

Paper Reference(s)
7011/01

## London Examinations GCE



Team Leader's use only


## Accounting Ordinary Level

Thursday 7 January 2010 - Morning
Time: 3 hours
$\frac{\text { Materials required for examination }}{\text { Nil }}$

Items included with question papers
Source booklet

## Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initial(s) and signature.
Answer BOTH questions in Section A and ALL questions in Section B.
All calculations must be shown.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.
Do not return the source booklet with the question paper.

## Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2). There are 6 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 200 .
There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.
Calculators may be used.
The source material for use with questions $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{6}$ is in the enclosed source booklet.
Advice to Candidates
Write your answers neatly and in good English.

| Question <br> Number | Leave <br> Blank |
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## SECTION A

## Answer BOTH questions in this section

Source material for use with question 1 can be found on pages 2 and 3 of the source booklet.

1. (a) Prepare A Aubergine's purchases day book and purchases returns day book, showing columns for goods, VAT and total. Show details of the trade discounts deducted and total the columns at the end of each book.

## Purchases Day Book



| Purchases Returns Day Book |
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(b) Prepare the accounts of O Okra, P Pepper and Z Zucchini in A Aubergine's purchases ledger. Balance the accounts at 30 November 2009 and bring down the balances to begin the next month. Do not prepare any other ledger accounts in this section.

Accounts for 30 November 2009


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(c) Prepare A Aubergine's purchases ledger control account on 30 November 2009.

Purchases Ledger Control Account 30 November 2009

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(d) (i) State what is meant by the sub-division of the ledger.
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(ii) Give one reason why a business sub-divides its ledger.
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Source material for question 2 can be found on pages 4 and 5 of the source booklet.
From the information provided, prepare the:
2. (a) Trading and profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009.

Trading and Profit and Loss Account for Ruby Biro for the year ended 31 December 2009

$\square$
(b) Balance sheet at 31 December 2009, showing the net current assets (working capital). Balance Sheet for Ruby Biro at 31 December 2009

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(c) (i) Using your profit or loss figure from (a), comment on the profitability of Ruby Biro's business.
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## SECTION B

## Answer ALL questions in this section

Source material for use with question $\mathbf{3}$ can be found on page 6 of the source booklet.
3. (a) Write entries in Phidippides' journal to record these events. You should give a suitable narration for each entry.

(b) Phidippides is currently keeping his books on a manual system but is considering changing to customised accounting software. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages to his business of making this change.
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(Total 26 marks)

## Source material for use with question 4 can be found on pages 7 and 8 of

 the source booklet.4. (a) Prepare the following accounts in Penny Wise's ledger for the year ended 31 August 2009:
(Show clearly in each account the amount to be transferred to the profit and loss account for the year. Where relevant, bring down each final balance to begin the next period.)
(i) insurance

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(ii) wages

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| (iii) provision for doubtful debts |
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(iv) bad debts
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(v) provision for depreciation on office furniture.

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(b) Using an example, give one reason why it is necessary for a business to depreciate its fixed assets.
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(c) (i) State why a business makes a provision for doubtful debts.
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(ii) Give one reason why a business might reduce its provision for doubtful debts.
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(Total 26 marks)

## Source material for use with question 5 can be found on page 9 of the source booklet.

5. (a) Prepare the club's receipts and payments account and balance it on 31 December 2009.

Sandy Beach Volleyball Club<br>Receipts and Payments Account


(b) Prepare the club's income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2009. You should show the profit or loss on the trip to the national championships. (Show your workings.)

## Sandy Beach Volleyball Club

Income and Expenditure Account for year ended 31 December 2009

(c) Prepare the club's balance sheet as at 31 December 2009 .

## Sandy Beach Volleyball Club

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2009

(7)
(Total 26 marks)

## Source material for question 6 can be found on pages 10 and 11 of the source booklet.

6. (a) Showing your answers to two decimal places, calculate the following ratios for each of the two years (show all your calculations):
(i) return on capital employed

2008
$\qquad$ 2009 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) net profit to turnover

2008
$\qquad$

2009 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(iii) current ratio

2008 $\qquad$
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2009 $\qquad$
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(iv) rate of stock turnover.

2008
$\qquad$
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2009
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(b) Evaluate Iroko's view that the performance of the business has improved since Sapele was taken on as a partner.
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The business's bank manager has suggested that it would be fairer if the partners allowed for $5 \%$ interest on fixed capitals before sharing profits and losses equally.
(c) Calculate the amount of income which Iroko would receive in the year ended 31 December 2009 under the:
(i) existing partnership agreement
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(ii) suggestion made by the bank manager.
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(Total 26 marks)

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## 7011/01

# London Examinations GCE Accounting <br> Ordinary Level 

Thursday 7 January 2010 - Morning

Source booklet for use with Questions
1 to 6.

## Do not return this booklet with the question paper.

## SECTION A

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 1

1. A Aubergine is a wholesale greengrocer.

On 1 November 2009, the following credit balances appeared in A Aubergine's purchases ledger:
O Okra: £2 100
P Pepper: $£ 735$
Z Zucchini: £4540
The following transactions took place in A Aubergine's business during November 2009.
VAT applies where indicated at the rate of $10 \%$.

| 3 November | Received an invoice from O Okra for goods purchased with a list <br> price of $£ 4000$ less $15 \%$ trade discount plus VAT. The terms of the <br> invoice are a 5\% cash discount if payment is made by the end of the <br> month. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8 November | Received an invoice from P Pepper for goods purchased with a list <br> price of $£ 3200$ less $25 \%$ trade discount plus VAT. |
| 10 November | Paid the opening balances owing to O Okra, P Pepper and Z Zucchini <br> in full by electronic bank transfer (credit transfer). |
| 11 November | Returned one-fifth $(1 / 5$ ) of the goods purchased from P Pepper on <br> 8 November as being damaged. |
| 15 November | Received an invoice from Z Zucchini for goods purchased with a list <br> price of $£ 8500$ less $20 \%$ trade discount plus VAT. |
| 20 November | Paid the balance on O Okra’s account in full, taking the cash discount. |
| 20 November | Returned damaged goods with a list price of $£ 500$ to Z Zucchini. |
| 23 November | Purchased a new telephone system for the office for $£ 820$ on credit <br> from ComTele Ltd. |

## Required:

(a) Prepare A Aubergine's purchases day book and purchases returns day book, showing columns for goods, VAT and total. Show details of the trade discounts deducted and total the columns at the end of each book.
(b) Prepare the accounts of O Okra, P Pepper and Z Zucchini in A Aubergine's purchases ledger. Balance the accounts at 30 November 2009 and bring down the balances to begin the next month. Do not prepare any other ledger accounts in this section.
(c) Prepare A Aubergine's purchases ledger control account on 30 November 2009.
(d) (i) State what is meant by the sub-division of the ledger.
(ii) Give one reason why a business sub-divides its ledger.

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 2

2. Ruby Biro runs a stationery shop and makes deliveries to her customers. Here is her trial balance at 31 December 2009.

|  | DR | CR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £ | £ |
| Administration expenses | 5273 |  |
| Advertising | 60 |  |
| Bank | 3700 |  |
| Bank loan |  | 5000 |
| Capital |  | 60000 |
| Carriage inwards | 717 |  |
| Carriage outwards | 2746 |  |
| Cash | 500 |  |
| Creditors |  | 4610 |
| Debtors | 3915 |  |
| Drawings | 11600 |  |
| Driver's wages | 7000 |  |
| Insurances | 1200 |  |
| Motor expenses | 3925 |  |
| Delivery van at cost | 10000 |  |
| Provision for depreciation on delivery van at 1 January 2009 |  | 7500 |
| Provision for depreciation on shop fixtures at 1 January 2009 |  | 3200 |
| Purchases | 120600 |  |
| Rent and rates | 13800 |  |
| Returns inwards | 900 |  |
| Returns outwards |  | 1686 |
| Sales |  | 144710 |
| Shop fixtures at cost | 4520 |  |
| Stock at 1 January 2009 | 36250 |  |
|  | $\underline{226706}$ | 226706 |

## Additional information

- Stock on 31 December 2009 was valued at $£ 35700$.
- £200 was owing to the driver in unpaid wages.
- Rent of $£ 650$ had been paid for the following year.
- The bank loan was taken out on 1 July 2009. Annual interest is $10 \%$ of the full amount of the loan. Interest for the current year has not yet been accounted for.
- Depreciation is to be charged on the delivery van and on the shop fixtures at $40 \%$ on the diminishing balance method.


## Required:

From the information provided, prepare the:
(a) Trading and profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009.
(b) Balance sheet at 31 December 2009, showing the net current assets (working capital).
(c) (i) Using your profit or loss figure from (a), comment on the profitability of Ruby Biro's business.
(ii) Suggest ways in which Ruby Biro might improve her profit and loss situation.

Answer space for question $\mathbf{2}$ is on pages $\mathbf{8}$ to $\mathbf{1 2}$ of the question paper.

## SECTION B

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 3

3. Phidippides owns a sports shop. He does his accounts on the double entry system and also keeps a full set of books of original entry, including a journal.

During the month of December 2009, the following events took place.
(i) On 3 December, Phidippides bought a shredding machine for his office on credit from Dodgy Dossiers Ltd. The machine cost $£ 100$ plus VAT at $10 \%$.
(ii) On the night of 10 December, there was a burglary at the shop and stock valued at $£ 2500$ was stolen. The insurance company has agreed to pay full compensation but the money has not yet been received.
(iii) On 15 December Phidippides paid $£ 280$ to Marathon Supplies Ltd, a creditor, in full settlement of an outstanding purchases invoice for $£ 300$. He thought that a cash discount had been agreed, but this was not the case. He must now make entries in the books to cancel this cash discount. He has not yet paid the balance of $£ 20$.
(iv) In November, Phidippides had sold goods to the value of $£ 500$ to $V$ Williams.

On 22 December he discovered that he had debited the sale to the account of S Williams and entries must be made to correct the error.
(v) On 31 December Phidippides decided to increase the existing provision for doubtful debts from $£ 550$ to $£ 670$.

## Required:

(a) Write entries in Phidippides' journal to record these events. You should give a suitable narration for each entry.
(b) Phidippides is currently keeping his books on a manual system but is considering changing to customised accounting software. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages to his business of making this change.
(Total 26 marks)
Answer space for question $\mathbf{3}$ is on pages $\mathbf{1 4}$ to $\mathbf{1 6}$ of the question paper.

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 4

4. Penny Wise is a financial consultant. The following information is taken from her books for the year ended 31 August 2009.

## Balances at 1 September 2008 <br> £

- Insurance account prepaid 65
- Wages account owing 7250
- Provision for doubtful debts account 1870

Balances at 31 August 2009

- Insurance account owing 70
- Wages account owing 5100
- Provision for doubtful debts account 1500

During the year ended 31 August 2009 the following transactions occurred

- Total insurance paid by direct debit 820
- Total wages paid by credit transfer 36000
- On 31 August 2009, a debt owing by Norman Rock, a customer, was written off as bad
- On 28 February 2009 a new office desk was purchased for $£ 1600$. This is to be depreciated using the straight line method at an annual rate of $20 \%$. (Depreciation is charged for the proportion of the year for which the asset is owned.)


## Required:

(a) Prepare the following accounts in Penny Wise's ledger for the year ended 31 August 2009:
(Show clearly in each account the amount to be transferred to the profit and loss account for the year. Where relevant, bring down each final balance to begin the next period.)
(i) insurance
(ii) wages
(iii) provision for doubtful debts
(iv) bad debts
(v) provision for depreciation on office furniture.
(b) Using an example, give one reason why it is necessary for a business to depreciate its fixed assets.
(c) (i) State why a business makes a provision for doubtful debts.
(ii) Give one reason why a business might reduce its provision for doubtful debts.

Answer space for question 4 is on pages 17 to 19 of the question paper.

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 5

5. The Sandy Beach Volleyball Club was formed on 1 January 2009 and accounts will be prepared on 31 December each year.

The club's Treasurer has produced the following information for the year ended 31 December 2009.

|  | $£$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Subscriptions received from members during the year | 15000 |
| General expenses | 8150 |
| Purchase of equipment | 5000 |
| Cost of attendance at training course by club coach | 200 |
| Sale of tickets for trip to the national championships | 1630 |
| Purchase of block of tickets for the national championships | 800 |
| Cost of travel to the national championships | 585 |

## Additional information:

- On the day the club was formed, one of the founder members made an interest-free loan to the club, in cash, of $£ 1000$.
- The amount received for members' subscriptions includes $£ 1300$ in respect of the year ended 31 December 2010. $£ 175$ is still owing in subscriptions for the current year and it is expected that these will be received.
- The tickets for the national championships sold to the club members include travel.
- The equipment, which was purchased on 1 January 2009 , is to be depreciated by $10 \%$ on cost.


## Required:

(a) Prepare the club's receipts and payments account and balance it on 31 December 2009.
(b) Prepare the club's income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2009. You should show the profit or loss on the trip to the national championships. (Show your workings.)
(c) Prepare the club's balance sheet as at 31 December 2009 .

## Answer space for question 5 is on pages 20 to 22 of the question paper.

## SOURCE MATERIAL FOR USE WITH QUESTION 6

6. Iroko is a craftsman who makes and sells handmade wooden furniture. During the year ended 31 December 2008, he operated as a sole trader and had a fixed capital of $£ 55000$.

On 1 January 2009, Iroko took on a partner, Sapele, who is an expert salesman and manager and who brought capital of $£ 20000$ into the business. The two partners have agreed that neither of them will receive interest on capital or a salary but that they will share profits equally.

The following table shows some differences between the two years.

|  | Year ended <br> 31 December 2008 | Year ended <br> 3ecember 2009 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net profit | 15000 | 35000 |
| Gross profit | 32000 | 68000 |
| Sales turnover | 82500 | 153800 |
| Stocks | 20750 | 12300 |
| Debtors | 8475 | 4320 |
| Creditors | 10900 | 9065 |
| Bank overdraft | 5600 | 1580 |
| Computer | - | 3500 |

## Required:

(a) Showing your answers to two decimal places, calculate the following ratios for each of the two years (show all your calculations):
(i) return on capital employed
(ii) net profit to turnover
(iii) current ratio
(iv) rate of stock turnover.
(b) Evaluate Iroko's view that the performance of the business has improved since Sapele was taken on as a partner.

The business's bank manager has suggested that it would be fairer if the partners allowed for $5 \%$ interest on fixed capitals before sharing profits and losses equally.
(c) Calculate the amount of income which Iroko would receive in the year ended 31 December 2009 under the:
(i) existing partnership agreement
(ii) suggestion made by the bank manager.

Answer space for question 6 is on pages 23 to 25 of the question paper.

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