# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 5090 BIOLOGY

5090/22
Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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## Abbreviations

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

- ; separates marking points
- $/$ alternatives
- $\mathbf{R}$ reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- AW
- underline
- max
-     + alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual) actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted) indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

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## Section A

1 (a) (i) insulin (A growth hormone / testosterone)
(ii) Even if hormone cannot be made by G.E., all marks still available , organ mark tied to hormone, function marks also tied to hormone
pancreas / Islets of Langerhans (A pituitary / testes )
glucose to glycogen
correct ref. liver / muscles
(NB. this mark alone may be given as a second mark on one line)
enhanced glucose uptake by cells / increased cell permeability
ref. constant blood composition / concentration/reduction of blood glucose
(A any two functions for any other hormone given)
(b) (i) chromosome / chromatid
(ii) gene / allele
(c) (i) sugar (or named) / nitrates (A amino acids) solution / broth / water suitable temperature / pH
ref. oxygen / air (A ref. [an]aerobic)
(- since respiration in yeast may be aerobic or anaerobic)
fermenter / stirring / ref. sterility ( i.e. the mechanics of the process) ; [3 max] (A large / suitable container)
(ii) (A first two on list)
alcohol / ethanol / $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ OR water carbon dioxide $/ \mathrm{CO}_{2}$

2 (a) A 135-145 (inc.) (If range given, must fall within these figures)
(A figure given on graph)
ppm / parts per million
(b) (i) high concentration of nitrates / AW
used to make amino acids / proteins
to make protoplasm rapid / AW + cell division plants not yet fully grown less competition

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(ii) Any one from: high(er) / AW or optimum temperature, more $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, more light, top-up nitrates, remove some water plants, ref. increased rate of photosynthesis,
(c) slower $\mathrm{NO}_{3}$ uptake
by active transport
correct ref. energy ( $\mathbf{R}$ produced / made / manufactured)
slower metabolic rate of plant / proteins manufactured more slowly
slower rate of growth

3 (a) Award one each for constituents.
fibre / roughage
bulk / for muscles to push against AW / prevents constipation /
prevents bowel cancer
peristalsis
water

## prevents dehydration / ref. osmoregulation

medium for enzyme action /digestion /metabolic processes
solvent / transport / sweating
---------------------- (for importance)
vitamin C
(any two from) wound healing, anaemia, bleeding spots
on the skin, loose teeth, bleeding gums, prevents scurvy
vitamin D
uptake / storage + of calcium / phosphorus
healthy bones / teeth / anti-ricketic

Fe
haemoglobin
oxygen carriage / absorption
(Accept other vitamins / ions - 1 for name, 2 for importance ;;; [5 max]
A name of vitamin in 'importance' - In lists, mark first one only,
A 'vitamins' (in the plural, and unspecified) for a mark, but importance must refer to at least two separate functions for one mark.
(b) less (overall) fat content
particularly saturated fat
ref. deposition in blood vessels / atheroma / raised blood pressure heart disease or problem ( $\mathbf{A}$ atherosclerosis)

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(c) correct constituents / AW
in correct proportions
antibodies
non-allergenic
readily available / cheap / correct temperature unlikely to be sterile / uncontaminated (A more hygienic)

4 (a) homeostasis
(b) C - receptor / sensor detecting changes (in temperature) (A even if misidentified)
D - sensory / afferent + neurone / nerve cell or fibre ( $\mathbf{R}$ nerve)
impulses to CNS / brain / spinal cord / (A even if misidentified)
(c) more blood
to capillaries
(vaso)dilate (A with ref. to capillaries or arteri(ol)es)
blood carries heat
more heat lost
lowers body temperature (still) further / hypothermia / AW

5 (a) cytoplasm
(b) (i) Mark the first two structures mentioned.
chloroplast(s)
cell wall
(ii) A all converse points( ref. palisade cell) as long as cell type is clear. no vacuole / no cell sap
one chloroplast only
large chloroplast / ref shape of chloroplast round / spherical shape of cell no tonoplast / vacuolar membrane / AW
cell is entire organism / not part of a tissue ref. position of nucleus
(c) asexual (A no sexual) reproduction (A vegetative reproduction)
binary fission
mitosis
identical ( $\mathbf{R}$ similar) offspring / no variation / clone
no (A limited) natural selection
no (A limited) evolution
no meiosis / no fertilisation / no gametes / only one parent
( R no mutation)
[Total: 50]

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## Section B

6 (a) stoma(ta)
Intercellular / air + space
diffusion (anywhere)
dissolves
mesophyll (cell) / named (any relevant ref.)
chloroplast
*water (as a reactant)
*light / photolysis
photosynthesis
*glucose / starch
( ${ }^{*} \mathbf{A}$ formulae and $\mathbf{A}$ on equation)
(b) changed to sucrose
suitable enzyme reference
in solution
translocated / carried + phloem
from cells (when made) / into cells (when stored)

7 (a) 1 new insects start to eat plants / plants decrease in numbers
2 new insects increase in numbers / reproduction
3 competition with AW established herbivores
4 established herbivores might not find suitable food
5 numbers of established herbivores decline / die
6 knock-on effect on carnivores AW
7 if established herbivores find new food source, remaining producers decrease in numbers
(Further possible impacts on the food web)
8 ref. natural predators (may be no natural predators, or they may achieve a balance with existing natural predators)
new insects may die out - therefore no effect on food web
new insects may introduce diseases
(b) correct ref. ecosystem / ecological balance
(if removed) correct ref. food web / chain
may hold clues for curing disease
may supply drugs / medical or cosmetic preparations
moral or aesthetic argument / prevention of extinction / maintenance of gene
pool / maintains biodiversity / may be of future value

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8E (a) capillaries / blood vessels damaged
bleeding / blood flow
platelets / thrombokinase / prothrombin / thrombin
fibrinogen
fibrin
clotting
scab (or described)
new cell growth
re-establishment of bacteria-proofing / skin re-seals
white blood cells or named
antibodies / antitoxin
phagocytosis or described
(b) bright red in colour / oxygenated blood
blood leaves in spurts / ref pulse in arteries
(Ignore references to pressure)

80 (a) [pre]molar + grinding / [canine]incisor + cutting) / teeth + mechanical digestion ( R chewing)
saliva(ry)
starch to maltose* (A disaccharide, $\mathbf{R}$ sucrose)
amylase*
bolus (or described - A action of tongue / action of mucin)
(b) starch to maltose* [once only in (a) or (b)]
amylase* [once only in (a) or (b)]
maltose to glucose
lipase
fats to fatty acids and glycerol
absorbed by villi
capillaries + glucose / amino acids
lacteals / lymph for fatty acids + glycerol (A fat)
emulsification of fats AW
by bile
ref. to protein digestion

