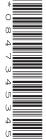


Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge O Level	Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge Ordinary Level	MMM, Papa Cambridge, Com
CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER



BUSINESS STUDIES

7115/11

Paper 1

October/November 2014

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

The businesses described in this paper are entirely fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



www.PapaCambridge.com 1 Lu is a sole trader. He manages a bakery shop making and selling bread and cakes. 4 workers all of whom are paid on time rate. Lu wants to expand the business by buy shop and using it as a café (restaurant). He also wants to make a wider range of cakes, wedding and birthday cakes, for which he thinks there is a demand. At present the business all of the bread and cakes it makes.

(a)	What is meant by a 'sole trader'?	
(b)	Identify two methods Lu could use for paying employees (other than time rate).	[—]
	Method 1:	
	Method 2:	[2]
(c)	Identify and explain two suitable sources of finance Lu could use to buy a new shop.	
	Source 1:	
	Explanation:	
	Source 2:	
	Explanation:	
		[4]

(u)	identify and explain two methods of promotion that Lu could use for the new range
	Method 1:
	Explanation:
	Method 2:
	Explanation:
	[6]
(e)	Do you think that Lu's business will be more profitable if he expands it by opening a café in a new shop? Justify your answer.
	[6]

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www.PapaCambridge.com 2 Rakesh manages a car repair business in country Y. He buys cars that are damaged missing. Rakesh adds value by repairing these cars until they look like new ones. He 5 workers to do the repairs. The business holds a large stock of car parts and Rakesh alway cash for these. However Rakesh's sales are usually on credit.

Table 1: Some information for a typical trading week

Cars bought by Rakesh	6
Average cost of each car	\$2000
Average cost of parts used per car	\$500
Weekly wages per employee	\$1000
Weekly fixed costs	\$4000
Average price per car sold	\$5000
Number of cars sold	6

(a)	What is meant by 'fixed costs'?	
		[2]
(b)	What is meant by 'Rakesh adds value'?	
		[2]
(c)	Calculate the weekly net profit of the business.	
		[4]

www.PapaCambridge.com (d) Identify and explain two reasons why the weekly net profit may not be the same a net cash flow for Rakesh's business. Reason 1: Explanation: Reason 2: Explanation: (e) Country Y's economy is in a recession. Do you think that this will make Rakesh's business less successful? Justify your answer.

© UCLES 2014 [Turn over Natural Care is a company that makes soap. The business always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers. It uses a cost plus pricing measurements always acts in an ethical was fair trade principles by paying fair prices to its suppliers.

Table 2

	Natural Care	Market share of
Year	sales (\$m)	Natural Care (%)
2012	40	10
2014	44	7

The Marketing Director of Natural Care wants to introduce a new competitive pricing strategy to help regain market share. She also wants the Board of Directors to think about changing its ethical policy.

(a)	Calculate the total market sales of soap in 2012.
	[2]
(b)	Identify two possible reasons why Natural Care's market share fell in 2014.
	Reason 1:
	Reason 2:
	[2]
(c)	Identify and explain two advantages to Natural Care of acting in an ethical way by paying fair prices to its suppliers.
	Advantage 1:
	Explanation:
	Advantage 2:
	Explanation:
	F A 1

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(d)	Identify and explain two ways in which Natural Care might be affected by competitive pricing strategy. Way 1:
	Way 1:
	······································
	Explanation:
	Way 2:
	Explanation:
	[6]
(e)	Do you think that customers of products such as soap always benefit from an increase in competition? Justify your answer.

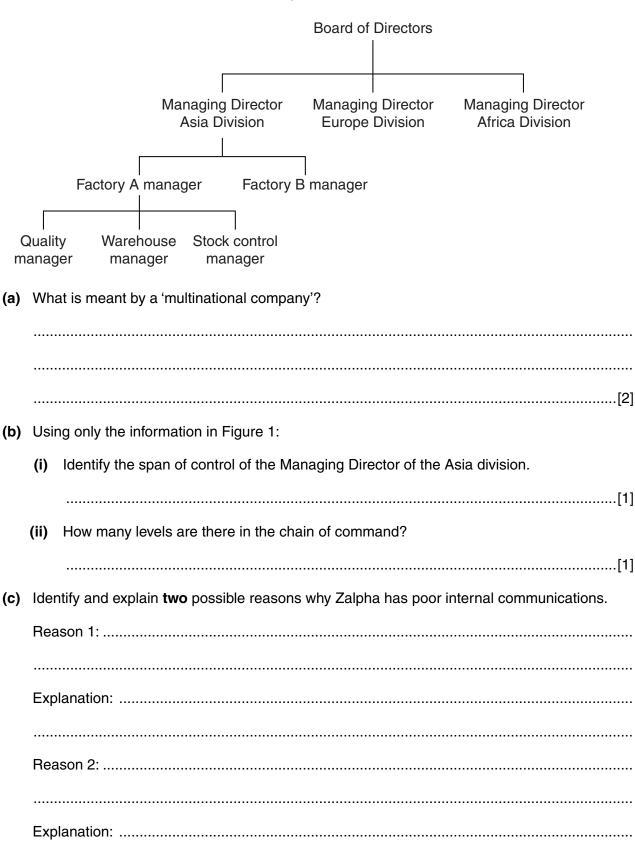
1	larg they	nel manufactures clothes. The company uses an autocratic style of management. e number of workers and pays low wages. Many employees leave the company each are easily replaced. Working conditions in the factories are poor. Health and safety is a long hours are worked. Employee motivation is low and employee productivity is falling.
	(a)	What is meant by an 'autocratic style of management'?
		[2]
	(b)	Identify two possible reasons why Genel ignores health and safety in its factory.
		Reason 1:
		Reason 2:
		[2]
	(c)	Identify and explain two ways in which Genel would benefit from a more motivated workforce.
		Way 1:
		Explanation:
		Wov 0
		Way 2:
		Explanation:

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(d)	Identify and explain two ways that Genel could use to improve employee productions. Way 1:
	Way 1:
	Explanation:
	Way 2:
	Explanation:
(e)	Do you think Governments should introduce laws to protect employees' interests in businesses
	such as Genel? Justify your answer.

Zalpha is a multinational company. It manufactures agricultural machinery and empounded in the second of people. Figure 1 shows a simplified organisation chart for the business. The decision making is centralised and some employees complain of poor communications will company.

Figure 1



(d)	Identify and explain two advantages to Zalpha of using centralised decision make
	Identify and explain two advantages to Zalpha of using centralised decision mak. Advantage 1:
	Explanation:
	Advantage 2:
	Explanation:
	[6]
(e)	Do you think that multinational companies such as Zalpha benefit the countries in which they operate? Justify your answer.
	[6]

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