## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE O Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/02 Paper 2 maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

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Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O Level – June 2006	5090	02

## **Section A**

1	(a)	mai	k awarded only if structure is in a plausible position			
		(i)	nucleus/cytoplasm/(shown in both cells)	;		
		(ii)	Any 2 from: chloroplast/wall/(cell) sap/membrane	;;	[3]	
	(b)	(i)	photosynthesis	;		
			manufactures or stores CHO/sugar/glucose/cellulose	;	[2]	
		(ii)	liver/muscle	;		
			*storage/cells contain	;		
			*glycogen (*mark separately from liver/muscle mark)	;	[3]	
		(iii)	muscles largely protein/contain fat	;		
			skin largely protein	;		
			animal cells/tissues/skin stores fat	;		
			fat insulates against heat loss	;	[max 3]	
2	(a)	hor	mones	;		
		tarc	<u>et</u>	;	[2]	
	(b)	1. (	C/blood glucose rises	;		
		2.	E/heart beat increases	;	[2]	
	(c)	(i)	I (or otherwise identified)	;		
			greatest control over sugar level/smallest fluctuations AW	;		
			at lowest (blood glucose) level	;		
		(ii)	Н	;		
			greatest fluctuations/little control over sugar levels	;	[max. 4]	
	(d)	lunç	gs	;		
	á	alveoli/air sacs				
	<u>(</u>	diffus	<u>sion</u>	;		
	i	nto <u>c</u>	<u>capillaries</u>	;	[max 3]	

			SOL O LEVEI – Galle 2000	0000		V-
3	(a)	poll	<u>en</u>	;	;	[1]
	(b)	by i	nsect			
		grai	n sticky/rough AW		;	[2]
	(c)	fusi	on AW		;	
		mal	e and female	;	· ,	
		gan	netes/nuclei/sex cells	!	;	
		ferti	lisation		,	
		ref.	food storage		,	
		mito	osis/growth		,	
		eml	oryo development		·	[max 4]
	(d)	(see	ed) dispersal (ignore refs. to wind)	;	· ,	[1]
4	(a)	-	2 from : urination/exhaling or breathing out/faeces/eding or crying or vomiting			[2]
	(b)	(i)	higher when walking ( or v.v.)/quoted figures	;	<del>,</del>	
			more energy/heat released/raises body temperature	;	<del>,</del>	[2]
		(ii)	lower when clothed (or v.v.)/quoted figures		· ,	
			greater humidity next to skin/(v.v.) less skin exposed/ clothes deflect or absorb heat AW	;	,	[2]
		(iii)	higher in sun ( or v.v.)/quoted figures higher temperatures in direct sunlight/higher rate of evap	ooration	•	[2]
	(c)	moı	re energy released/respiration/work done by			
		mus	scles		·	[2]
5	(a)	(i)	105		;	[1]
		(ii)	genes/alleles (A any given pair of contrasted characters)		•	[1]
		(iii)	to prevent choice/bias/so results are random		•	[1]
	(b)	(i)	red + W		· ,	[1]
		(ii)	ref. both cubes and both flowers being the same/heteroz the only way to produce both colours of offspring/gives a genetic combinations AW	ill	•	[1]

Mark Scheme GCE O Level – June 2006 Syllabus 5090 Paper 02

Page 2

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus		Paper
			GCE O Level – June 2006	5090		02
	(c)	(i)	Tt+red*		;	
			(x) tt + yellow*		;	
			<u>gametes</u>		;	
			gametes correctly shown (need be once only for tt)		;	
			genotypes of offspring correctly derived (* A colour tie-up	o here)	;	[max. 4]
	(	(ii)	3 x T + 3 x t on one cube + 6 x t on the other		;	[1]
			The maximu	um for Section	A = :	50 marks
			Section B			
6	(a)	acti	ve site		;	
		of s	pecific shape AW		;	
		sub	strate		;	
		fit/a	re complementary		;	
		any	ref. enzyme/substrate complex being like lock and key		;	
		stre	ss on substrate molecule		;	
		prod	luct formed		;	
		also	works in reverse		;	[max 5]
	(b)	read	tion rate increases		•	
		simi	lar to key turning more often		•	
		mor	e energy/faster movement of molecules		;	
		acti	ve site changes shape		;	
			eins are denatured by heat AW		;	
			nanently		;	
			etion stops		:	
			strate no longer fits active site		•	
			no longer fits lock		,	[max 5]
		кеу	no longer ne lock		, r <del>-r</del> -	
					[10	otal = 10]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus		Paper	
			GCE O Level – June 2006	5090		02	
7	(a)	nam	ed e.g. of bacterial disease		;		
		nam	ed method of administration		;		
		antil	piotics kill only bacteria		;		
		mus	t continue with course until all bacteria are eliminated		;		
		nam	ned antibiotic		;	[max 3]	
	(b)	ferm	nenter/vat/large container		;		
		cultu	ure medium		;		
		addi	tion of organism (fungus or bacterium)		;		
		cont	rolled temperature		;		
		prov	rision of oxygen		;		
		cond	ditions optimum/controlled for maximum production		;		
		extra	action of antibiotic		;		
		puri	fication		;	[max 7]	
					[To	otal = 10]	
8	Ε	(a)	traps/harnesses/absorbs		;		
			sunlight		;		
			energy		;		
			for photosynthesis		;		
			which makes carbohydrate AW		;	[max 4]	
		(b)	large surface area		;		
			for maximum/rapid		;		
			uptake of water		;		
			by osmosis/diffusion		;		
			of ions/salts/minerals		;		
			by active transport		;		
			oxygen		;		
			for root respiration		;	[max 6]	
					[To	otal = 10]	

			GCE O Level – June 2006	5090	02
8	0	(a)	absorbs + quickly	;	
			and carries	;	
			oxygen	;	
			as oxyhaemoglobin	;	
			in red blood cells	;	[max 4]
		(b)	large surface area	;	
			uptake from ileum/small intestine	;	
			*of amino acids	;	
			*of glucose	;	
			into blood capillaries	;	
			*fats/fatty acids/glycerol	;	
			into lacteals (* allow one for digested foods)	;	[max 6]

Mark Scheme

**Syllabus** 

[Total = 10]