

Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2008

GCE

O Level Commerce (7100) Paper 1B



7100 1B Mark Scheme Summer 2008

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	Valid points could include:	
	 leaflets local newspaper adverts displays posters/banner 	
	• internet	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)	 Valid points could include: more customers served with fewer staff - lower wage costs savings in costs - may allow reduced prices /special offers customers generally can be served more quickly - less waiting more impulse buying - exposure to displays better use of space in shop - greater variety of stock customers prefer self-service - chance to look and choose without pressure of sales assistants (1 mark per point plus 1 mark for development of 	
	each)	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(c)	 Valid points could include: low prices - bulk-buying from producer wide range of goods available - not food on its own convenience of parking - can do weekly shop customer can shop at own speed - able to look for brands required customers can choose for themselves from shelves - pick the best own supermarket brands often cheaper - saves money on weekly shop facilities available - restaurants/children's area/toilets (1 mark per point plus 1 mark for development of each) 	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(d)	 Valid points could include: convenience element - particularly for goods such as bread situated on local estate - no need for travel provision of more personal service - owner attention/advice can stock goods for customers' specific requirements - example cost of shop combined with home - can be run as family business more flexible opening hours - can open later may offer special services - credit provided/after sales service delivery - more convenient for customers 	(4)
	each)	(6)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(a)	Valid points could include:	
	 Third party 	
	 Third party, fire and theft 	
	 Comprehensive 	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(b)	Valid points could include: obtain quotation - from insurance company/broker -	
	choose lowest premium or most suitable - complete proposal form - with utmost good faith or relevant facts - pay premium requested - receive cover note - shows proof of insurance cover - policy issued - showing terms of insurance	
	(1 mark per point)	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(c)	 full and accurate facts are the basis of accepting the proposal - insurance company unlikely to accept a more risky insurance risk - level of risk could be reduced by wrong details relevant facts determine the premium - higher premium for more expensive sports car the principle of utmost good faith has to be followed - if incorrect information given in the policy will be declared void - insured will lose premiums - e.g. insurance companies need to make a profit - to invest - pay shareholders insurable interest - cannot insure someone else's property (1 mark per point plus up to 5 marks for development) 	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(d)	 Valid points could include: the damage may not total £10000 - car may not be a total write-off he may have only insured for third party - covers only damage caused to others terms of the policy may be broken - incorrect information given may have over-insured - cannot make a profit from a loss - principle of indemnity involved 	
	(1 mark per point plus up to 5 marks for development)	(6)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3(a)	Hire purchase	
	Credit sale	
	Credit cards/Visa cards	
	Store cards	
	Budget account	
	Loans	
	Overdrafts	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)	 Valid points could include: can postpone payment - can use money for another purpose gets the goods immediately - no need to wait allows customer to take advantage of special offer - eg January sales benefit if inflation is rising - paying less in real terms easy to buy on-line/telephone - thereby convenience of payment expensive goods - can pay by instalments 	
	(1 mark per point plus 1 mark for development of each)	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(c)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	(1 mark per correct type plus 2 marks for development of each)	(3)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3(c)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	·	
	Hire purchase/loan - large amount of money - can	
	be paid back in instalments -some protection in law	
	'	
	(1 mark per correct type plus 2 marks for	
	development of each)	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(d)	 Valid points could include: may buy more than she can afford - may have to cut back on necessaries may default on payment - money is lost court action - goods may have to be repossessed goods may be more expensive - due to higher rate of interest 	
	 may have to pay expensive interest charges - if credit card payment missed 	(6)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)	Valid points could include: medical supplies flowers spare parts gold	
	 fine china food aid perishable expensive small/light weight urgent/emergency 	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(b)	 Valid points could include: larger aircraft - more powerful engines - able to carry more goods larger airports - longer runways/greater facilities - example more airports - air transport to more destinations - more air freight companies such as DHL - have their own planes growth of container trade - more types of goods being carried 	
	(1 mark per point plus up to 2 marks for development of each)	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(c)	 Valid points could include: goods may be too heavy - airplanes cannot take the weight of goods goods may be too bulky - insufficient capacity of aircraft sea is cheaper - particularly for bulk loads much cargo is not sufficiently valuable - to bear high air costs some goods need special attention - such as oil some goods do not have any urgency - non-urgent machinery 	
	(Note: do not accept reverse points) (1 mark per point plus 1 mark for development of each)	(6)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(d)	 Valid points could include: allows a country/area to specialise - benefits of specialisation offers wider market for goods - more sales enables goods to be imported/exported - avoids shortages - example raw materials can be cheaply/quickly sent to factories - lessens delays in production finished goods can be cheaply/quickly sent to markets - goods are able to be bought increases mobility of labour - gets people to work 	
	(1 mark per point plus up to 2 marks for development of each)	(6)