CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Pa	ge 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22
1	(a)	(i)	vein	;		[1]
		(ii)	<u>valv</u>	<u>e;</u>		[1]
	(b)	a va	alve s	shown with flaps touching;		
		ves	sel w	videst at correct side of valve + walls shown both be	efore and after valve	; [2]
	(c)	(ve	in) en	npty / no blood flowing through;		
		blo	od ha	as been pushed out of (vein);		
		* bl	ood c	cannot flow back (due to valve / from B);		
		* fir	nger o	on the right / at D + prevents blood flowing;		
		wal	ls of v	vein thin thus not visible beneath skin <b>AW</b> ;		[max 4]
	(d)	mu	scle +	+ contraction(s);		
		incr	ease	blood pressure;		
		incr	ease	es circulation / blood flow / helps fill (vein) with blood	1;	[2]
						[Total 10]

	Ра	ge 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22
2	(a)	dan	nage	/ breaks <b>AW</b> (cells / tuber);		
		ref.	cell v	vall / membrane;		
		rele	easing	g (cell) contents / starch;		
		kills	cells	s / denatures enzymes / stops metabolic reactions;		[max 2]
	(b)	am	ylase	/ carbohydrase;		
		dige	ests /	breaks down / hydrolyses + starch;		
		(to)	malte	<u>ose;</u>		[3]
	(c)	(i)	ferm	entation / anaerobic respiration;		[1]
				hand side of equation ose / C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub> ;		
				t hand side of equation H₅OH + 2CO₂ / alcohol/ethanol + carbon dioxide;		[2]
		(ii)	fung	us / yeast ;		[1]
	(d)	yea	st (ce	ells) + reproduce / increase in number / multiply;		
		(se	dimer	nt contains) yeast (cells) / bacteria / chewed tuber A	W	
		yea	st (ce	ells) dead + sugar / food used up / alcohol is toxic Al	<b>N</b> ;	[max 2]
						[Total 11]

	Pa	Page 4				Mar	k Schem	е		Syllab	ous	Paper
				GC	CE O LE	VEL – C	October/N	lovember	2013	509	0	22
3	(a)	(i)	(cell	4) - ro	ot <u>hair;</u>							
			(cell	5) - sp	perm(ato	zoon)/	male garr	nete;				[2]
		(ii)	(root	hair)	increase	es surfac	e area;					
			(for)	absor	ption / n	novemen	nt (A corre	ect named	method o	of molecula	ar trans	port) into <b>AW</b> ;
			mine	erals /	ions / sa	alts (or na	amed);					
			wate	er;								
			oxyg	en;								
			(cell	wall) (	gives me	echanica	ll support	/ allows tu	irgor;			[max 3]
	(b)	cell	1 (RE	BC)	– <b>F</b> ;							
		cell	2 (W	BC)	– <b>K</b> ;							
		cell	3 (ра	lisade	e) — <b>G</b> ;							
		cell	5 (sp	erm)	— <b>J</b> ;							
		cell	6 (sp	ongy)	<b>− H</b> ;							[5]

[Total 10]

	Pa	ge 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper			
			GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22			
4	(a)	for photosynthesis / to make food/carbohydrate/starch/ glucose/sugar;						
	(b)	* limited	nitrates / nitrates not topped up;					
		limited p	rotein production;					
		* limited	magnesium + for chlorophyll;					
		limited ca	arbon dioxide ;					
		limited p	hotosynthesis / limited production of food/ carbohyd	rate/starch/glucos	se/sugar;			
		limited s	pace / volume / area;		[max 3]			
	(c)	ref. respi	iration + photosynthesis (occurring in jar);					
		respiratio	on + releases CO <sub>2</sub> ;					
		CO <sub>2</sub> + us	sed for photosynthesis;					
		photosyr	nthesis + releases O <sub>2</sub> ;					
		O <sub>2</sub> + use	ed for respiration;					
		ref. micro	oorganisms / bacteria / fungi / decomposers + in soi	il;	[max 4]			
	(d)	water fro	om leaves/transpiration <b>AW</b> / water from soil evapora	ates;				
		respiratio	on + produces/releases water;					
		*returned	d to soil / condenses;					
		*absorbe	ed <b>AW /</b> used by plants;		[max 3]			
					[Total 11]			

	Pa	ge 6	Mark Schei	ne	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – October	November 2013	5090	22
5	(a)	food	veb / food chain / ecosystem / co	nmunity;		[1]
	(b)	natu	al selection;			
		white	animals better suited to environm	ent <b>AW</b> ;		
		white	not removed/eaten / black remov	ed/eaten <b>AW</b> ;		
		(mor	) white reproduce / (less) black re	produce;		
		ref. a	lele / gene + inherited / passed o	ι;		
		white	become more common / black be	come less common;		[max 3]
	(c)	(i)	ene mutation;			
			hromosome mutation;			
			odominance;			[max 2]
		(ii)	etter adapted (to new condition) /	example of better ada	aptation;	
			rotection against hawk/predator /	less eaten;		[max 2]
						[Total 8]

	Page 7		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22
6 (	(a) <u>loss of</u>		rater;		
		involves	evaporation / as vapour;		
		to the atr	mosphere / surroundings;		
		cooling e	effect;		
		through p	pores <b>AW</b> ;		
		in <u>epider</u>	<u>mis;</u>		
		both affe	ected by temp / humidity / wind (speed);		[max 3]
(	(b)	(Accept r	reverse arguments where relevant)		
,	,		n animals;		
			ref. (loss of) urea / ions / salts / minerals;		
		-	ervous control;		
			eostasis / determined by body temperature;		
		(sweat) g	glands / ducts;		
		sweat ex	tracted from blood;		
		(from) sk	kin;		
		transpira	tion from leaves / stems;		
		(helps to	) bring ions up stem/xylem / to leaves/cells;		
		(helps to	) bring water up stem/xylem / to leaves/cells;		
		consequ	ence of stomata open for photosynthesis;		[max 7]
					[Total 10]

Pag	ge 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22
(a)	CO <sub>2</sub> / wa	ter;		
	from bod	y <b>AW</b> ;		
	waste pr	oduct / toxic material;		
	respiratio	on;		
	metaboli	c (process);		[max 3]
(b)	<u>homeost</u>	asis / osmoregulation;		
	salts / ior	ns / minerals / urea;		
	water;			
	<u>from</u> bloc	od;		
	ref. reab	sorption into blood;		
	in varying	g quantities / excess;		
	dependir	ng on food/water intake;		
	and on lo	oss in sweating;		
	<u>tissue flu</u>	id therefore at constant concentration;		
	water wo	uld otherwise enter or leave cells;		
	osmosis	/ diffusion;		
	effect on	cell appearance (e.g. swell / burst / shrink);		
	affect on	enzyme action / metabolism;		[max 7]
				[Total 10]

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22

8 (a) contains female gamete / female nucleus / egg cell;

in ovary;

fertilized / fuse;

(by the) male gamete / male nucleus;

(to form) zygote / embryo;

surrounded by integuments/testa;

seed + germinates (to form new plant);

(b) produces haploid;

ovum / egg;

fertilization + ref. zygote/embryo;

oestrogen;

progesterone;

*any two* functions of oestrogen (e.g. devpt. of sex organs / secondary sexual characteristics / thickening of uterus lining / stimulates production of LH);;

any two function of progesterone (maintains uterus lining / inhibits FSH / inhibits LH AW);;

[max 6]

[Total 10]

[max 4]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5090	22

9 (a) screening blood;

being HIV tested / contact tracing;

avoidance of needle/syringe sharing;

needle exchange schemes / sterilising needles;

condoms / femidoms;

limited partners / no intercourse with prostitutes (who may have multiple partners);

abstinence;

ref. education (about how HIV is spread);

take drugs / follow treatment prescribed (to prevent spread within body); [max 4]

(b) mosquito (vector);

removal of breeding ground AW ...

drain swamps / prevent stagnation of water AW;

kills eggs / larvae / pupae ...

+

any two of add insecticide to water / oil on water / put fish/bacteria into ponds;;

bite prevention ...

any two of sleep under nets / screens on windows / wear long-sleeved clothes / insect repellent;;

discourage (mosquito) ...

+

any two of insect repellent / paint walls white / wear light clothing;;

insecticide/pesticide / coils in houses + to kill;

release irradiated males + infertile eggs laid ;

[max 6]

[Total 10]