

## Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2008

**GCE** 

GCE O Level Biology

7040/01



## 7040 / 01 Paper 1 Mark Scheme - June 2008

Question	Answer				Mark	
Number 1						
1	Characteristic		Type of organism			
		Bacteria	Plant	Fungi	Animal	
	Are multicellular	never	always	sometimes	always:	
	Contain chloroplasts	sometimes	always	never	never;	
	Have cell walls	always	always	always	never;	
	Are able to move from one place to another	sometimes	never	never	sometimes	<b>;</b> ;
	· •	Lactobacillus /eq.;	Maize / eq;	yeast Huma eq;	n/ (7)	

## (Total 7 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2		
	Water;	
	Plasma;	
	Lower/smaller/eq;	
	Pituitary;	
	Collecting duct;	
	Less;	
	More/greater/eq;	
	Less/reduced/dilute/eq;	
		(8)

(Total 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)	dominant allele is always expressed /eq; recessive allele is hidden (in heterozygote) / only expressed in homozygote/eq;	(2)

Question Number	Answer			Mark
3(b)(i)				
		Father	Mother	
	Genotype of parents	Aa	aa;	
	Gametes	A or a	а;	
	Genotypes of children	Aa	aa;	
	Phenotypes of children	Achondroplasic /eq	normal height /eq;	
				(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)(ii)	50% chance of producing Achondroplasic baby / 50% chance of having normal child; can have embryo testing / cv screening / amniocentesis / genetic test/eq;	Max(2)

(Total 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)	(movement of) water; dilute solution to a more concentrated solution / eq; partially permeable membrane / eq;	
		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(i)	water leaves; lower conc. of solution inside red cells / eq; cells shrink/become spiky / crenate /eq;	Max (2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(ii)	cells burst /eq;	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(b)(iii)		
	same conc. of solution inside and outside red cells /	
	isotonic /eq;	
	no osmosis / movement of water / eq;	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(c)	(3% sodium chloride) water exits/eq; plasmolyse /flaccid/ membrane moves away from cell wall; maintains shape/eq;	
	(distilled water) water enters/eq; turgid / swells / not burst; cell wall;	Any 4 (4)

## (Total 12 marks)

Mark			Answer	Question Number
				5
	Order	Function	Name of part	
	2;	Chambers of heart whose contractions produce the pressures that drive blood through the pulmonary and systemic system and back to the heart	Ventricles;	
	3;	Tubes that carry blood to various organs at high pressure.	Arteries;	
	5;	Small tubes that allow exchange of materials between blood and tissues	Capillaries;	
	6	Small vessels that take the blood from capillaries.	Venules	
	7	Tubes that take blood back to the heart at low pressure.	Veins;	
	1	Chambers of heart through which blood flows from veins to ventricles	Atria;	
(7)	4;	Major sites of resistance to flow; responsible for the pattern of blood flow to the various organs.	Arterioles	
•	·	Chambers of heart through which blood flows from veins to ventricles  Major sites of resistance to flow; responsible for the pattern of blood		

(Total 7 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(a)		
	Carbon / C;	
	Hydrogen / H;	
	Oxygen / O;	
	Notes Minus 1 mark for each additional incorrect element	
		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)	Benedict's / eq; heat; red / orange / green;	(3)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(c)		
	haemoglobin ;	
	red blood cell / prevent anaemia;	
	oxygen transport / eq;	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(d)(i)	for respiration; for energy; movement / active transport/ muscle contraction / converted to glycogen/ fat /eq;	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(d)(ii)		
	prevent blood sugar dropping/eq;	
	stop feeling tired / maintain concentration/ eq;	
	provide energy;	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer			Mark
7(a)(i)	1 mark for each answer p	laced in the correct bo	Х.	
	Feature	Flowering plant	Human	
	Name of specialised organ involved	Leaf	lungs;	
	Process by which gas enters the organ	diffusion;	ventilation / breathing / inhalation / inspiration;	
	Structures that provide a large surface area	leaf / palisade / spongy / mesophyll / stomata;	alveoli;	
	Location of moist surface membrane	mesophyll / spongy / palisade/ cells;	alveoli;	
				(7)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(a)(ii)		
	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub> ; oxygen/ O <sub>2</sub> ; water / H <sub>2</sub> O;	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(b)		
	flat/thin/eq;	
	(relatively) high SA ;	
	High SA / Vol ratio ( = 2 marks );;	
	diffusion ;	
	no cell far from the surface (of organism);	
	not very active (so less need for exchange);	
		Max (4)

(Total 13 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(i)		
	Sand eel;	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(ii)		
	Sunlight / sun / light;	
		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(b)	Diagram to include: shape; 5 boxes names in order;	
		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8(c)	energy lost / not all / only 10 % / reaches next level/eq; movement / excretion/egestion /uneaten/eq; respiration occurs; too little energy left at top;	
		(3)

(Total 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(a)	pollution; can harm other organisms / ecosystem; affect or alter food chain / food web /eq.; bioaccumulation / eq.; toxic to humans / eq.;	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9(b)(i)	using an organism/ predator/ eq; to kill pest / feed on / eat / remove /eq;	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
9(b)(ii)		
	suitable pest e.g. greenfly and named predator e.g. ladybird;	
		(1)

(Total 5 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
10(a)		
	transfer of pollen /eq;	
	anther to the stigma;	
	different flower/different plant / eq;	
		Max (2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(b)(i)	anthers lower in pin/anthers higher in thrum /eq; stigma higher in pin / style longer /eq.; R stigma longer/ tall	
	K Stigina longer/ tall	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
10(b)(ii)		
	Insect picks up pollen / eq;	
	from anthers at top of thrum / anthers low in	
	pin;	
	deposit pollen on stigma at top of pin / low in	
	thrum;	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
10(b)(iii)		
	allows for exchange of alleles / genetic material /eq.; increases variation / eq.; reduces chance of harmful gene combinations/eq; enables plant to evolve / improve / change /adapt /eq.;	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
10(c)(i)		
	anthers higher than pin / eq;	
	stigma higher than thrum / longer style eq;	
	anthers and stigma are at same height; ONCE	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(c)(ii)	self-pollination / described;	
		(1)

(Total 11 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
11(a)(i)		
	gravity; light / sunlight / sun;	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
11(a)(ii)		
	Positive / +ve / towards; phototropic / phototropism / light / sun / sunlight;	
	negative/ -ve / away from / against/ upwards; gravitropic / geotropic / gravity;	
		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(b)	growth response / muscle contraction; chemical/auxin/eq. electrical / impulse; diffusion / neurones /nerves / nervous;	(3)

(Total 9 marks)

(Total for paper: 100 marks)