MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

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for the guidance of teachers

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Pa	ge 2			me: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper			
			GCE O LE	VEL ·	- October/November 2011	5070	32			
1	(a)	Titration	l				[12]			
		Accuracy	<u>/</u> 8 marks	S						
		For the t	wo best titres giv	/e:						
					0.2 cm ³ of supervisor					
		2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm ³ of supervisor 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm ³ of supervisor								
		Concordance 3 marks								
		Give: 3 ma								
			arks if all the tick ark if all the ticke							
		<u>Average</u>	1 mark							
				date	calculates a correct averag	e (error not greater tl	nan 0.05) of all			
		his ticked	d values.							
	Ass	suming a 2	25 cm ³ pipette ar	nd a t	itre of 20.2 cm ³ .					
	(b)	concentr	ation of hydroch	loric a	acid in P		[2]			
		25×0	05×2							
		=1000000000000000000000000000000000000	$\frac{05 \times 2}{2}$ (1)							
		0.404								
		= 0.124 ((1)							
		Answers	should be corre	ect to	+ or – 1 in the third significa	ant figure.				
	(c)	concentr	ation of hydroch	loric a	acid in scale remover		[1]			
		= 0.124 ;	× 10 (1)							
		= 1.24								
		Answer f	rom (b) × 10							
	(d)	mass of	calcium carbona	nto roi	moved		[1]			
	(4)	11111111			lioved		[']			
		$=\frac{1.24\times}{1}$	$\frac{100 \times 2}{2}$ (1)							
		= 124	-							
		Answer × 100.	from (c) must b	pe pr	ocessed properly i.e. there	e must be working e	vident not just			
		× 100.								

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2 R is manganese (IV) oxide, **S** is manganese(II) chloride, **T** is potassium manganate(VII)

Test			Notes				
Genera For ppt allow so	l points lid, suspension, powder						
For gases Name of gas requires test to be at least partially correct. Effervesces = bubbles = gas vigorously evolved but not gas evolved							
	Solutions Colourless not equivalent to clear, clear not equivalent to colourless						
Solution	R						
Test 1							
reliq	ervescence ghts a glowing splint gen	(1) (1) (1)					
Test 2							
yell	ow or brown liquid	(1)					
Test 3							
(a)	filtrate is yellow	(1)					
(b)	red-brown or brown precipitate insoluble in excess	(1) (1) (1)					
Test 4							
(a)	no reaction	(1)					
(b)	white ppt	(1)					
Test 5							
(a)	white, yellow or brown precipitate insoluble in excess colour darkens	(1) (1) (1) (1)	this mark is awarded for noting the darkening of the colour in either (a) or (b)				
(b)	dark (or black) brown solid effervescence relights a glowing splint oxygen	(1) (1) (1) (1)					

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Test 6				
turns colourle effervescence	ss or decolourised	(1) (1)		
Test 7				
(a) filtrate is g	green	(1)		
(b) filtrate tur	ns pink, red or purple	(1)		

Conclusions

The anion in **S** is chloride or Cl⁻ (white ppt in **test 4(b)**) (1) **R** is acting as an oxidising agent (**test 2** correct or **test 3(a)** yellow or **3(b)** brown) (1) **T** is acting as an oxidising agent (decolourised or effervescence in **test 6**) (1)

Note: 25 marking points, maximum 24.