (1) and locations/contacts (1) make a choice (1) best 'buy' for customer (1) s competition (1) lowers prices (1) ne in searching the market (1) development (1) ervices are advertised (1) e.g. bus timetables (1)	,	[4]
	(b)	Can prov Number Can be ta Can be e Can be s	ges: y cheap (1) vide much information (1) of hits can be monitored (1) argeted (1) easily changed (1) eeen 24/7 (1) he world (1)		[2]
		Possible Need to Credit fra Website	computer (1) problems of connection (1) maintain the website (1)		[2]
	(c)	Quick to Cheaper Reduces Multiple Attachme Message A copy c Receiver Security Message Direct to No need	ges of email: use/saves time (1) than postage (1) the use of paper (1) messages can be sent (1) ents can be sent (1) es can be sent overnight/anytime/anywhere in the worl an be printed off (1) can reply easily (1) can be ensured by using passwords (1) es can be stored (1) individual member of staff (1) to meet the person/easier than talking on phone (1) edit/update (1)	d (1)	[1]

Paç	ge 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	7101	01
	People of Informati People s Problems Failure o Somewh Difficult f	ntages of email: lo not look in their mailboxes (1) ion overload (1) ending multiple copies when not necessary (1) s with attachments (1) f the network (1) iat impersonal (1) for discussions (1)		
	Hard cop Compute Need to Reply ma Problem	sent to the wrong person/someone may open your ema bies are not always kept/made (1) er faults may lead to loss of email records (1) wait for reply (1) ay not be received (1) with viruses (1) problems (1)	ail (1)	[1]
	Allows o Encoura Allows in	ges of face-to-face meetings: n the spot feedback (1) ges co-operation (1) iformation to be spread quickly among people (1) ew ideas to be generated (1)		[1]
	The peop Body lan Can be i	ntages of face-to-face meetings: ple attending maybe unwilling to communicate (1) guage creates a barrier (1) nsufficient leadership to control/guide meeting (1) les the terms of reference are not clear (1)		[1]
	No need No need Easily ca Urgent n Offer a v	ges of mobile phones: to have change (1) to look for telephone box (1) arried around (1) nessages can be received immediately (1) ariety of services e.g. texting (1)		[1]
	More exp Can disr Do not o	ntages of mobile telephone: pensive than landline phones (1) upt meetings (1) perate well in some locations (1) in some establishments e.g. hospitals (1)		[1]
(d)	Parcel po Datapos Special o Register Recorde Freepos Business Cash on Poste re	est (1) development (1) post (1) development (1) t (1) development (1) delivery (1) development (1) d delivery (1) development (1) t (1) development (1) s Reply (1) development (1) delivery (1) development (1) mail (1) development (1) mail (1) development (1)		
	•	mail (1) development (1) ow local examples		[6]

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	Pa	ge 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	. u	3	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	7101	01
5	(a)	Fire Acc The Mot Emp Fide Con Plat Floc Pub Proc	dings/Contents (1) (1) ident (1) ft/Burglary (1) or vehicle (1) oloyers' liability (1) elity guarantee (1) sequential loss (1) e glass (1) od (1) lic liability (1) duct liability (1)		[4]
	(b)	Need to Competi Cost of c	obtain the lowest premium (1) for best cover (1) tion within the market (1) cost savings to be made (1) cover can vary considerably (1) example/use of data (1 spects of cover may differ (1) e.g. excess (1))	
	(c)	Moses h Only sor	npare (1) look at details (1) look for best value (1) as no insurable interest (1) he does not own Khari's st neone who will suffer loss can insure (1) he could deli compensation (1)	• •	[4] to the store to [4]
	(d)	Suitable Can ope Qualified	ver short distances (1) extensive road network (1) for carrying larger goods such as bread (1) fewer trips rate in all weathers (1) covered by insurance (1) I people carrying goods (1) need for a licence (1) rate as a mobile van (1) selling goods or examples (1)	(1)	[3]
	(e)	Limited I Town ce Higher ri	a problem (1) making delivery of stock difficult (1) oading time (1) and space to unload (1) ntres are congested (1) delay in delivery times (1) sk of theft of goods (1) higher insurance costs (1) qualified drivers (1) running costs of a mobile van (1)		[4]
6	(a)	(i) Oric	n Bank (1)		[1]
		(ii) 11 (Dct (1)		[1]
		(iii) 17 (Dct (1)		[1]
		(iv) \$87	0 (1)		[1]

P	age 7	,	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – October/No	ovember 2008	7101	01
(b			ebit Card (1) ersonal identification number (1)			[2]
(c) (i)	Corr Busi	nsfer of money from one account to npany provides bank with a single o iness provides bank with a list of cr udes bank/branch sort/account num	heque (1) to cover t editors (1)		1) [2]
	(ii)	 (ii) Saves cost of making up pay packets (1) fewer accounts staff needed (1) Avoids risk of theft of cash (1) less security needed (1) no journey to bank (1) Saving on number of cheques issued (1) less paperwork (1) Receipt recorded by bank (1) avoids queries by employees (1)) [4]
(d) (i)	Inter Mon Loar Long Not	ed sum (1) V rest on full sum (1) Ir hthly payments (1) F n account opened (1) S g period Ir	Overdraft /ariable sum (1) nterest on amount o flexible arrangemen Short period (1) nterest calculated da leed to have a curre od	ts/no fixed dates (aily (1)	1) [4]
	(ii)	Use Mon Little Ban Othe	of cheque book (1) L bey withdrawn on demand (1) N e or no interest (1) Ir	Deposit account Jse of passbook (1) lotice can be require nterest given (1) Jsed for savings (1) od	ed if large sum (1)	[4]
						[.]
7 (a) (i)	Man	aging Director (1)			[1]
	(ii)	Marl	keting Director (1)			[1]
	(iii)	13 (1)			[1]
	(iv)	Adm	nsport/Distribution (1) or Personnel/ ninistration (1) or Information Techn D (1) or Company Secretary (1)		· · /	[1]
(b	Sto Sto Des Pro Wo Qua Tra Pao	rage ck co signin searc ductio rk stu ality c nspoi ckagir	goods (1) (1) Ing new goods (1) h and development (1) on planning (1) Idy (1) control (1) rt/Despatch (1) ng (1) ing (1)			[2]

3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	7101	01
not lo	se personal possessions (1)		[3]
		de'	[1] [1]
Casł attra	n discount – improves cash flow (1) less borrowing ne cts more customers (1)		s bad debts (1) [1] [1]
Cash Trad	a discount – improves profits (1) obtains lower prices e discount – provides margin for profit (1) obtains lo		
£200 £160	$100 - \pounds 4000 = \pounds 16000 (1)$		
	not lo re like Cash Trad Busin Cash attrad Cust Cash Trad abov £20,0 £200	areholders can only lose their share capital (1) not lose personal possessions (1) re likely to invest as there is reduced risk (1) Cash discount – given for early payment Trade discount – given for bulk buying or those 'in the trad Business benefits: Cash discount – improves cash flow (1) less borrowing ne attracts more customers (1) Trade discount – saves reprinting catalogues (1) buys mo Customer benefits: Cash discount – improves profits (1) obtains lower prices	areholders can only lose their share capital (1) not lose personal possessions (1) re likely to invest as there is reduced risk (1) Cash discount – given for early payment Trade discount – given for bulk buying or those 'in the trade' Business benefits: Cash discount – improves cash flow (1) less borrowing needed (1) reduce attracts more customers (1) Trade discount – saves reprinting catalogues (1) buys more goods (1) Customer benefits: Cash discount – improves profits (1) obtains lower prices (1 – award only of Trade discount – provides margin for profit (1) obtains lower prices (1 – award only of Trade discount – provides margin for profit (1) obtains lower prices (1 – above) £20,000 × 20/100 (1) = £4000 (1) £20000 - £4000 = £16000 (1)