

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## **5070 CHEMISTRY**

5070/31

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	<u> </u>	ge 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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1	(a)	Titration				[12]
		Accuracy	<u>/</u>	8 marks		
		For the tw 4 ma 2 ma 1 ma	wo bes arks for arks for ark for a	t titres give: a value within 0.2 cm <sup>3</sup> of Supervisor a value within 0.3 cm <sup>3</sup> of Supervisor a value within 0.4 cm <sup>3</sup> of Supervisor		
		Concorda	ance	3 marks		
		Give: 3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 cm <sup>3</sup> 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm <sup>3</sup> 1 mark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm <sup>3</sup>				
		<u>Average</u>		1 mark		
		Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average (error not greater than 0.05) of all his ticked values.				
	Ass	suming a 2	25 cm <sup>3</sup>	pipette and a titre of 24.8 cm <sup>3</sup> .		
	(b)	concentra	ation o	f ethanedioic acid in <b>P</b>		[2]
		$=\frac{25.0\times0}{24.83}$	0.15 ×2 (1	)		
		= 0.0756	(1)			
		Answers	should	I be correct to + or – 1 in the third significant	figure.	
	(c)	concentr	ation o	f ethanedioic acid in <b>P</b> in g/dm <sup>3</sup>		[1]
		= 0.0756	× 90 (	1)		
		= 6.80				
	(d)	mass of	water i	ng		[1]
		= 9.45 –	6.80 (1	)		
		= 2.65				

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(e) the value of x

mole H<sub>2</sub>O = 
$$\frac{2.65}{18}$$
  
= 0.147  
 $\mathbf{x} = \frac{0.147}{0.0756}$ 

= 1.94 or 2

Shows the working to obtain value of **x** (1)

The value of **x** 

i.e. the correct arithmetical answer or the nearest whole number (1)

[Total: 18]

[2]

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2 R is potassium iodide

**S** is hydrogen peroxide

Test		Notes				
<b>Genera</b> For ppt Allow so	<b>General points</b> For ppt Allow solid, suspension, powder					
For gas Name o Efferves	For gases Name of gas requires test to be at least partially correct. Effervesces = bubbles = gas vigorously evolved but not gas evolved					
Solutior Colourle	Solutions Colourless not equivalent to clear, clear not equivalent to colourless					
Solution	R					
Test 1						
(a)	yellow ppt (1)	accept pale yellow				
(b)	insoluble in acid (1)					
Test 2						
red/brov	vn solution (1)					
Test 3						
(a)	turns brown (1)	accept black				
	solid formed (1)					
(b)	turns green (1)					
	solid disappears (1)					

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Test 4						
(a)	yellow/red/brown solution		(1)			
(b)	black solid		(1)	allow dark brow	wn solid	
Test 5						
(a)	yellow solution		(1)	allow brown		
(b)	red-bro	wn ppt	(1)			
	insolubl	le in excess	(1)			
	bubbles	3	(1)			
	gas reli	ghts a glowing splint	(1)			
	oxygen		(1)			
Test 6	Test 6					
purple o	colour los	st	(1)	turns colourles	s/decolourised	
bubbles	bubbles					
oxygen			(1)			
Test 7	Test 7					
(a)	) no reaction		(1)			
(b)	bubbles	3	(1)			
	oxygen		(1)			
	liquid turns blue					

## Conclusions

The anion in **R** is iodide or I<sup>-</sup> (in Test 1 yellow ppt remains in acid) (1) **S** is acting as an oxidising agent (in Test 5 yellow solution or red-brown ppt) (1)

**S** is acting as a reducing agent (in Test 6 indication purple colour lost) (1)

Note: 25 marking points, maximum 22.

[Total: 22]