

### **COMBINED SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

5129/01 October/November 2007 1 hour

Additional Materials: Mult

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

3088

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Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

### Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

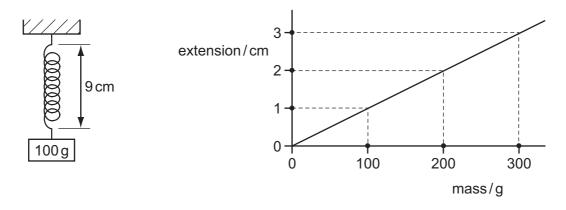
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

This document consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



**1** The diagrams show a spring having a length of 9 cm when loaded with a 100 g mass, and the extension-mass graph for the spring.



What is the length of the spring after the 100 g mass has been removed?

Α	7 cm	В	8 cm	С	9 cm	D	10 cm

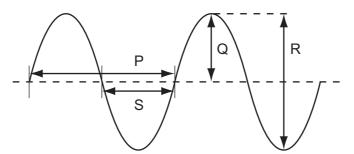
- 2 Which type of energy is converted to thermal energy when atoms combine?
  - A chemical
  - **B** kinetic
  - C nuclear
  - D solar
- 3 Equal volumes of four substances are heated at atmospheric pressure.

The temperature rise is the same for each substance.

Which substance expands the most?

- A air
- B mercury
- C steel
- **D** water

4 The diagram shows the surface of the water as a wave passes across a ripple tank.



Which lengths represent the amplitude and wavelength?

	amplitude	wavelength
Α	Q	Р
в	Q	S
С	R	Р
D	R	S

**5** A wave has a frequency of  $10^4$  Hz.

What are the possible values of its velocity and wavelength?

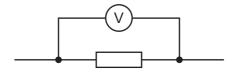
	velocity in m/s	wavelength in m
Α	330	0.33
в	330	33
С	$3 \times 10^8$	30
D	$3 \times 10^{8}$	$3  imes 10^4$

- 6 Which type of electromagnetic radiation travels at the highest speed through a vacuum?
  - A gamma rays
  - B light waves
  - **C** radio waves
  - **D** none all have the same speed
- 7 A lightning flash carries 25 C of charge and lasts for 0.01 s.

What is the current?

Α	0.0004A	В	0.25 A	С	25 A	D	2500 A
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8 A voltmeter is connected across a resistor in an electrical circuit.



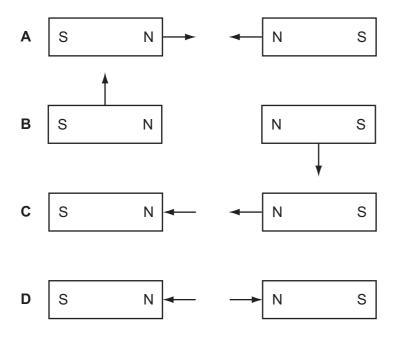
What does the reading on the voltmeter measure?

- **A** the work done in driving 1A of current through the resistor
- **B** the work done in driving 1 C of charge through the resistor
- **C** the work done in driving 1 J of energy through the resistor
- **D** the work done in driving 1 W of power through the resistor
- **9** A 1.0  $\Omega$  resistor and a 2.0  $\Omega$  resistor are connected in series across a 12 V d.c. supply.

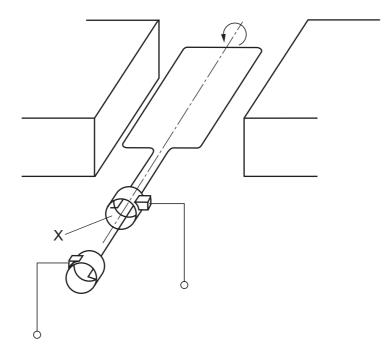
What is the current in the circuit?

**A** 12A **B** 6.0A **C** 4.0A **D** 0.25A

10 Which diagram shows the correct directions of the magnetic forces on two bar magnets?

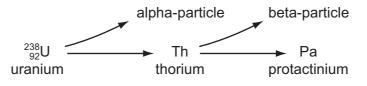


**11** The diagram shows a simple a.c. generator.



Which name is given to part X?

- A axle
- B carbon brush
- **C** magnet
- **D** slip ring
- **12** The uranium atom  ${}^{238}_{92}$ U emits an alpha-particle to become thorium, which then emits a beta-particle to become protactinium.

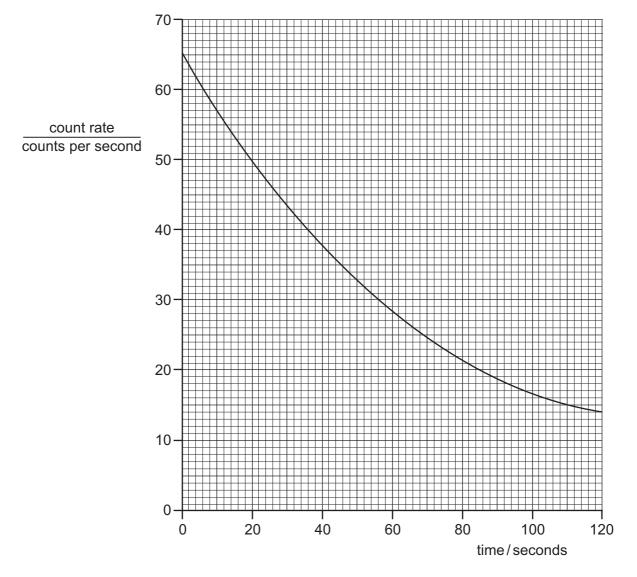


What is the proton number (atomic number) of protactinium?

**A** 89 **B** 90 **C** 91 **D** 95

13 Ra decays with a half-life of 1600 s. Rn decays with a half-life of 52 s. Po decays with a half-life of 9.1 s. Pb decays with a half-life of 10.6 h.

The changing count rate for one of these radioactive nuclides is shown in the graph.



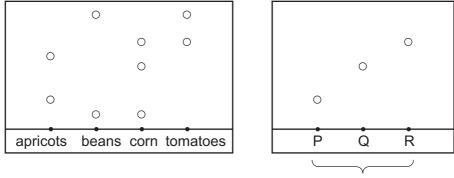
From the half-life shown by the graph, which was the decaying radioactive nuclide?

**A** Ra **B** Rn **C** Po **D** Pb

14 Samples of tinned apricots, beans, corn and tomatoes are tested for additives by using chromatography.

The chromatograms are compared with those of three artificial additives, P, Q and R.

The results are as follows.



artificial additives

Which tinned food does not contain any artificial additives?

- Α apricots
- В beans
- С corn
- D tomatoes
- 15 Element X has proton number 8 and nucleon number 18.

Which particles are present in the  $X^{2-}$  ion?

- 10 electrons, 8 protons, 8 neutrons Α
- В 10 electrons, 8 protons, 10 neutrons
- С 10 electrons, 9 protons, 9 neutrons
- 8 electrons, 8 protons, 18 neutrons D
- 16 The table gives the electronic structure of four elements.

element	electronic structure
W	2.7
Х	2.8.5
Y	2.8.6
Z	2.8.8.2

Which two elements form an ionic compound?

W and X Α

В

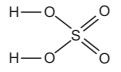
W and Y

W and Z

**D** X and Y

С

**17** A molecule of sulphuric acid has the structural formula shown.



How many electrons are involved in forming all the covalent bonds in one molecule?

**A** 6 **B** 8 **C** 12 **D** 16

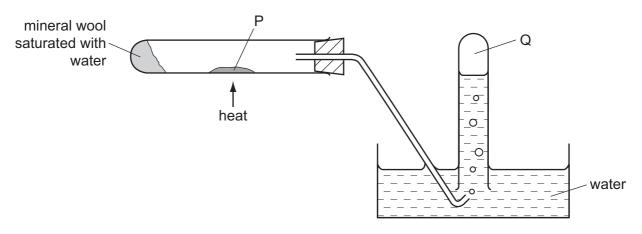
**18** The formula of copper(I) oxide is  $Cu_2O$ .

How many grams of oxygen are combined with 64g of copper in this compound?

Α	8	В	16	С	32	D	64
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- **19** Which type of reaction takes place when  $H^+$  ions and  $OH^-$  ions react to form water?
  - A condensation
  - **B** ionisation
  - C neutralisation
  - D precipitation
- 20 Which statement about the alkali metals is correct?
  - **A** Their melting points decrease on descending the group.
  - **B** Their reactivities decrease on descending the group.
  - **C** They form covalent bonds with the halogens.
  - **D** They form oxides on reacting with water.

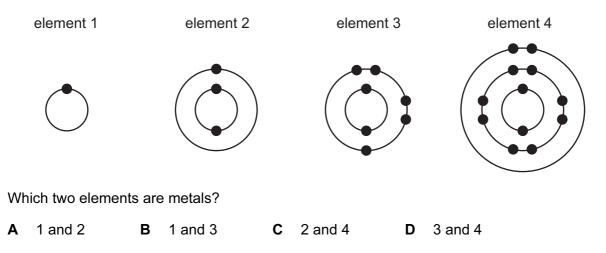
21 In the experiment shown in the diagram, steam is passed over a heated solid P. Gas Q is collected.



What are substances P and Q?

	Р	Q
Α	copper	hydrogen
В	lead	oxygen
С	silver	oxygen
D	zinc	hydrogen

**22** The diagrams show the electronic structures of four elements.



- 23 Which substance is added to a blast furnace to remove impurities from iron ore?
  - A carbon
  - **B** limestone
  - C sand
  - D slag

24 Which pollutant is correctly linked to its source?

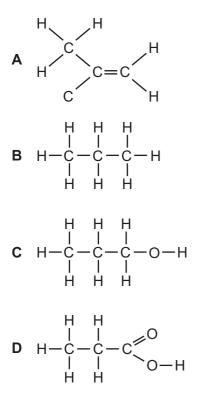
	pollutant	source
Α	carbon monoxide	internal combustion engine
В	methane	volcanoes
С	nitrogen oxide	bacterial decay
D	sulphur dioxide	lightning activity

- 25 Which statement about the manufacture of ammonia by the Haber Process is correct?
  - **A** The reactants and product are compounds.
  - **B** The reactants and product are elements.
  - **C** The reactants and product are gases.
  - **D** The reactants are both obtained from the air.
- 26 Bitumen is obtained from crude oil.

What is it used for?

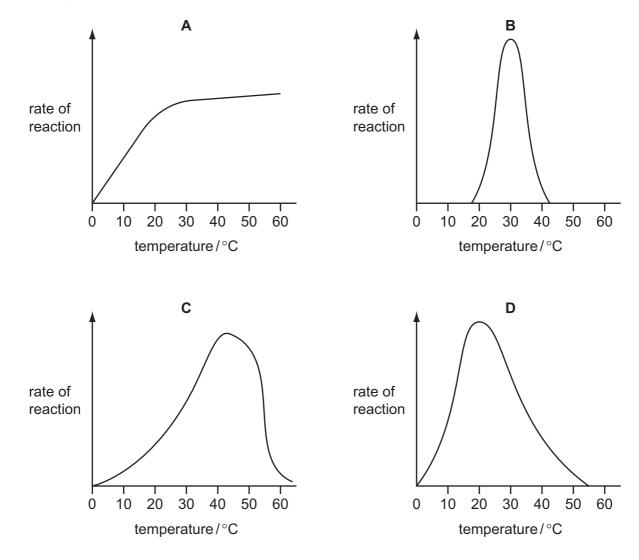
- A as fuel for aircraft
- **B** as fuel for oil stoves
- **C** for making polishes
- **D** for making roads

27 Which compound decolourises aqueous bromine?



- 28 Which cell structure contains the light-absorbing pigments in plants?
  - A chloroplast
  - B cytoplasm
  - **C** nucleus
  - D vacuole

12



- 30 How does most carbon dioxide reach the photosynthesising cells of a leaf?
  - A through the cuticle
  - **B** through the epidermis
  - C through the stomata
  - D through the xylem
- 31 Which part of the alimentary canal is most acidic?
  - A colon
  - B ileum
  - **C** mouth
  - D stomach

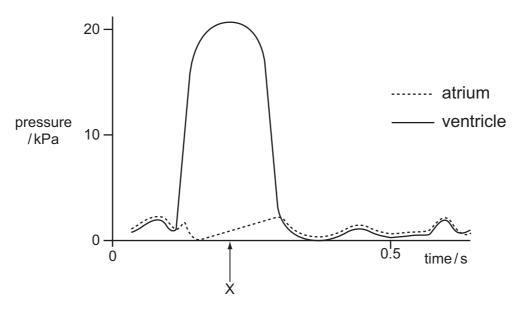
**32** Four similar leafy shoots are exposed to different conditions. The rates of water uptake and the rates of water loss are measured.

The results are shown in the table.

Which shoot is most likely to wilt?

	water uptake /mm³ per min	water loss /mm³ per min
Α	10	12
в	10	8
С	5	5
D	5	2

**33** The graph shows pressure changes in the left atrium and in the left ventricle during one heartbeat.



What is the state of the valves at time X?

	bicuspid valve	semi-lunar valve (in aorta)
Α	closed	closed
в	closed	open
С	open	closed
D	open	open

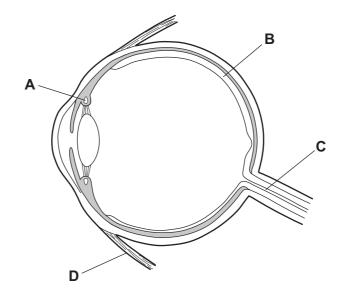
**34** The table shows the percentage composition of four samples of air.

Which sample could have been breathed out by a person after vigorous exercise?

	oxygen	carbon dioxide	water vapour
Α	16	0.3	saturated
в	16	4	saturated
С	21	0.03	trace
D	21	3	trace

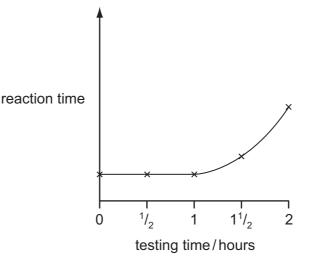
**35** The diagram shows a section through an eye.

Which part helps to focus an image on the retina?



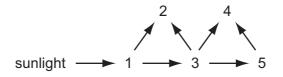
**36** An experiment was carried out in which the reaction time for a person to respond to seeing a light was measured. Every half hour the person was given an alcoholic drink and the test was repeated.

The results over two hours are shown in the diagram below.



Which deduction can be made from the experiment?

- A Alcoholic drinks make the person react more slowly.
- **B** Mental activities are stimulated by small quantities of alcohol.
- **C** The alcohol content of the blood rises rapidly after 1 hour.
- **D** The person reacts more quickly as a result of practice.
- 37 The diagram shows energy flow in a food web.



Which number represents an organism that eats both plants and animals?



- 38 What increases the risk of famine?
  - A decreased air pollution
  - **B** decreased population size
  - **C** increased carbon dioxide concentration in the air
  - D increased soil erosion

- **39** Which statement is true of asexual reproduction in plants?
  - A Insects are needed to transfer pollen.
  - **B** New plants grow from seeds.
  - **C** Offspring are genetically identical to their parents.
  - **D** Two types of gametes are involved.

40 What is the path taken by sperm cells during ejaculation from the male reproductive system?

- A sperm duct  $\rightarrow$  testis  $\rightarrow$  urethra
- **B** sperm duct  $\rightarrow$  urethra  $\rightarrow$  testis
- **C** testis  $\rightarrow$  sperm duct  $\rightarrow$  urethra

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	Ń	45 Sc andium 22	2	51 V nadium		55 Manganese 25	56 <b>Fe</b> Iron 26			64 Copper 29		70 <b>Ga</b> 31	73 <b>Ge</b> Germanium 32	75 <b>AS</b> Arsenic 33	79 Selenium 34	80 <b>Br</b> Bromine 35	84 <b>Krypton</b> 36
		89 Yttrium	41	93 Nb liobium		Tc Technetium 13	101 <b>Rut</b> Ruthenium	103 Rhođium 45	106 Pdd Palladium 46		112 Cadmium 48			122 <b>Sb</b> Antimony 51	128 <b>Te</b> 52		
Index   Index <th< td=""><td>CJ</td><td>139 La nthanum * 72</td><td>2</td><td>181 <b>Ta</b> <sup>ntalum</sup></td><td>184 <b>V</b> ungsten</td><td>186 <b>Re</b> Rhenium 75</td><td>190 <b>OS</b> Osmium 76</td><td></td><td>195 <b>Pt</b> Platinum 78</td><td></td><td>201 <b>Hg</b> <sup>Mercury</sup> 80</td><td>204 <b>T1</b> <sup>Thallium</sup> 81</td><td></td><td>209 <b>Bi</b> Bismuth</td><td>Po Polonium 84</td><td>At Astatine 85</td><td>Radon 86</td></th<>	CJ	139 La nthanum * 72	2	181 <b>Ta</b> <sup>ntalum</sup>	184 <b>V</b> ungsten	186 <b>Re</b> Rhenium 75	190 <b>OS</b> Osmium 76		195 <b>Pt</b> Platinum 78		201 <b>Hg</b> <sup>Mercury</sup> 80	204 <b>T1</b> <sup>Thallium</sup> 81		209 <b>Bi</b> Bismuth	Po Polonium 84	At Astatine 85	Radon 86
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DATA SHEET

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm<sup>3</sup> at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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