

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

ATE
7110/02 October/November 2008

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: Multi-column Accounting Paper.

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

Question **5** should be answered on pages **18** and **19** of the answer booklet **or** on multi-column accounting paper. If you use multi-column accounting paper, attach your answer to Question **5** to this booklet. You may use a calculator.

	For Exam	iner's Use
Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.	1	
The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.		
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.	2	
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.	3	
	4	
	5	
	Total	

This document consists of 14 printed pages, 2 lined pages and 4 blank pages.



**1** Jason Moore had the following balances in his books on 31 October 2008:

Provision for doubtful debts Capital Drawings Plant and equipment Provision for depreciation of plant and equipment Stock Debtors Creditors Cash Sales Purchases	\$ 150 16 550 8 000 18 000 3 000 4 000 3 000 2 000 1 500 40 000 21 000
Purchases	21 000
Sundry expenses	6 200

## REQUIRED

(a) Extract the trial balance for Jason Moore at 31 October 2008.

Jason Moore Trial balance at 31 October 2008

[3]

(b)	State <b>two</b> uses of a trial balance.	
	1	
	2	[2]
(c)	State and explain <b>three</b> errors which do not affect a trial balance.	
	1	[2]
	2	[2]
•	3	
•		[2]
On	investigation Jason identified the following errors in his books.	
1	\$3000 debited to plant and equipment should have been recorded as purchases.	
2	A payment to creditors of \$1000 in cash had not been recorded.	
RE	QUIRED	

(d) Make journal entries to record the correction of the errors. Narratives are **not** required.

Dr	Cr	
\$	\$	
		[4]

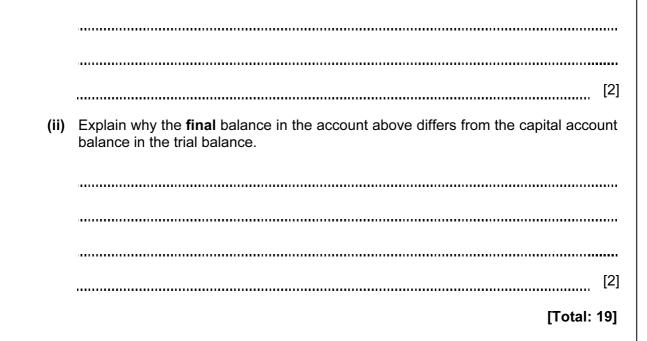
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Jason Moore's capital account at 31 October 2008 was as follows:

## Capital account

		Dr \$	Cr \$	Balance \$
2007				
Nov 1	Balance b/d			16 550
2008				
Oct 31	Profit and loss		10 880	27 430
31	Drawings	8 000		19 430

(e) (i) Identify the above format of ledger accounts and state the benefit of this format compared with 'T' accounts.



5

Question 2 is on the next page

**2** Tina West, a trader, uses books of prime entry. She does not operate a full double entry system. The following information is extracted from her business records for the year ended 31 October 2008:

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	Φ
Debtors' control account balance 1 November 2007	33 200
Debtors' control account balance 31 October 2008	48 600
Receipts from debtors	135 000
Receipts from cash sales	56 000
Bad debt written off	5 500
Discount allowed	7 200

### REQUIRED

(a) Calculate the total sales for the year ended 31 October 2008. Show all workings.

[7]

Tina West has a gross profit to sales ratio of 40 % and net profit to sales ratio of 5 %.

(b) Calculate Tina West's gross profit and net profit.

Gross profit	
Net profit	
	[2]

¢

7

Tina West employs two part-time staff. Each works 50 weeks a year. One is employed for	1
25 hours each week at \$6 per hour. The other works 30 hours each week at \$8 per hour.	

(c) (i) Calculate the total wages Tina West pays the part-time staff during the year.

[3]
(ii) State one additional payroll cost Tina West would incur.
[1]

Both employees have asked for a 10% increase in pay. Tina can use the information in her final accounts when considering this request.

(d) Explain **three** different ways in which the final accounts can help Tina decide about the pay rise.

1	
2	
3	
	[6]
	[Total: 19]

information was available at 31 October 2008: Examiner's 1 Subscriptions paid in advance by members at 1 November 2007 amounted to \$210. The balance of subscriptions in arrears was \$130. 2 Receipts during the year ended 31 October 2008: \$ Subscriptions - for the year ended 31 October 2007 130 (in arrears) - for the year ended 31 October 2008 1490 - for the year ended 31 October 2009 90 (in advance) Sale of refreshments 4970 Payments during the year ended 31 October 2008: 3 \$ Purchase of refreshments 3630 Rent and rates 1400 Insurance 300 Sundry expenses 1300 Additional information: 31 October 2008 1 November 2007 \$ \$ Stock of refreshments 340 290 Balance at bank 740 Dr 790 Dr All receipts and payments were made through the bank account. REQUIRED (a) Calculate the accumulated fund at 1 November 2007. [2] 

The treasurer of Avalon Social Club did not keep proper accounting records. The following

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Use

3

[Turn over

(b) Prepare the subscriptions account for the year ended 31 October 2008.

### Avalon Social Club Subscriptions account

..... [5] \_\_\_\_\_ 

(c) Calculate the gross profit made on the sale of refreshments.

[2] .....

(d) Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 October 2008.

Avalon Social Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 October 2008

	[4]
(e)	Explain how the matching/accruals concept should be used in calculating subscriptions for the year.
	[4]
	[Total: 17]

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Question 4 is on the next page

4 Agrippa Ltd had the following balances in its accounts **after** the calculation of net profit for the year ended 31 October 2008:

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	\$
Land and buildings at cost	100 000
Plant and equipment at cost	80 000
Provision for depreciation of plant and equipment	40 000
Stock	14 400
Debtors	10 000
Cash at bank (Dr)	5 000
Creditors	15 000
Called up share capital:	
5 % \$1 Preference shares	30 000
\$1 Ordinary shares	40 000
8% Debenture loan	20 000
General reserves	8 000
Profit and loss account for the year ended 1 November 2007	50 000
Net profit for the year ended 31 October 2008	7 000
Creditors Called up share capital: 5% \$1 Preference shares \$1 Ordinary shares 8% Debenture loan General reserves Profit and loss account for the year ended 1 November 2007	15 000 30 000 40 000 20 000 8 000 50 000

#### Additional information:

- 1 The directors have decided to transfer \$20 000 to the general reserves.
- The directors agreed to pay the preference share dividend for the year.
   They also declared a final dividend of 2½% on ordinary shares.
   An interim dividend of 1½% on ordinary shares had been paid in April 2008.

#### REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the appropriation account for Agrippa Ltd for the year ended 31 October 2008.

Agrippa Ltd Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 October 2008

[7]

(b) Prepare the balance sheet extract for the capital and reserves of Agrippa Ltd as at 31 October 2008. Examiner's

	Balance Sheet (extract) at 31 October 2008	
		•••
		•••
		•••
		[4]
		ני,
(c)	Explain the difference between authorised and called-up share capital.	
		•••
		•••
		[2]
(d)	Explain <b>one</b> difference between ordinary and preference shares.	
.,		
		•••
		[2]
(0)	Evaluin and difference between proference observe and debentures	
(e)	Explain <b>one</b> difference between preference shares and debentures.	
		•••
		[2]
		<u>-</u> -]

#### Agrippa Ltd Dolo ۰L

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A director has asked the company's accountant to value the closing stock in the final accounts at market value of \$20 000 instead of cost price, \$14 400.

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## REQUIRED

(f) Explain why the accountant cannot ethically do this.

[4]

Larger companies prepare their published accounts in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IASs).

#### REQUIRED

(g) Explain two reasons why International Accounting Standards are used.

1		
2		
		[4]
	[Total:	25]

15

Question 5 is on the next page

#### Answer Question 5 in this booklet or on separate sheets of paper.

**5** Samma Rashid is a manufacturer. The following balances were extracted from the books on 31 October 2008:

	\$
Stock at 1 November 2007	
Raw materials	26 700
Work in progress	7 900
Finished goods	2 450
Purchases of raw materials	213 200
Purchases of finished goods	15 800
Purchases returns of finished goods	900
Sales	525 300
Discounts received	5 100
Direct factory wages	145 300
Factory manager's salary	14 800
Indirect factory expenses	23 200
Office salaries	36 200
Office expenses	18 600
Distribution costs	23 400
Factory plant and machinery at cost	80 000
Office equipment at cost	24 000
Provision for depreciation of factory plant and machinery	36 000
Provision for depreciation of office equipment	15 360
Debtors	44 250
Provision for doubtful debts	800
Creditors	19 600
Drawings	11 600
Bank	3 600 Cr
Capital	80 740

Additional information:

1 Stock at 31 October 2008 was valued as follows:

\$
30 640
8 200
2 150

2 At 31 October 2008:

Direct factory wages, \$12 100, were accrued. Distribution costs, \$1860, were prepaid.

- 3 Depreciation is to be charged on factory plant and machinery at 25% per annum using the straight line method. The residual value of plant and machinery is estimated at \$8000.
- 4 Depreciation is to be charged on office equipment at 40 % per annum using the diminishing (reducing) balance method.

No purchases or sales of fixed assets took place within the year.

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18

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19

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