

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME


## CENTRE NUMBER

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CANDIDATE NUMBER


## PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110／02
Paper 2
October／November 2009
2 hours
Candidates answer on the Question Paper．

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number，candidate number and name on all the work you hand in．
Write in dark blue or black pen．
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs．
Do not use staples，paper clips，highlighters，glue or correction fluid．
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES．

Answer all questions．
You may use a calculator．
Where layouts are to be completed，you may not need all the lines for your answer．
The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious．
At the end of the examination，fasten all your work securely together．
The number of marks is given in brackets［ ］at the end of each question or part question．

| For Examiner＇s Use |  |
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| Total |  |

This document consists of $\mathbf{2 2}$ printed pages and $\mathbf{2}$ blank pages．

1 The following balances were taken from the books of Salim Electrical Supplies on 15 September 2009.

| Sales | 14950 Cr |
| :--- | ---: |
| Stock | 1800 Dr |
| Eastern Retailers | 1200 Dr |
| Khan Ltd | 2150 Dr |

The following transactions took place:
September 16 Sold goods, list price $\$ 500$ less 20 \% discount, on credit to Khan Ltd
18 Received a cheque from Eastern Retailers in full settlement of their account less $5 \%$ cash discount
24 Khan Ltd returned goods, list price \$50, purchased on 16 September
25 Sold goods, \$250, on credit to Eastern Retailers
26 Sold goods, \$500, to Khan Ltd for cash
30 Khan Ltd ceased trading. Salim Electrical Supplies decided to write off the balance of Khan Ltd as a bad debt.

Additional information
1 The stock was valued at $\$ 1470$ on 30 September 2009.
2 The financial year of Salim Electrical Supplies ends on 30 September 2009.

## REQUIRED

(a) Name the type of discount that was deducted on 16 September 2009.
(b) (i) Name the document issued to Khan Ltd on 24 September 2009.
$\qquad$
(ii) Name the document issued to Eastern Retailers on 25 September 2009.
$\qquad$

## (c) Prepare the following ledger accounts. <br> Close the accounts at 30 September 2009 either by balancing the account or by transfer to the trading account, as appropriate.

Sales account
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## Stock account

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## Eastern Retailers account

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## Khan account

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Question 2 is on the next page.

2 Universal Industries provided the following information:
1 Purchased a machine for $\$ 8000$ on 1 October 2007.
2 Sold the machine for cash, \$7000, on 31 March 2009.
3 The policy of Universal Industries is to charge depreciation at the rate of $10 \%$ per annum on cost using the straight line method. Depreciation on machinery is charged from the date of purchase and up to the date of sale.

4 All sales of fixed assets are recorded in a disposal account.
5 Universal Industries prepares final accounts on 31 March each year.

## REQUIRED

(a) Explain the term depreciation.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) State two reasons why fixed assets depreciate.

1

2
(c) Prepare the journal entries to record the sale of the machine. Show the transfer of any profit or loss on the sale to the final accounts on 31 March 2009. Narratives are not required.
Dr $\quad \mathrm{Cr}$
\$
\$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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(d) Explain why depreciation is an application of the accruals concept.
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$\qquad$
(e) Complete the table below for items (i) to (iii). State in each case the most appropriate method of depreciation and give one reason for your answer.

| Asset |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Buildings | Method of depreciation |
|  |  | Reason |
| (ii) | Computers | Method of depreciation |
|  |  | Reason |
| (iii) | Loose tools | Method of depreciation |
|  |  | Reason |

Universal Industries has one employee who worked a total of 170 hours in March 2009 of which

160 hours were paid at $\$ 6$ per hour 10 hours were paid at time and a half

Tax and social security of $\$ 150$ was deducted from the employee's gross pay.
The net payment has been made to the employee in cash.

## REQUIRED

(f) Calculate the employee's net pay for March 2009.
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Universal Industries must also pay an additional $10 \%$ of the employee's gross pay for their share of tax and social security contributions.

The total tax and social security is due to be paid to the tax authorities on 31 March 2009.

## REQUIRED

(g) Calculate the total tax and social security payment to be made to the tax authorities on 31 March 2009.
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3 Loxton Ltd had the following capital structure on 1 September 2008.
Authorised and issued share capital ..... \$
50000 ordinary shares of $\$ 0.50$ each ..... 25000
$10000010 \%$ preference shares of $\$ 1$ each ..... 100000
Reserves
General reserve ..... 80000
Profit and loss ..... 25000
Debentures$5 \%$ Debenture repayable 31 December 201580000

## REQUIRED

(a) State one similarity and one difference between preference shares and debentures.

> Similarity
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Difference $\qquad$
$\qquad$

For the year ended 31 August 2009 Loxton Ltd made a net profit of $\$ 60000$ before calculating the debenture interest. The directors made the following decisions:

1 On 1 March 2009 to make an interim dividend payment of
$\$ 0.10$ on each ordinary share
$\$ 0.05$ on each preference share
2 On 31 August 2009 to
make a final dividend payment of $\$ 0.20$ on each ordinary share pay the remainder of the preference dividend
transfer \$20 000 to the general reserve

## REQUIRED

(b) Prepare the profit and loss appropriation account of Loxton Ltd for the year ended 31 August 2009.

Loxton Ltd
Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 August 2009
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(c) Suggest two reasons why a company might use a general reserve.

1
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2 $\qquad$
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Elodie has the following investments in Loxton Ltd:
1500 ordinary shares of \(\$ 0.50\) \(\$ 20005 \%\) debenture
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## REQUIRED

(d) Calculate Elodie's total income from Loxton Ltd for the year ended 31 August 2009.
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$

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Question 4 is on the next page.

4 Jamal Mohsin has been provided with some information about a general trading business, Easisell, which buys and sells goods on credit. The following information relates to the year ended 30 September 2009.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sales | 120000 |
| Stock at 1 October 2008 | 12000 |
| Purchases | 91000 |
| Stock at 30 September 2009 | 28000 |
| Expenses | 15000 |
| Debtors | 30000 |
| Creditors | 43000 |
| Bank overdraft | 15000 |
| Capital | 150000 |

## REQUIRED

(a) Calculate, to two decimal places, the following ratios. Show your workings.
(i) Gross profit to sales percentage
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(ii) Rate of stock turnover
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(iii) Net profit to capital percentage
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(iv) Working capital ratio (current ratio)
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Jamal Mohsin obtained the following ratios for a similar business:
1 Gross profit to sales percentage $40 \%$
2 Rate of stock turnover 6 times
3 Net profit to capital percentage 12\%
4 Working capital ratio (current ratio) 1.8:1

## REQUIRED

(b) Using the information above and your answer to (a) compare and comment upon the performance of Easisell under the following headings.
(i) Controlling stock
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(ii) Net profit to capital percentage
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(iii) Ability to pay creditors
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## Answer Question 5 on the following pages.

5 Paul and Judi are partners in a retail business. The partnership agreement states that they share profits and losses in the ratio $3: 2$, after allowing interest on capital at the rate of $4 \%$ per annum. The following balances were extracted from the books on 30 September 2009.
\$
Capital accounts
Paul
30000

Judi
20000
Current accounts
Paul
Judi
Drawings
Paul 11000
Judi 10000
Purchases 139750
Sales 210000
Returns inward 4500
Stock at 1 October 200812650
Staff wages 18000
General expenses 9650
Rent receivable 6000
Advertising expenses 10000
Rent 17500
Fixtures and fittings (cost) 24000
Provision for depreciation of fixtures and fittings 12600
Creditors 8900
Debtors 16000
Provision for doubtful debts 550
Bank

## Additional information

1 Stock at 30 September 2009 was valued at $\$ 15400$.
2 Paul withdrew goods costing $\$ 4000$ from the partnership business during the year. This had not been recorded in the books.

3 At 30 September 2009:
Advertising expenses, $\$ 2850$, were prepaid.
Rent receivable, $\$ 2000$, was due.
4 Depreciation is charged on fixtures and fittings at $15 \%$ per annum on cost using the straight line method.

5 Additional fixtures and fittings, $\$ 4000$, were purchased on 31 January 2009. These are included in the balance at 30 September 2009. No other changes in fixed assets occurred during the year. Depreciation is calculated from the date of purchase.

6 The provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at $5 \%$ of debtors.

## REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the trading and profit and loss and appropriation accounts of Paul and Judi for the year ended 30 September 2009.
(b) Prepare the balance sheet of Paul and Judi at 30 September 2009.

The current accounts details may be included within the balance sheet or in account format outside the balance sheet.

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