# CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS <br> Joint Examination for the School Certificate and General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level <br> BIOLOGY <br> 5090/1 <br> PAPER 1 Multiple Choice 

ОСТOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002
1 hour
Additional materials:
Multiple Choice answer sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

TIME 1 hour

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so.
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has already been done for you.
There are forty questions in this paper. Answer all questions. For each question, there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate answer sheet.
Read very carefully the instructions on the answer sheet.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

[^0]1 Which structures are found in animal cells and in plant cells?
A cell membrane and chloroplasts
B cell membrane and nucleus
C cell wall and chloroplasts
D cell wall and nucleus

2 The photomicrograph shows some human blood cells.


What is the function of these cells?
A transport of amino acids
B transport of glucose
C transport of oxygen
D transport of water

3 The diagram shows two plant cells, $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$.
Cell $\mathbf{X}$ has a higher water potential than cell $\mathbf{Y}$.


In which direction and by what process will water move between these two cells?

|  | direction | process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ to $\mathbf{Y}$ | active transport |
| $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ to $\mathbf{Y}$ | osmosis |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ to $\mathbf{X}$ | active transport |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ to $\mathbf{X}$ | osmosis |

4 Which statement about enzymes is correct?
A They are all proteins.
B They are changed by the chemical reactions they control.
C They are destroyed by temperatures below $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
D They are found only in the alimentary canal.

5 Four test-tubes are set up as shown.


All four tubes are then placed in a water-bath at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 minutes.
What is the result?

|  | tube number |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| A | clear | clear | clear | clear |
| B | clear | cloudy | cloudy | clear |
| C | cloudy | cloudy | clear | cloudy |
| D | cloudy | clear | cloudy | clear |

6 The graph shows the rate of photosynthesis in a pea plant in an atmosphere containing 0.04\% carbon dioxide at different light intensities.

At which point on the graph is carbon dioxide concentration a limiting factor?
A
B
C
D
rate of photosynthesis


7 For which processes do plants need either nitrate ions or magnesium ions?

|  | synthesis of cellulose | synthesis of chlorophyll | synthesis of proteins |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| B | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | key |
| C | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ needed |
| D | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ not needed |

8 A geranium plant has leaves that are green in the centre but white around the edges.
The plant is destarched and then has one of its leaves partly covered with black paper on both sides of the leaf, as shown.


The plant is placed in bright light for 48 hours. The leaf is then tested for starch.
Which diagram correctly shows the areas that contain starch?


9 Where is lipase produced, and into which part of the intestine is it secreted?

|  | produced in | secreted into |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | liver | duodenum |
| B | liver | ileum |
| C | pancreas | duodenum |
| D | pancreas | ileum |

10 Which dietary imbalance does not lead to the health problem stated?

|  | dietary imbalance | health problem |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | lack of fresh fruit | constipation and scurvy |
| B | lack of milk and cod liver oil | rickets and diarrhoea |
| C | too many sweets and cakes | anaemia and rickets |
| D | too much full-fat cheese and fried food | chronic heart disease |

11 What are the functions of the colon?

|  | water absorbed | enzymes secreted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | no | no |
| B | no | yes |
| C | yes | no |
| D | yes | yes |

12 The table shows the results of an investigation into the absorption of products of digestion in the presence and absence of oxygen.

| product of <br> digestion | absorption in the presence <br> of oxygen / arbitrary units | absorption in the absence <br> of oxygen / arbitrary units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| amino acids | 5.3 | 1.7 |
| fatty acids | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| glucose | 6.4 | 2.3 |
| glycerol | 4.8 | 4.7 |

Which conclusion can be drawn from these results?
A All products of digestion are absorbed by both active transport and diffusion.
B All products of digestion are absorbed by diffusion only.
C Amino acids and glucose are absorbed by active transport only.
D Fatty acids and glycerol are absorbed mainly by diffusion.

13 The diagram shows cells in part of a green plant.
Which region contains cells that are responsible for the transport of water?


14 Which conditions will increase the transpiration rate of a plant?

|  | temperature | humidity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | high | high |
| B | high | low |
| C | low | high |
| D | low | low |

15 The table shows features of some blood vessels.
Which is the pulmonary artery?

|  | feature |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | muscle <br> layer | lumen | direction of blood <br> flow | blood |
| A | thick | narrow | away from the heart | deoxygenated |
| B | thick | wide | away from the heart | oxygenated |
| C | thin | narrow | towards the heart | oxygenated |
| D | thin | wide | towards the heart | deoxygenated |

16 Blood samples from three veins in the body were tested for the concentration of oxygen, carbon dioxide and urea. The results, in arbitrary units, are shown in the table.

| vein | oxygen <br> concentration | carbon dioxide <br> concentration | urea <br> concentration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 40 | 48 | 1.5 |
| 2 | 40 | 48 | 7.5 |
| 3 | 90 | 40 | 4.0 |

The blood from which veins was sampled?

|  | hepatic <br> vein | pulmonary <br> vein | renal <br> vein |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| B | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| C | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| D | 3 | 2 | 1 |

17 What happens during anaerobic respiration in muscles?

|  | carbon dioxide <br> produced | oxygen used | water produced |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | no | no | no |
| B | no | yes | yes |
| C | yes | no | yes |
| D | yes | yes | no |

18 Which process does not require energy?
A contraction of muscles
B synthesis of proteins
C tissue respiration
D transmission of nerve impulses

19 The table shows the percentage composition of four samples of air.
Which sample could have been breathed out by a person after vigorous exercise?

| sample | oxygen | carbon dioxide | water vapour |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 16 | 0.3 | saturated |
| B | 16 | 4 | saturated |
| C | 21 | 0.03 | trace |
| D | 21 | 3 | trace |

20 What happens to blood as it passes through a kidney machine?
A Carbon dioxide is removed.
B Glucose is added.
C Oxygen is added.
D Urea is removed.

21 What happens to the arterioles near the surface of the skin when the body temperature rises?
A They absorb oxygen from the surrounding tissues.
B They dilate and become wider.
C They move nearer the skin surface.
D They take in water from the surrounding tissues.

22 The diagram shows the main muscles and bones of the arm.


What happens when muscle $\mathbf{X}$ contracts?
A The lower arm is extended.
B The lower arm is raised.
C The upper arm is raised.
D The whole arm rotates.

23 In what way is carbon monoxide in tobacco smoke harmful?
A It causes emphysema.
B It causes lung cancer.
C It combines with haemoglobin.
D It kills the cells lining the trachea.

24 The diagram shows part of the nervous system, including a reflex arc. It has been cut at $\mathbf{X}$.


A bee stings a finger, as shown.
What are the effects of this sting?

|  | pain felt | arm moved |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | no | no |
| B | no | yes |
| C | yes | no |
| D | yes | yes |

25 The urine of a person suffering from diabetes mellitus is likely to contain an abnormal amount of
A amino acids.
B fatty acids.
C glucose.
D urea.

26 In a nerve pathway, the following events take place.

1. activation of muscle
2. activation of receptor
3. passage of impulses along a motor neurone
4. passage of impulses along a sensory neurone

What is the correct order of these events?

|  | first |  |  | last |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| B | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| C | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| D | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

27 In a food chain, which trophic level has the most energy passing through it?
A carnivores
B decomposers
C herbivores
D producers

28 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.
Where in the cycle is there a food chain?


29 The diagram represents the flow of energy in an ecosystem during one year.
Which box represents the largest total mass of living organisms?


30 Which process does not result in the return of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere?
A combustion of fossil fuels
B decomposition of humus
C photosynthesis by green plants
D respiration by bacteria

31 Which method of control would not be effective against the spread of the malarial parasite?
A drainage of swamps and marshes
B isolation of infected people
C sewage treatment and disposal under cover
D spraying walls of houses with insecticide

32 During a growing season, one half of a field was treated with selective weedkiller, while the other half was left untreated. The table shows the numbers of four common weeds in each half of the field at the beginning and at the end of the season.

Which weed was best controlled by the weedkiller?

| weed | untreated part of field |  | treated part of field |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | beginning of <br> season | end of <br> season | beginning of <br> season | end of <br> season |
| A | 75 | 70 | 65 | 60 |
| B | 480 | 490 | 515 | 25 |
| C | 20 | 25 | 25 | 20 |
| D | 100 | 90 | 95 | 220 |

33 The diagram shows a potato plant reproducing asexually by tubers.


Four observations were made about the potato plant.

1. There is one parent plant.
2. The tubers are attached to the parent.
3. The tubers are genetically identical to the parent.
4. The tubers store food.

Which of these observations describe asexual reproduction?
A 1 and 3
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 2 and 4

34 When is ovulation most likely to occur?
A about halfway between the start of one menstruation and the next
B at the start of menstruation
C 1-5 days before the start of menstruation
D 5-10 days after the start of menstruation

35 The diagram shows the 28 days of the menstrual cycle.
When does the lining of the uterus break down?


36 Four jars containing seeds were set up at room temperature, as shown.


In which two jars is germination most likely to occur?
A 1 and 2
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 3 and 4

37 Which statement about sperm cells is correct?
A They contain either one $X$ or one $Y$ chromosome.
B They contain one $X$ chromosome.
C They contain one $Y$ chromosome.
D They contain two X chromosomes.

38 The bar charts show the percentages of a human population with each type of blood group and the percentages of a cattle population with and without horns.



Which type of variation is shown in each population?

|  | human | cattle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | continuous | continuous |
| B | continuous | discontinuous |
| C | discontinuous | continuous |
| D | discontinuous | discontinuous |

39 A variety of snail has an inherited condition that affects the thickness of the shell.
$S^{t} S^{t}$ have thick shells.
$S^{t} S^{n}$ have thin shells.
$S^{n} S^{n}$ do not survive.
Two heterozygous snails are mated.
What is the probability that a surviving snail of the next generation is a heterozygote?
A 0.00
B 0.25
C 0.50
D 0.67

40 Polydactyly is a rare condition that causes the development of extra fingers. This condition is caused by a dominant allele.
The diagram shows the inheritance of polydactyly in a family.


What is the probability that children of person $\mathbf{X}$ will inherit polydactyly from him?

A 0.00
B 0.25
C 0.50
D 1.00

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[^0]:    This question paper consists of 17 printed pages and 3 blank pages.

