## CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

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## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## **5070 CHEMISTRY**

5070/21

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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**A1** (a) 
$$J/NH_4^+(aq) + OH^-(aq) \rightarrow H_2O(I) + NH_3(g)$$

**(b) B** / Ba<sup>2+</sup>(aq) + 
$$SO_4^{2-}$$
(aq)  $\rightarrow$  BaSO<sub>4</sub>(s)

(c) 
$$E / Cu^{2+}(aq) + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu(s)$$
 [1]

(d) 
$$H/H^{+}(aq) + OH^{-}(aq) \rightarrow H_{2}O(I)$$
 [1]

(e) K / 
$$4OH^{-}(aq) \rightarrow O_{2}(g) + 2H_{2}O(l) + 4e^{-}$$
 [1]

[Total: 5]

**A2** (a)  $2H_2S + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O + 2SO_2$  (1) [1]

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{1000} \times 100$$
 (1) = 0.1 (1) [2]

- (d) (i) Volume decreases (1)
  Smaller space between the particles / particles are closer together (1) [2]
  - (ii) Volume increases (1)
    Idea that particles have more energy **and** spread out (1) [2]

[Total: 11]

- A3 (a) Initially zinc carbonate is cold so a low speed of reaction/at start zinc carbonate is not hot enough to decompose (1) [1]
  - (b) First time when the line is horizontal (1)

    ALLOW explanation written on the graph

    [1]

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Page 3		ge s	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014	5070	OB.
	(c)	Page 3  Mark Scheme  GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014  5070  C) Graph starts at the origin and ends at the same volume (1) Graph has same shape as original but always to the left and does not go above the final volume (1) Reaction is faster (1) Particles have more energy/more successful collisions/more energetic collisions/more fruitful collisions/more effective collisions/more particles have energy above the activation energy (1)			
	(d)	than 60 ( Idea that	any time greater than 70 and less than 360 <b>and</b> F (1) t the time is linked to position of metal in the read active the metal the longer the time (1)		
<b>A4</b>	(a)		electrode: $2O^{2-} \rightarrow O_2 + 4e^- (1)$ e electrode: $Al^{3+} + 3e^- \rightarrow Al (1)$		[2]
	(b)	The laye	yer of aluminium oxide on the surface (1) er stops water getting to the surface/layer will not l the layer will not flake off/layer is non-porous/layer		[2]
	(c)	easily/m	fum is more reactive (than iron)/magnesium nagnesium is above iron in the reactivity series (1) fum reacts instead of iron (1)	is oxidised more	[2]
	(d)	Use of su Filter mix	xcess aluminium oxide (1) ulfuric acid (1) xture (to get filtrate) (1) te some of solution and allow to crystallise/leav se (1)	re in warm place to	[4] [Total: 10]
<b>A</b> 5	(a)	Award 1	dot-and-cross' diagram (2) mark for two shared pairs of electrons between hydrogen bond shown as a shared pair of electrons	carbon atoms/each	n [2]
	(b)	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> +	$H_2O \rightarrow C_2H_5OH (1)$		
	. ,	Any two High tem High pres	•		[3] <b>[Total: 5]</b>
					[. 500. 0]

D	- A	Mark Cahama	Cyllohua
Pä	age 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014	5070
A6 A	copper(I	I) carbonate (1)	Cambridge
В	carbon d	lioxide (1)	Sie Con
С	copper(I	I) sulfate (1)	

- **A6** A copper(II) carbonate (1)
  - carbon dioxide (1) В
  - copper(II) sulfate (1)
  - copper(II) hydroxide (1)
  - magnesium sulfate (1) Ε
  - copper (1) [6]

[Total: 6]

- [1] **B7** (a) Has only single bonds/has no double bonds (1)
  - **(b)** CH<sub>2</sub> (1) [1]
  - (c) Any one of

(1)

[1]

Page 5			Mark Scheme				Syllabus	*D	
		GC	E O LEVEL		ıne 2014		5070	Bo	
(d)		Corr Bala	$_3$ + 6O <sub>2</sub> $\rightarrow$ ect reactants ncing (1) es of C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> =	and produ	icts (1)	or working o	r correct a	nswer)	ww. Papa Cambride
	(,		rgy = 67 550	<b>-</b> '	., (	3. Working 0		,	[2]
	(iii)	Bond	d breaking a d making rel e energy is r	eases ener	gy/bond r	naking is ex		` '	[3]
									[Total: 10]
B8 (a)	mix	ture (	1)					m an equilib	
(b)	) Hyd Pop		n (1) h a lighted s	olint (1)					[2]
(c)	) Mg(	(CH <sub>3</sub> C	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> )	<sub>2</sub> /(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	Mg (1)			[1]
(d)		H -C - H	O H -C — O —C - H	Н —С—н Н	(1)				[1]
(e)	Mol		acid = mole				working o	r correct ans	wer)
			CÒ₂H/propa	noic acid/p	ropionic a	icid (1)			[4]
									[Total: 10]
B9 (a)	bec cro	ause wded	/more partic	les per unit	volume (	1)		rticles are in frequency (	
(b)	Bed					ause heat i	s released	d (in the for	ward

[2]

reaction) (1)

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- (c) (i) Moles of  $CO_2 = \frac{220}{44} = 5$  (1) (mark for working or correct answer) Mass of methane = 80 (1)
  - (ii) 57.5 (1)

T1

(d) (i) No effect/does not change (1)

[1]

(ii) Speed increases (1)
Activation energy is lowered/reaction follows a different pathway (1)

[2]

[Total: 10]

B10(a) (i)

symbol	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons
<sup>223</sup> <sub>87</sub> Fr	87	87	136
<sup>225</sup> <sub>87</sub> Fr	87	87	138

Correct symbol (1)

Correct numbers of electrons (1)

[2]

(ii)  $2Fr + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2FrOH + H_2(1)$ 

[1]

(c) (i) Francium atom loses one electron to make a francium ion (1)
Oxygen atom gains two electrons to make an oxide ion (1)

[2]

(ii) Any two from

High melting point (1)

Does not conduct electricity as a solid (1)

Conducts electricity as a molten liquid (1)

Soluble in water (1)

[2]

(d) Positive ions in regular layers (2 layers is the minimum required in a diagram) (1) Electrons shown interspersed between the particles shown (1)

Note: Marks can be awarded from correct description in writing or from a labelled diagram.

Electrons can move/delocalised electrons/free electrons (1)

[3]

[Total: 10]