UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE

5129/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2006

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

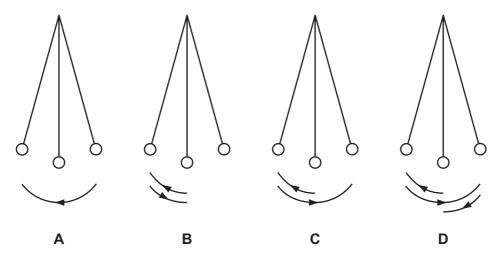
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

1 The diagrams show a simple pendulum at the ends and centre of its swing.

Which labelled arrow shows the distance moved by the pendulum during one period?

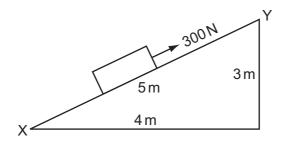


2 The mass and density of four objects are given in the table.

Which object has the largest volume?

	density kg/m³	mass/kg
Α	200	0.6
В	400	1.0
С	1000	2.0
D	1500	3.0

3 A 300 N force is applied to a box in the direction XY in order to move it up a ramp of the dimensions shown.



How much work is done when moving the box from X to Y?

- **A** 900 J
- **B** 1200 J
- **C** 1500 J
- **D** 3000 J

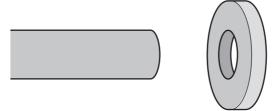
4 A liquid-in-glass thermometer is being calibrated.



At the ice point, the thread length l, is 2.0 cm. At the steam point, l is 27.0 cm.

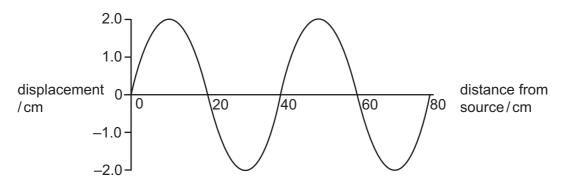
What change in length shows a temperature difference of 1°C?

- **A** 0.25 cm
- **B** 0.27 cm
- C 2.5 cm
- **D** 2.7 cm
- 5 An axle is too large to fit into the hole in a wheel that is made of the same metal.



How can the axle be made to fit into the hole?

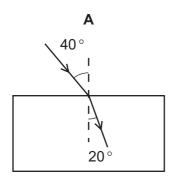
- A by heating the axle alone
- **B** by heating the wheel alone
- **C** by cooling both the axle and the wheel
- **D** by heating both the axle and the wheel
- **6** The diagram shows the variation of the displacement of a wave with distance from the source.

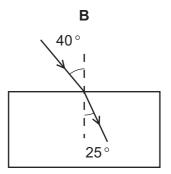


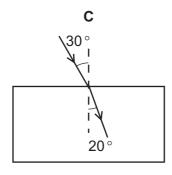
What is the amplitude of the wave?

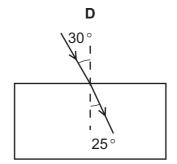
- **A** 2.0 cm
- **B** 4.0 cm
- **C** 20 cm
- **D** 40 cm

7 Which block is made from the material with a refractive index of 1.52?









8 Radio waves, visible light and X-rays are all part of the electromagnetic spectrum.

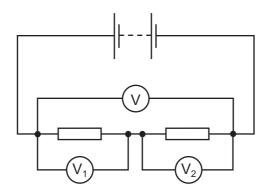
What is the correct order of increasing wavelength?

	shortest wavelength		longest wavelength
Α	visible light	radio waves	X-rays
В	visible light	X-rays	radio waves
С	X-rays	radio waves	visible light
D	X-rays	visible light	radio waves

9 How could the unit of potential difference, the volt, also be written?

- A A/s
- B C/A
- C C/J
- **D** J/C

10 The circuit shows three voltmeters being used to measure potential differences in a series circuit.



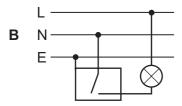
Which of the following is correct?

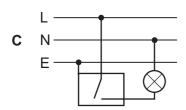
- **A** $V = V_1 = V_2$
- **B** $V = V_1 + V_2$
- **C** $V = V_1 V_2$
- **D** $V = V_1 \times V_2$

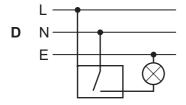
11 Which diagram shows the correct connections for a switch and a lamp in a lighting circuit?

	L —	•	
Α	N —		
^			
	E		1
			$ \otimes $
		l /—	$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{eta}}$

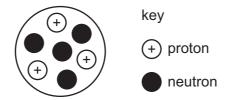
key	
L	live
N	neutral
Е	earth
	metal case







12 The diagram represents a nucleus of element X.



Which of the following represents the nuclide of this element?

- **A** ${}^{3}_{4}$ **X B** ${}^{4}_{3}$ **X C** ${}^{7}_{3}$
- **13** A research worker wants to use a radioactive source with a count rate of 100 counts per second for an experiment he plans to start at 10.00 a.m.

⁷ **X**

He has four different sources, each of which has a count rate of 400 per second at 9.00 a.m.

Which source should he choose?

- A a source with a half-life of 15 minutes
- **B** a source with a half-life of 20 minutes
- **C** a source with a half-life of 30 minutes
- **D** a source with a half-life of 40 minutes
- **14** Potassium nitrate crystals can be separated from sand by using the processes shown.

What is the correct order for the processes?

	first last				
Α	filter	dissolve	evaporate	crystallise	
В	dissolve	evaporate	crystallise	filter	
С	dissolve	evaporate	filter	crystallise	
D	dissolve	filter	evaporate	crystallise	

- 15 Which statement about the molecules in ice is correct?
 - **A** The molecules all move with the same speed.
 - **B** The molecules are diatomic.
 - **C** The molecules move randomly.
 - **D** The molecules vibrate about fixed positions.

16 Strontium has an isotope of nucleon number 90.

How many protons, neutrons and electrons are present in an atom of this isotope?

	protons	neutrons	electrons
Α	38	50	38
В	38	52	38
С	38	52	40
D	40	50	38

17 Under what conditions does sodium chloride conduct electricity?

	conducts electricity					
	when solid when molten in aqueous solution					
Α	no	no	no			
В	no	yes	yes			
С	yes	no	no			
D	yes	yes	yes			

- 18 How many electrons are shared in the covalent bonds in a methane molecule?
 - **A** 2
- **B** 4
- **C** 6
- **D** 8
- 19 A 6g sample of pure carbon is completely burned in oxygen.

$$C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$$

Which mass of carbon dioxide is produced?

- **A** 12g
- **B** 22 g
- **C** 38g
- **D** 44 g
- **20** The pH values of four aqueous solutions are shown.

Which solution contains a weak acid?

	pH value
Α	2
В	5
С	7
D	9

21 W	/hich statement	about the	elements in	n Group I	I of the P	'eriodic [¬]	Γable is α	correct?
-------------	-----------------	-----------	-------------	-----------	------------	-----------------------	------------	----------

- A The proton (atomic) number of an element is one greater than that of the element above it.
- **B** They are equally reactive.
- **C** They become less metallic as the proton (atomic) number increases.
- **D** They form chlorides of similar formula.

22 An experiment is carried out to find the order of reactivity of some metals.

Three metals are placed in separate solutions containing an aqueous metal ion.

The results are shown.

		key			
metal	Mg ²⁺	A <i>l</i> ³⁺	Fe ²⁺	Zn ²⁺	√ = reaction
Mg	X	✓	✓	✓	observed
Fe	x	X	x	X	x = no reaction
Zn	X	X	✓	X	observed

What is the order of reactivity of the metals (most reactive first)?

- **A** Mg Zn Fe Al
- **B** Fe Zn Al Mg
- \mathbf{C} Mg Al Zn Fe
- **D** Mg Al Fe Zn

23 Aluminium cooking utensils are used in many kitchens.

What property of aluminium is **not** important for this use?

- A It has a high melting point.
- **B** It is a good conductor of electricity.
- **C** It is a good conductor of heat.
- **D** It is resistant to corrosion.

24 What is the main constituent of natural gas?

- A ethane
- **B** helium
- C hydrogen
- D methane

25 Octane is an alkane containing eight carbon atoms per molecule.

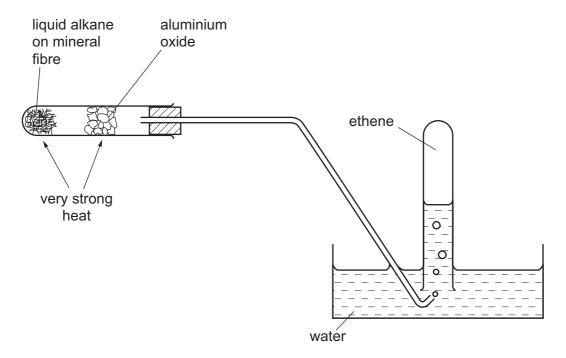
What is its molecular formula?

- **A** C_8H_{14}
- **B** C₈H₁₆
- **C** C₈H₁₈
- **D** C_8H_{20}

26 A hydrocarbon has the formula C_6H_{12} .

Which observation could confirm the homologous series to which the hydrocarbon belongs?

- A burning in air with a sooty flame
- B decolourising aqueous bromine
- **C** effervescence when mixed with sodium carbonate solution
- **D** turning Universal Indicator blue
- 27 The experiment shown is carried out.



Which process occurs?

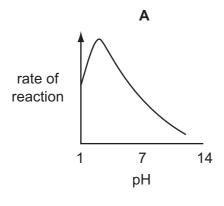
- A cracking
- **B** dehydrogenation
- **C** distillation
- **D** polymerisation

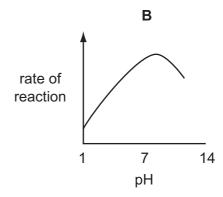
- 28 Which part of the structure of a root hair cell is the site of uptake of water?
 - A cell membrane
 - B cell wall
 - C cytoplasm
 - D sap vacuole
- 29 Which of these processes always involves the movement of water molecules?

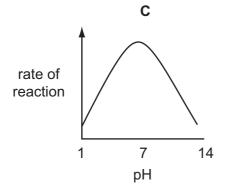
	diffusion	osmosis	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	x	✓ yes
С	x	✓	X no
D	x	x	

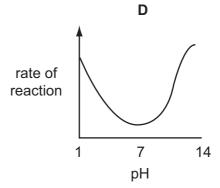
30 Pepsin is an enzyme that is active in the human stomach.

Which graph shows how the rate of reaction of pepsin is affected by pH?



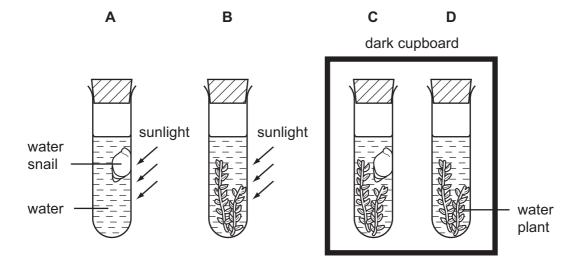






31 An experiment is set up as shown, and left for one hour.

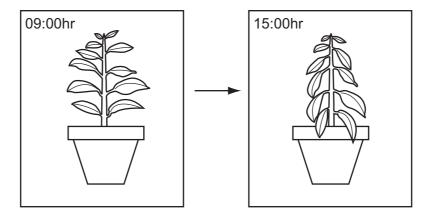
In which test-tube does the concentration of carbon dioxide **decrease**?



32 Which processes are functions of the liver?

	absorbing food	assimilating food	helping with digestion of food	
Α	✓	✓	✓	key
В	✓	✓	×	√ = is a function
С	✓	x	✓	x = is not a function
D	X	✓	✓	

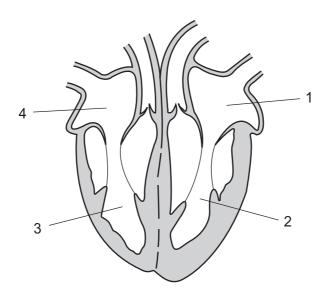
33 A plant is left in the hot sun for six hours.



The diagram shows how the appearance of the plant changes during this time.

What explains the change in appearance of the plant?

- A More water is lost by transpiration than is absorbed.
- B Stomata have closed.
- **C** The concentration of water in the cells has increased.
- **D** There is less support provided by the xylem.
- **34** The diagram shows a section of the heart.



Which two chambers of the heart contain oxygenated blood?

A 1 and 2

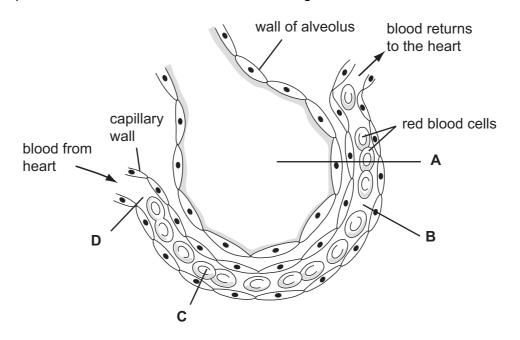
B 1 and 4

C 2 and 3

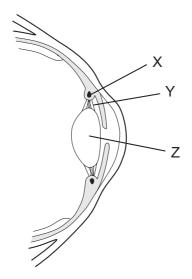
D 3 and 4

35 The diagram shows a section through an alveolus and an associated blood capillary.

In which part is the concentration of carbon dioxide highest?



36 The diagram shows a section through part of the eye.



What happens to parts X, Y and Z when the eye focuses on a near object?

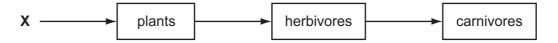
	X	Υ	Z		
Α	contracts	tight	less convex		
В	contracts	slack	more convex		
С	relaxes	tight	less convex		
D	relaxes	slack	more convex		

37 Many drugs affect the nervous system by acting as depressants.

Which of these drugs are depressants?

	alcohol	heroin	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	×	×	√ = depressant
С	✓	×	x = not a depressant
D	×	✓	

38 The diagram represents the energy flow through a food chain.



What provides the energy source (X) for this food chain?

- A decomposers
- **B** herbivores
- **C** plants
- **D** sunlight
- **39** In a tropical rainforest which of these processes is linked to the removal of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere?
 - A decay
 - B new plant growth
 - **C** respiration
 - **D** transpiration
- **40** What will be most likely to produce flowers of the same type and colour?
 - A growing plants from the seeds of one parent
 - **B** growing plants that have been produced by asexual reproduction
 - **C** growing plants at the same temperature
 - **D** growing plants in the same light intensity

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

	0	4 He Helium	Neon 10 Neon 40 Argon 18	84 K rypton 36	131 Xe Xenon 54	Rn Radon		175 Lu Lutetium 71	Lr Lawrencium 103
Group	II/		19 Fluorine 9 35.5 C.1 Chlorine	80 Br Bromine	127 I lodine	At Astatine 85		173 Yb Ytterbium 70	Nobelium 102
	N		16 Oxygen 8 32 32 Sulphur 16 Sulphur 16		128 Te Tellurium	Po Polonium 84		169 Tm Thulium 69	Md Mendelevium 101
	>		Nitrogen 7 31 Phosphorus		122 Sb Antimony 51	209 Bi Bismuth		167 Er Erbium 68	Fm Fermium
	2		Carbon 6 Carbon 8 Silicon 14	73 Ge Gemanium	119 Sn Tin	207 Pb Lead		165 Ho Holmium 67	ES Einsteinium 99
	=		11 B Boron 5 27 A1 Aluminium 13	70 Ga Gallium 31	115 In Indium	204 T1 Thallium		162 Dy Dysprosium 66	Cf Californium 98
				65 Zn Zinc 30	Cd Cadmium 48	201 Hg Mercury 80		159 Tb Terbium 65	BK Berkelium 97
				64 Cu Copper 29	108 Ag Silver 47	197 Au Gold		157 Gd Gadolinium 64	Cm Curium
				59 X Nickel 28	106 Pd Palladium 46	195 Pt Platinum 78		152 Eu Europium 63	Am Americium 95
				59 Co Cobalt	103 Rhodium 45	192 Ir Iridium		150 Sm Samarium 62	Pu Plutonium 94
		T Hydrogen		56 Fe Iron	Ruthenium	190 Os Osmium 76		Pm Promethium 61	Neptunium
				55 Wn Manganese 25	Tc Technetium 43	186 Re Rhenium 75		Neodymium 60	238 U Uranium 92
				52 Cr Chromium 24	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	184 W Tungsten 74		141 Pr Praseodymium 59	Pa Protactinium 91
				51 V Vanadium 23	93 Nb Niobium	181 Ta Tantalum 73		140 Ce Cerium 58	232 Th Thorium
				48 Ti Titanium 22	91 Zr Zirconium 40	178 Hf Hafnium			nic mass bol nic) number
				Scandium 21	89 ×	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	227 Ac Actinium	l series series	a = relative atomic massX = atomic symbolb = proton (atomic) number
	=		Beryllium 4 Beryllium 4 24 Mg Magnesium	Calcium	Strontium	137 Ba Barium 56	226 Ra Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series	« × ⊕
	_		7 Lithium 3 23 Na Sodium 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	39 K Potassium	85 Rb Rubidium 37	133 Cs Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	*58-71 L	Key

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).