CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/21

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2012	5090	21
1	(a)	(i)	В	<u>kidney;</u> <u>ureter;</u> <u>urethra;</u>		[3]
		(ii)		storage AW + <u>urine;</u>		[0]
		()	U	alonago / W · <u>anno</u> ,		[']
	(b)	(i)		w shown leaving <u>plasma;</u> w from moisture to alveolar air;		
				e arrow covering the entire journey = 1 mark		[2]
		(ii)	rem was	oval + from body / organism; te:		
				espiration / metabolism;		[3]
	(c)		-	ed / broken down <b>AW</b> ;		
		-	iver; ducts	s removed / reabsorbed;		[max 2]
						[Total: 11]
2	(a)	(i)	mea	asure AW of;		
	. ,	.,	acid	lity / alkalinity (A H $^{+}$ concentration);		[2]
		(ii)	48 -	- 52 + (arbitrary) units / %;		[1]
		(iii)	opti	<u>nach;</u> mum AW pH of the enzyme is (approx) 2; 		[1]
			acid due	lic; to HC <i>l;</i>		[max 2]
	(b)	in li	ver:			
	( )	glu	cose; lycog			
				examples muscle / aa / protein; skin / glyc + f.a. / fat	t etc	[3]
						[Total: 9]
3	(a)			19 – 21% + 14 – 16%; dioxide 0.03 – 0.045% + 3 – 4.5%;		[2]
	(b)	(i)	relea from for c lacti	robic) respiration; ase energy; n glucose; contraction; ic acid +ref. oxygen debt <b>AW</b> ; roduce AW energy		
				ve AW;		[max 3]

Page 3			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2012	5090	21
			less (prod	erobic (respiration); energy released; duces) lactic acid; scle) becomes fatigued / tired / ref. cramp / pain;		[max 2]
	(c)	modi more more	ified e (eff e effi	eathing mechanism / deeper breathing; I lung structure or described; ficient) haemoglobin; icient blood supply to organs / tissues or e.g.; larger d blood cells;	heart;	
		faste	er he	eart rate / faster circulation of blood;		[max 3]
						[Total: 10]
4	(a)	both <b>A</b> wo	box ord o	ht sides of equation correct; tes correct (chlorophyll + light); or balanced equations ure of words / symbols		[2]
	(b)	.,		er; n / shoot / plant / stomata* / lenticels*; ny reasonable named plant part		[2]
			phot inter <u>diffu</u> throu Allov	m) chloroplasts / chlorophyll; tosynthesis (occurs); rcellular spaces <b>AW;</b> <u>ises;</u> ugh gaps / holes / stoma* lenticels*; w 2 max for answers explaining how oxygen in soln. ow once only	in water forms b	ubbles on stem [max 3]
	(c)	provi neec remo	ision ded f ove c	olved oxygen in water; n of oxygen + through photosynthesis; for respiration; carbon dioxide;		
		anim	nals i	use plants for food / home / shelter from predators et	tc;	[max 3]
						[Total: 10]

Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2012	5090	21
5	separate large cer stores st chloropla	eus per cell in palisade v hypha – coenocytic / sever e cells each with wall v not separate cells; htral vacuole v several small vacuoles; arch v stores glycogen; asts / chlorophyll present v absent; e made of different materials (chitin for hypha);	al nuclei;	[max 3]
	glucose	→ 2 C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH + 2CO <sub>2</sub> ; / sucrose; → alcohol / ethanol + carbon dioxide; d or chemical equation, 1 mark each side, but if chem	nical, must balance.	[2]
	(c) 25 – 40 <u>°</u>	2 <u>C;</u>		[1]
		<u>piration;</u> naerobic / fermentation		[1]
	and	oxygen has been used (up); no more can enter ; yeast starts to respire anaerobically;		[max 2]
	depl	st has died; letion of substrate or named; biration / fermentation ceases;		[max 1] <b>[Total: 10]</b>
6	contains in solutic not lignif	sucrose / sugar / carbohydrate; amino acids; on / water; ied / is softer <b>AW</b> ; / glucose / mineral ions		[3]
	amino ad less / no less succ less gluc for use in energy u for any r may intro	n respiration; ised; iamed purpose; oduce viruses / disease; to plant <b>AW;</b>		[max 7]
				[Total: 10]

Page 5		Mark Scheme Syllabus		Syllabus	Paper
	•	GCE O LEVEL -	- October/November 2012	5090	21
7 (a)	identical e.g. of w growth / asexual n 2 new ce (meiosis) in gonad to produc any gam sexual re 4 new ce	offspring / clones; here it occurs – plar repair; reproduction; ills produced;	lls;		[max 5]
(b)	(in text o *correct o *the word genotype blood gro	r diagram) parents' g gametes clearly ider d <u>gametes</u> correctly e of offspring (AO + oups of offspring ide		d OÓ or AA and BB;	[max 5] <b>[Total: 10]</b>
8 (a)	lungs + t lower pre	sses through heart t o rest of body; essure in pulmonary ef oxygenated blood			[max 3]
(b)	any two for salts urea; plasma c hormone transport heat; carbon d	or ions / glucose /an or blood proteins or r s; : of blood cells / plate	nino acids / vitamins / fat or fa named; elets;	tty acids + glycerol;;	[max 7] <b>[Total: 10]</b>

Page 6	Page 6 Mark Scheme		Paper
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- 9 (a) (i) \*fusion / union;
   \*male and female nuclei;
   (in) sperms / male gametes + ova / eggs / female gametes;
   oviduct / Fallopian tube;
  - (ii) \*fusion / union;

\*male and female nuclei;
<u>in</u> pollen grain;
delivered by / from pollen tube;
to ovule;
an indication that the ovule is in the ovary (or shown on labelled diagram);
and that female gamete is in the ovule/ovary/embryo sac (or shown on labelled diagram);
accurate ref. to double fertilisation;
\*only credit **once** in either (i) or (ii) fusion / union; male and female nuclei;

Ig ovum (for female gamete)

 (b) fewer or no new alleles / genes; limited variation; limited evolution / limited resistance to changes in the environment; likelihood of appearance of inbred weaknesses AW / no hybrid vigour / decreased fertility AW;

[max 3]

[max 7]

[Total: 10]