MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Ра	ge 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllab		Paper
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2009 509	0	02
			Section A		
1	(a)	wiltin	ng/ed / flaccid (R plasmolysed)	;	[1]
	(b)	 	<i>Mark the first, one per line from:</i> low humidity / dry air AW (R 'humidity') wind lack of (available) water / drought <u>high</u> or <u>raised</u> temperature / hot / warm (R warmth, temp. unqualified	; ; ;	[max 2]
		(ii) (<u>e</u> \ 	(A even if condition is inaccurate) <u>evaporation / (evapo) transpiration</u> water loss faster than rate of water uptake AW loss of water from <u>cells</u> (R plant) loss of turgor / flaccidity / ref. pressure AW (R plasmolysed) loss of support (R droop / wilt)	·, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[max 4]
	(c)	(labe (drav	. can score stoma size and labels only) els – in either drawing) <u>guard cell(</u> s) + <u>stoma(</u> ta) wings, must be 2) sausage shaped, touching at top and bottom in bo er stoma in left-hand drawing	; oth ; ;	[3]
2	(a)	1 + ye	 d D d (*) (* = A if correctly deduced from wrong cross) D Dd Dd dd (*) : 2 : 1 (look for link with genotypes) 3 : 1 ellow : grey 	, , , , , , ,	[6]
			ect ref. <u>gametes</u> (A even if qualifying incorrect cross)	,	[6]
	(b)	ref. 1 leave	A e.c.f. for incorrect symbols) I in 4 would be DD es ratio 2 yellow : 1 grey xplanation on diagram – accept on (a) <u>so long as linked</u>)	, , , ,	[3]
3	(a)	k	(<i>in either order – one per line, mark the first</i> .) Any two from : bacteria, fungi, protozoa / protoctists, algae (A named examples from different groups. For one mark max. A sa	;; protroph	[2] s etc.)
			<u>virus</u> 'live' only on living material / host AW / are not living / do not respire (A they do not live there / do not cause decomposition)	- 7 7	[2]
	(b)	-	named ion / breakdown product of protein / fat / carbohydrate (A alcohol / CO ₂) stion / breakdown / decomposition + original substrate (named) (A conversion) (R compost) (A nitrogen fixation)	; ; on)	[2]

Page 3		}	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
				GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2009	5090	02
	(c)	(i)	 (i) respiration (of microorganisms) (R 'of compost') releases energy / heat (A produces heat AW) (R produces, makes etc.) plenty of food / nutrients (or named) (R compost) (for microorganisms) 		; porganisms) ;	[max 2]
		(ii)	ref. f	erent microoganisms (thrive at different temperatures) to link between temperature and enzyme action <i>two from</i> :	, ,	
				effect of pH, lack of food, build-up of waste products, c (R compost)	ompetition ;;	[max 2]
4	(a)	(i)	urete	<u>er</u> (accurate spelling)	;	[1]
		(ii)	wav	e like / rhythmic AW	-	
		. ,	cont	raction of muscles (if named must be circular)	•	
				hes urine (or description of) (R urea alone)	,	[
			to <u>bl</u>	ladder	•	[max 3]
	(b)	ren				
	. ,	C h	as th	inner walls (or described) than D (o. r. a.)	•	
		C h	as wi	ider (lumen AW) than D (o. r. a.)	• ,	[3]
	(c)	()//2				
	(0)	c) (water lost as) ref. sweat more AW + <u>urea</u> (in urine)				
		blood concentration has to be maintained		, - -		
		mo	re wa	ter (re)absorbed in kidneys / less water in urine / urine	more	
		concentrated			• •	[max 3]
5	(a)	ner	nicillin	or any other named antibiotic		[1]
5	(a)	per			,	[']
	(b)	199	90 to ⁻	1994 (or any figure(s) within those dates)	•	[1]
	(c)	ont				
	(C)	ant ant	, se :			
				c treatment withdrawn too early / did not finish the cours or described	;	
		nev	v vari	eties of bacteria	- ,	
				AW (A tolerant) (R immune)	• •	
		rep	roduc	ction (of resistant strain) / ref. passing on genes	- 3	[max 5]
	(d)	(i)	Anv	<i>two from</i> : no longer cured the disease AW, expensive	(at higher dosage	e).
	()	(-)		e effective treatment available, use different antibiotic	([mov 2]
		(ii)		<i>two from</i> : different antibiotic, barrier nursing, antibacte	erials,	
			gene	eral cleanliness, vaccination, isolation, one OVP		[2]
						[Total: 50]

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	Section B							
6	(a) (i)	a) (i) (fats) carbon / (C) + hydrogen / (H) + oxygen / (O)					;	
	(ii) (proteins) C + H + O + N (ignore other possibilities such as S)(A names)					s S)	,	[2]
	(b) (i)	 (b) (i) (carbohydrates) respiration (or process described) energy + release (A source of, R words that imply production) a named use of energy within the body use for fibre or roughage / for gut peristalsis 			tion)	, , , , ,		
	(ii)	 (ii) (vitamins) e.g. of two named vitamins function / deficiency symptom or disease linked to correct vitamin 			· · · · ·			
	 (iii) (water) solvent medium for (R helps) chemical reactions / enzyme activity transport medium much of (AW) cell / body / blood content is water (needed to replace that) lost in sweat / urine / breath (R simple references to temperature control) 					, , , , , , ,	[max 8]	
		(13					F	Tatal: 401
							L	Total: 10]
7	 (a) C₆H₁₂O₆ / glucose / hexose / monosaccharide / simple sugar (I yeast) 2C₂H₅OH + 2CO₂ / alcohol or ethanol + carbon dioxide (I any refs. to energy) 				yeast)	• • •	[2]	
	(b) (i)	(bre	athing) fast(er)	A 'breathe more' for <i>or</i>	ne mark		,	
		-	p(er) art beat) fast(er)		A 'more'		- , ,	
	for more powerfully / larger stroke volume AW <i>one</i> mark		;					
	(A ref. higher blood pressure) faster circulation of blood supplying <u>more</u> AW oxygen* / compensation for lower O ₂ concentration removing <u>more</u> AW carbon dioxide* [* or in (ii)]				concentration	- - - 7	[max 4]	
	 (ii) (muscles) increased + supplies of glucose (to muscles) increased + work-rate (person) / contraction (muscle) faster + respiration (in muscle cells) more + energy increased supply of O₂ [* or in (i)] increased removal of CO₂ [* or in (i)] 				- 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3			
	delays lactic acid production / removes lactic acid			,	[max 4]			
							[Total: 10]

Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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8E (a)	 (nitrates) reduced (to zero) protein / amino acid manufacture poor / stunted / restricted AW + growth (A no) (magnesium) yellow leaves / chlorosis less / no chlorophyll ; 				
(b)	thin + ref flat / broa (with larg chloropla in mesop epidermi stomata air space by <u>diffus</u> cell surfa	bhyll (or named) s / cuticle + transparent for light entry / pores + gas movement (I water vapour) es + gaseous movement (I water vapour) ion aces + large surface area for CO ₂ entry		[max 7]	
	presence of vein / v.b. / xylem + to bring water /phloem to remove products ;				
				[Total: 10]	
8O(a)	large sur increase water / ic	croscopic or very small face area <u>s / maximum</u> + uptake ons / oxygen absorbed ot with soil water / between soil particles	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	[max 4]	
(b)	water lea water (fil evaporat increase concentr <u>diffusion</u>	ater contents more concentrated aves xylem by osmosis m) on (surfaces of mesophyll) cells ces + air spaces d / high humidity inside leaf ation gradient (or described) stomata / pores	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	[max 6] [Total: 10]	