

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
AGRICULTURE			5038/03
Paper 3 Practical Te	st	Oc	tober/November 2008
			1 hour 15 minutes
Candidates answer o	n the Question Paper.		
Additional Materials:	As listed in Instructions to Supervisors.		

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
Total	

This document consists of 6 printed pages 1 blank page and 1 Supervisor's Report.



#### Answer all the questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

For Examiner's

**1** Eye protection must be used for this experiment.

You are provided with **two** leaves labelled **AS1** and **AS2**.

**AS1** has been exposed to bright light in a warm room for 48 hours.

AS2 has been kept in a dark cupboard in the same room for 48 hours.

AS2 has a V shape cut into it to distinguish it from AS1.

Both leaves were picked less than one hour ago.

- Pour 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of hot water into a 250 cm<sup>3</sup> beaker.
- · Heat beaker to bring water to the boil.
- Add AS1 and AS2 and boil them for five minutes.
- Remove the leaves and lay them on a white tile.
- Gently press AS1 and AS2 with a spatula to help break open cells.
- Place the leaves into separate boiling tubes.
   TURN OFF THE HEAT SOURCE.
- Add sufficient ethanol to cover the leaves.
- Return the boiling tubes to the beaker of boiled water (the ethanol should start to boil).
- Leave until AS1 and AS2 turn white (about 3 minutes).
- Pour away the ethanol into the container provided.
- Dip the leaves in the beaker of boiled water (this softens the leaves).
- Lay the leaves on a white tile.
- Cover **AS1** and **AS2** with **excess** iodine solution.

(a) Describe the engagement of AC1 and AC2

Gently tap the leaves about 5 times with a spatula.

(a)	Des	cribe the appearance of AST and ASZ.	
	AS'	1	
	AS	2	
			[2]
(b)	(i)	What conclusion do you draw from this test?	
			[1]
	(ii)	What did the experiment show was needed for photosynthesis?	
			•••••
			[1]

(c)	(i)	Why was chlorophyll first removed by boiling the leaves in ethanol?
	(ii)	Why was it necessary to turn off the heat source before heating the ethanol?
		[2]
	(iii)	The plants from which <b>AS1</b> and <b>AS2</b> were taken were exposed to different light conditions. Give <b>two</b> other environmental conditions which should have been kept the same for the two plants, to ensure it was a fair test.
		Condition one
		Condition two
		[2]
(d)	List	four ways that plants use the products of photosynthesis.
		[4]
		[Total: 12]

For Examiner's Use 2 You are provided with **three** samples of water, **AS3 AS4** and **AS5**, they come from three local sources. It is feared that recent heavy rainfall may have polluted these sources with ammonia. The local hospital is concerned that the water provided is free of ammonia.

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The table below shows a wet test and the result for ammonium ions.

lon	Test	Test result
Ammonium	Add sodium hydroxide	Ammonia produced on
	solution	warming, turning damp red
	Warm carefully	litmus paper blue

(a) Test AS3, AS4 and AS5 for the presence of ammonium ions and record your result below.

Sample	result of ammonium test
AS3	
AS4	
AS5	

	Which sample(s) would not be suitable for use in the hospital?	
		[4]
(b)	When testing for ammonium ions describe <b>two</b> precautions needed to ensure comparisons.	fair
	Precaution 1	•••••
	Precaution 2	
		[O]

(c)	Bad farming practices can result in water pollution. Suggest with a reason, <b>one</b> way to prevent ammonia polluting water supplies.	For Examiner's Use
	[2]	
	[Total: 8]	
(a)	You are provided with a flower, <b>AS6</b> .	

Carefully remove the petals and sepals (corolla and calyx) and draw the remainder of

the flower. Give a scale for your drawing.

Label four structures.

3

[8]

**(b)** Cut the ovary in half from top to bottom. Draw and label the ovules.

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[2]

[Total: 10]

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### SUPERVISOR'S REPORT

*The	e Supervisor or Teacher responsible for the subject is asked to answer the following questions.
1	Which plant species did you use for the leaves?
	Was any difficulty experienced in providing the material or in its response to treatment?
2	Were there any problems in providing water samples AS3, AS4 and AS5?
3	Which flower did you use as AS6?
	Were there any problems in providing flower AS6?
Dec	elaration to be signed by the Principal and completed on the top script from the Centre.
	preparation of the Practical Test has been carried out so as to fully maintain the security of the mination.
	Signed
	Centre Number School
*Inf	ormation that applies to all candidates need only be given once.

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