## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

## 5090 BIOLOGY

5090/02
Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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## Section A

1 (a) (A) plumule
(B) testa/(seed) coat
(b) (i) starch/protein/carbohydrate/fat or oil (R soluble CHO/aa's)
(Do not penalise in (ii) if (i) is blank)
(ii) enzyme/named enzyme (correct for storage product)
digestion/enzymes activated or need water/hydrolysis
(large to) small molecules/*(insoluble) to soluble
(A correctly named small molecule including glucose)
\# OR broken down (ONE mark only)
(iii) *in solution
(Ignore refs to diffusion)
through phloem (look for idea movement/translocation)
ref active transport OR ref. leaving/entering + phloem/cells
(* once only, but can be awarded in (ii) in addition to 'one mark only' rule)
(iv) use correct for substance named anywhere in (b)
(e.g. protein for growth, $\mathrm{CHO} /$ fat for energy [see $8 \mathrm{E}(\mathrm{a})]$ ) (R storage)
(c) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ into root
out of leaf
OR $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ into leaf
out of root
(A any underground structure)
OR for ONE mark max. water vapour out of leaf
[Total: 10]

2 (a) (G) kidney
(I) bladder ( R gall bladder)
(b) glucose
insulin
from pancreas
in blood
glycogen

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(c) ${ }^{\#} \mathbf{F}+$ blood/cells

Any two from: more urea in $\mathbf{H}$, more toxins in $\mathbf{H}$, glucose only in $\mathbf{F}$, amino acids only in $\mathbf{F}$, qualified salt concentration in either
H + urine
Ref. $\mathrm{O}_{2} / \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ differences
[max 4]
( ${ }^{( } \mathrm{A}$ reverse argument for alternative structure)

3 (a) (J) cuticle or described
(K) spongy (+ mesophyll) (ignore refs to lower epidermis)
(b) (i) one arrow (somewhere) leaving xylem ( $R$ any that pass through phloem) passing into any mesophyll cell entering air space in spongy mesophyll passing out of stoma (sequence must be plausible)
(ii) X placed where water enters air space/wall of mesophyll cell ; ( $\mathrm{R} \mathbf{X}$ on guard cell)
(c) (i) $\underline{\mathrm{N}}$
(ii) $\mathbf{O}$
(d) evaporation (R transpiration)
fast(er) in high temperatures
cools/removes heat
[Total: 10]

4 (a) (i) (Q) plasma
(ii) 2 named ions (iron and calcium on syllabus) iron + red blood cells/haemoglobin calcium + ref. bones or teeth/blood clotting
(A any others correct with function e.g. Mg activates enzymes/for RBCs, $\mathrm{Na} / \mathrm{K}$ for impulse transmission/ref. effect on cell membrane) ( $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{I}_{2} / \mathrm{S}$ \& any other elements)
(b) WBC correctly labelled
infected RBC correctly labelled (If several labelled, all must be correct)
low blood pressure
(A reverse arguments for artery)

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5 (a) spongy wall/(spongy or uterus) lining/endometrium ( R uterus/uterus wall)
(b) Ranges can be smaller than those given, max 1 if they give 19-20 days for both. A any one day within each range, but fertilisation must come before implantation.
(i) 14-20 days
(ii) 19-25 days
(c) necessary substances can diffuse across placenta bloods might be of different groups mother's blood pressure too great ref. possible exclusion of potentially harmful substances
(e.g. pathogens, R diseases)
(d) (i) below $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (A correct stated range $<31^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) above $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (A correct stated range $36<{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (Max 1 if no units, units need appear ONCE only)
(ii) If single, unqualified statements given, take them to refer to human. The matching statement for reptile may appear in the question.
not dependent on temperature/develops at constant temperature
*sex inherited/determined at fertilisation
*ref. to sex/(X) Y chromosomes
*ref. external v . internal development
[max 3] (A develops in egg) (* R negatives such as 'don't hatch')

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## Section B

6 (a) Letters are NOT essential, but if used, they must be in plausible context.
(S/sun +) light (energy)
(T/trees + ) trapped AW by chlorophyll (A plants)
photosynthesis
production of organic molecule or named
(A named, or symbols, on a balanced or correct word equation)
chemical energy
death of T/tree(s)/plants
( $\mathbf{U} /$ tree + ) buried + subjected to pressure
(U/V/W +) fossil fuel
(U/V/W +) coal
(V/W +) mined/removed from ground AW
(W/X +) burnt/used in industry AW
$(\mathbf{X}+$ ) release of energy
(b) $\mathbf{V}$ or ref. mining AW + depletion of resources/scarring of countryside/damaging habitats ( R erosion)

W/X or described + any two from:
oxides of sulfur, oxides of nitrogen, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}$, particulates
greenhouse/global warming $+\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
acid rain/effects of acid rain or CO or particulates

7 (a) discontinuous - valid example (such as eye colour, tall + dwarf peas, red hair, albinism, sex) (A labelled bar charts)
continuous - valid example (A skin colour and labelled graph)
( R eye colour)
(i) (discontinuous) few forms
distinct from one another/no intermediates AW
the result of inheritance
of genes
(ii) (continuous) many forms
small differences from one to the next/range
extremes at either end may show considerable difference
caused by genes + the environment
e.g. of environmental factor
[max 5]
(b) mutation (in either (i) or (ii))
(i) (sickle cell) of gene affecting haemoglobin (formation)
(ii) (Down's) of chromosome/one extra chromosome

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## Either

8 (a) R any points on an equation as question asks for a definition. release (A provide/give/supply/evolve/liberate)
( R produce/manufacture/make/use/form) energy
from named substrate/food substance ( R food unqualified)
in a cell/mitochondria
[max 3]
(b) It must be clear each time which process is being described.
$\mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{no} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
ref. to differing amounts of energy released
substrate completely broken down + not completely broken down
or ref. to all end products $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2} \& \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\right.$ lactic acid/alcohol \& $\left.\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$
[max 2]
(c) yeast/bacterium/Lactobacillus/Streptococcus
sugar or named/fruit/grain or flour added/milk/grass/cabbage fermentation
release of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}+$ dough rising $/ \mathrm{CO}_{2}+$ bubbles in beverage/
clotting of milk/pH change/lactic acid production/taste effect/
preservation (as appropriate for e.g. given)
bread manufacture/alcohol or named beverage/vinegar/
yoghurt/cheese/silage/sauerkraut (appropriate for e.g.)
ref. controlled temperature/warmth for proving dough
(around $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for yoghurt)
baking kills yeast or evaporates alcohol/
beer or wine separated from yeast

Or
8 (a) permeable/salts + water pass ( $R$ 'permeable membrane')
by diffusion
Any two from: tough, flexible or elastic, supports cell,
maintains shape or a described shape
stops cell bursting
creates turgor or described (with ref. part played by c.c.w.)
helps keep plant upright AW
(b) partially/semi-/differentially/selectively + permeable
water enters ( R water particles)
by osmosis
a turgor reference (look for ref. to part played by the membrane)
selective entry/selective passage
(of) salts/ions/minerals/or named (R particles/substances)
by active transport
ref. energy requirement

