	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Candidate Name		

#### CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Joint Examination for the School Certificate and General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

BIOLOGY 5090/2

PAPER 2

**OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002** 

1 hour 45 minutes

Additional materials: Answer paper

TIME 1 hour 45 minutes

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page and on all separate answer paper used.

### **Section A**

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

#### **Section B**

Answer three questions.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

At the end of the examination,

- 1. fasten all separate answer paper securely to the question paper;
- 2. write an E (for Either) or an O (for Or) next to the number 8 in the grid below to indicate which question you have answered.

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The intended number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

You are advised to spend no longer than one hour on Section A and no longer than 45 minutes on Section B.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE		
Section A		
Section B		
6		
7		
8		
TOTAL		

This question paper consists of 12 printed pages.

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## **Section A**

## Answer all the questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

**1** Fig. 1.1 shows an apparatus used to investigate fermentation, a form of anaerobic respiration that can take place in the cytoplasm of yeast cells.

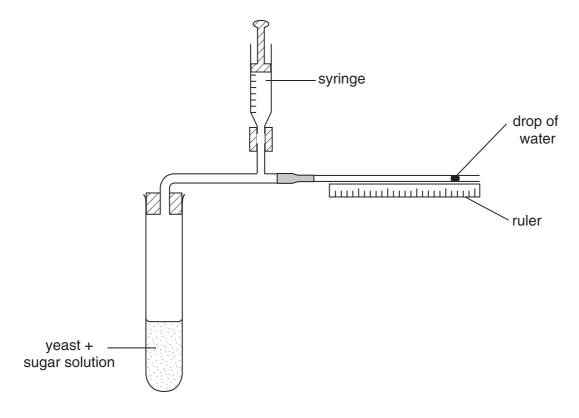


Fig. 1.1

				3	
(c)	In e	ach case, state and explai	in the	effect on fermer	ntation of raising the temperature
	(i)	from 20 °C to 45 °C;			
		effect			
		explanation			
	(ii)	from 45 °C to 70 °C.			
		effect			
		expianation			
					[4]
Lleir	na th	o apparatus in Fig. 1.1. a	ın ovn	orimont was ca	rried out at 30 °C with each of three
		sugars, <b>E</b> , <b>F</b> and <b>G</b> , all at			
Tabl	le 1.	shows the distances mo	oved	by the drop of v	water over equal periods of time for
eac	h of t	he sugars.			
			T	able 1.1	
		SL	ugar	distance/mm	
			Е	250	
			F	50	
			G	0	
One of the sugars was glucose. Glucose molecules are approximately half the size of the molecules of the other two sugars.					
(d)	Stat		i, is m	ost likely to be	glucose and give a reason for your
	sug	ar			
	reas	son			
					[2]
(e)	Sug	gest why no gas was give	en off v	when sugar <b>G</b> w	as used.
					[1]

[Turn over

[Total : 9]

**2** Fig. 2.1 shows the chromosomes of a human body cell (with matching chromosomes placed side-by-side in pairs).

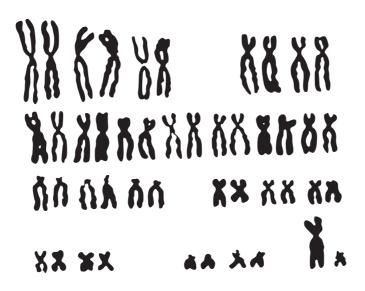


Fig. 2.1

(a)	Name the part of the cell in which chromosomes are found.
	[1]
(b)	State the sex of the person from whom this cell was taken. Give a reason for your answer.
	sex of person
	reason[2]
(c)	Explain how it is possible to tell that this person does <b>not</b> suffer from Down's syndrome.
	[1]
(d)	Describe how the chromosomes in a gamete from the same person would differ in appearance from Fig. 2.1.
	[1]

(e) Fig. 2.2 shows the chromosomes from a body cell of a species of insect.



Fig. 2.2

ith reference to Figs. 2.1 and 2.2, suggest why gametes from a male and a female of ferent species usually cannot produce a zygote.
[1]
[Total : 6]

Fig. 3.1 shows a section through the human eye. 3

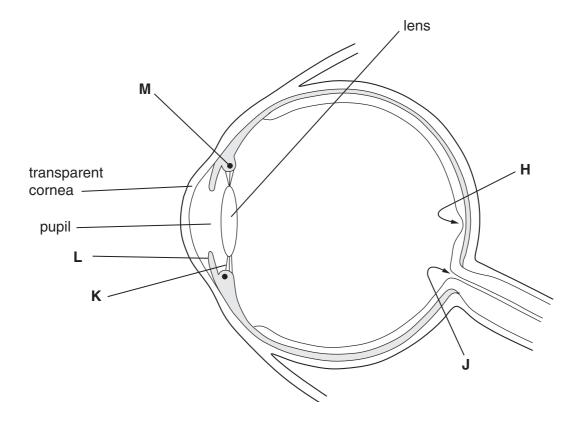


Fig. 3.1

(a)	Identify structures <b>F</b>	<b>Н</b> , Ј,	<b>K</b> and <b>L</b> .
-----	------------------------------	---------------	-------------------------

.....

Н

J	
K	
L	 [4]

(b) Using information in Fig. 3.1, state, with an explanation in each case, whether the eye

(1)	is looking at a near or distant object;
	near or distant object
	explanation

(ii)	is in bright or dim light.
	bright or dim light

explanation	 	 	 

(c)		lain what is occurring in structures <b>K</b> , <b>L</b> and <b>M</b> for the eye to appear as shown in 3.1.
	<b>K</b>	
	L	
		[e]
(d)		State which part of the eye contains light-sensitive cells.
	(ii)	Explain why a person is not normally aware of a blind spot in their field of vision.
		[2]
		[Total : 14]

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[Turn over

**4** Fig. 4.1 shows the appearance of stomata of two plants over a 24-hour period. The plants are growing side-by-side, but are of different species.

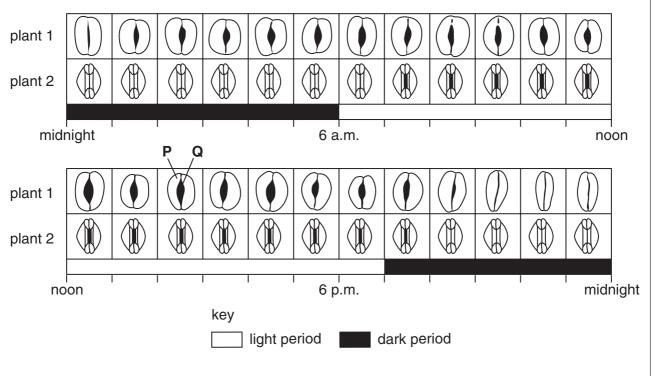


Fig. 4.1

(a)	Nan	ne <b>P</b> and <b>Q</b> .	
	P		
	<b>Q</b> .	[2	2]
(b)	(i)	Name a process that can occur in plant 1 between 1 a.m. and 5 a.m. that might no occur during this time in plant 2. Explain your answer.	ot
		process	
		explanation	
	(ii)	Name another process that can occur in plant 1 between 6 a.m. and 7 a.m. that might not occur during this time in plant 2. Explain your answer.	ıt
		process	
		explanation	
		[4	ij

(c)	Suggest and explain what effect a shortage of soil water might have on the size of stomatal pores in plant 1.	
	effect	
	explanation	
	[2]	
	[Total: 8]	

**5** Fig. 5.1 shows different types of human teeth.

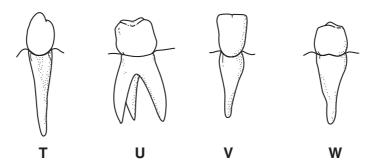


Fig. 5.1

(a) Name the types of tooth show
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Т		
U		
V		
W	I	[4]

Fig. 5.2 shows a view from above of teeth in a human lower jaw.

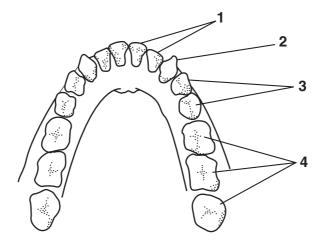


Fig. 5.2

**(b)** By matching each letter from Fig. 5.1 with a number from Fig. 5.2, complete Table 5.1 to show the position occupied by each type of tooth.

Table 5.1

type of tooth	position number
Т	
U	
V	
W	

[2]

(c) (	(i)	State which type of tooth is used for grinding the walls of plant cells.
(i	ii)	Suggest why grinding is important in animals that are herbivores.
		[2]
(d) (	(i)	Name the enzyme that is found in the mouth cavity and state its substrate and product.
		enzyme
		substrate
		product
(i	ii)	Explain why the reaction that this enzyme catalyses does <b>not</b> occur in the stomach, but does occur in the duodenum.
		[5]
		[Total : 13]

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## **Section B**

# Answer **three** questions.

Question 8 is in the form of an Either/Or question. Only one part should be answered.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

6	(a)		cribe ation		th examples, the difference between continuous variation and	discontinuous [6]
	(b)	-		how spe	variation within one species may eventually lead to the developies.	ppment of two [4]
						[Total : 10]
7	(a)	Des	cribe	e the	functions of the testes.	[3]
	(b)				part played by the uterus in the development of an embryo frome birth of the baby.	om the time of [7]
						[Total : 10]
8	Eith	ner	(a)	List	the main characteristics of bacteria.	[4]
			(b)	Des	cribe the role of bacteria in	
				(i)	decomposition;	
				(ii)	yoghurt production.	[6]
						[Total : 10]
	Or		(a)	List	the main characteristics of fungi.	[4]
			(b)	Des	cribe the use of fermenters in the production of	
				(i)	antibiotics;	
				(ii)	single cell protein.	[6]
						[Total : 10]