## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

## 5090 BIOLOGY

5090/02
Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a) sepal(s) / calyx ( R petal, A labels on diagram)
(b) A / left hand flower + stamen(s) / anthers / pollen / androecium (A negatives ref. female parts named)
(c) (i) insect (no marks for (ii) if wrong, but mark (ii) if 'animal’ or blank.) (if they say self- or cross-pollination, A one mark max. for reasons which must refer to named sexual part)
mark the first, one per line - any two from:
filaments or stamens or anthers + short or protected AW, stigma protected AW, large petals, (nectar) guides, stigma + lumpy / compact AW / not feathery AW, (landing) platform AW
(ii) mtf,opl, any two from : scent AW, colour / bright AW, nectar, pollen grains rough or sticky
(d) cross-pollination or explanation
alleles / genes + (2) parents / plants
variation (in offspring)
colonisation of different habitats / wider distribution /
prevents overcrowding / less competition
adaptation / natural selection /evolution or described or named e.g.
; [max 3]
(e.g. resistance) (R references to new species)

2 (a) large surface area (to volume ratio) / long / thin
(b) D villus/i ( R microvillus)
(or fats for one mark)
mtf,opl, any two from: amino acids, fatty acids, glycerol, glucose, ions AW (or named e.g.), drugs/toxins, water, vitamins (or named e.g.),

E root hair (cell)
(in either order) water
ions / salts / minerals / named ion / oxygen (R nitrogen)

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(c) (i) feature drawn and labelled (A on extra diagram)
( R mitochondria / nucleus, but A reasons - see later)
(ii) These must both be for the same feature for 2 marks, but if they do not match the label, then $\mathbf{0}$ for label.
(membrane) living
partially permeable AW
only selected molecules enter
allows osmosis or described ( R diffusion )
active transport
[max 2]
OR (ccw) permeable
tough / flexible
helps keep shape of cell ref. part played in turgor AW

OR (cell sap / vacuole / cytoplasm)
contains concentrated solution / ref. concentration gradient
for water entry
by osmosis / diffusion
OR (for cytoplasm / mitochondria)
ref. respiration / energy release
for active transport
OR (nucleus) - for one mark only controls cell activites AW
(R e.c.f. for villus)

3 (a) (i) more transpiration / water lost from lower surface or v.v.
(ii) (A points anywhere)
waterproof AW
cuticle / (waxy) layer AW (must be ref. upper) (R skin)
correct ref. stomata / pores on upper or lower surface
release of water (vapour) ( A only if stomata ref. has been made)
[max 4]
(b) mtfopl, any two from:
paper / slide / leaf surface not properly dry, touched with
(wet) fingers, damaged vein / xylem in leaf, slow to set up expt.
after drying, any reasonable qualified student error
(c) run the experiment more times / repeat
take an average
perform expt. on another similar leaf ( R leaf of different species)
[max 1]
(d) Cobalt chloride paper on bench AW timed (A takes less time to change)

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4 (a) (i) carbohydrate / sugar / glucose / maltose / sucrose / starch
(ii) protein / amino acids (vitamins / ions etc.)
(b) incubate / oven / suitable location
optimum / increased / suitable + temperature or stated ( $25-50^{\circ}$ ㅇ)
suitable pH
correct ref. enzymes ; [max 2]
(c) (i) $\underline{H}$
(ii) bacterium (or suitable, named e.g. Streptococcus)
antibiotics effective against bacteria AW
(d) (A e.c.f. for virus)
bacteria or microorganisms mutate
become resistant to antibiotic ( R immune)
antibiotic too readily prescribed / available
patients not completing course

5 (a) K oesophagus / gullet
L duodenum / small intestine
(b) starch - almost the same
protein - less
fibre - almost the same
(A any symbols, but R more than one per line)
(c) (i) digested / changed / broken down / ref. enzyme action to amino acids / (poly)peptides AW absorption (available only with ref. amino acids)
(ii) colon / rectum / large intestine no suitable enzyme / not digested ref. cellulose / lignin therefore no absorption / egested as faeces / used in peristalsis (A all other things, or named substances, are absorbed)

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6 (a) $\mathbf{Q}$ (A so long as $\mathbf{Q}$ or $\mathbf{R}$ are mentioned - if no ref $\mathbf{Q}$ or $\mathbf{R}$, $\max 2$ for each) eaten as proteins ref. urine / faeces AW (I excretion refs. re. faeces)
urea
(ers)
decompos(ition) / decay / putrefaction or described
nitrification or described
correct ref. bacteria / fungi or named
nitrates + proteins + plants
(max 5 marks from above)
$\mathbf{R}$ carbon dioxide
from combustion AW
respiration ( R if ref. only to oxygen)
photosynthesis + carbohydrates / named carbohydrate (A on word equation)
(b) two from:
an oxide of nitrogen, $\mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{CO}$,
one from:
acid rain (for $\mathrm{N}_{x} \mathrm{O}_{y}$ or $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ) / global warming or greenhouse
effect AW (for $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ or CO ) / $\mathrm{CO}+$ ref. carboxyhaemoglobin

7 (a) ( $R$ any examples which do not come from the circulatory system, mark the first in a list.)
(i) blood cell / any correct named e.g.
(ii) muscle or correct named e.g. (A blood / capillary)
(iii) heart / blood vessel or named ( R capillary)
(b) hepatic artery (A name, disregard context)
carries more / most oxygen / oxygenated blood
more or ref. to being used or destroyed in the liver + insulin / glucagon /
adrenaline / hormones
hepatic vein (A name, disregard context)
carries carbon dioxide / deoxygenated (A with ref. HPV)
urea / ref. more amino acids in hepatic artery
any reasonable ref. to comparative numbers of RBCs + named blood vessel
(hepatic) portal vein / HPV (A name, disregard context)
\#digested foods / any named
\#ions / vitamins / water
any correct ref. to glucose levels in hepatic artery / vein
;
;
; [3]
("both marks require a ref. somewhere to direction of blood flow)
[Total: 10]

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8E (a) externally administered substance AW / chemical which modifies / changes / affects metabolism / chemical reactions in the body AW (could be of bacteria)
(b) (alcohol) reduces self-control / removes inhibitions
depressant / ref. nervous system
slower reaction times or any named effect
liver damage / cirrhosis / other named condition
*expense
*social implications / crime
(heroin) depressant / ref. nervous system
*addiction / greater quantities for same effect / habituation / tolerance
withdrawal symptoms AW
needle-sharing
AIDS / hepatitis
[max 8]
(Points marked * score either for alcohol or for heroin)

80 (a) nicotine
*craving / addiction / agglutination or clotting of RBCs / increased blood pressure / increased heart rate / vasoconstriction / increased blood fat / atheroma AW / arteriosclerosis / effect on fetus (*All must be with ref. nicotine)

## tar

decreased $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ uptake (must be with ref. tar)
lung or any named correct form of cancer caused by tar

## CO

decreased $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ carriage (must be related to CO )
points not tied to any particular constituent:
emphysema / bronchitis / cough / destruction of cilia
heart disease / heart attack / stroke / atheroma (if not given above)
less $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to fetus
miscarriage / small / underweight babies ( R underdeveloped)
(b) smell / eye discomfort
ref. passive smoking or described
risk to health of non-smoker / ref. litter

