UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

7110 PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/02 Paper 2 (Structured), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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June 2005

GCE O LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 7110/02

PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS Paper 2 (Structured)

Page 1	Mark Scheme				Syllabus Paper					
	GCE O LEVEL – JUNE 2005				JUNE 2005		7110	2		
1	(a)	Da	te	Detail	Purchases	<u>Journal</u>	Amo	unt		
		Du		Detail	0		\$			
		15	May	Gome	ez Factors Ltd		900 (1)			
				Pu	urchases Retu	irns Journ	nal			
		Da	ite	Detail	Details		Amount ¢			
		15	May	Kimbe	Kimber & Sons		\$ 8(D (1)		
					<u>General Jou</u>	<u>urnal</u>				
		Da	te	Detail	S		Dr \$	Cr \$		
		15	May	Delive Natsu	ery truck/Moto	r vehicles	20 000 (1)	20,000 (1)		
		Purchase of new delivery tru on credit from Natsui Ltd (1) <u>Gomez Factors Ltd</u>			ase of new de	elivery truc	ck .	20 000 (1)		
					ui Lia (1)		[5]			
	(b)				Gomez Factors Ltd		<u>Account</u>			
		15 May Purchase			\$	15 May	Purchase	\$ es 900 (1)		
					<u>Kimber</u> \$	<u>& Sons A</u>	<u>ccount</u>	\$		
				ase	80 (1)	1 May	Balance b	o/d 470		
		15 May	Balanc	e c/d	<u>390</u> (1)			470		
					<u>470</u>			470		
						16 May	Balance b	o/d 390 (1)of		
		Moto			Motor V	ehicles A	<u>ccount</u> ♠			
		15 May	Natsi	ui I td	ֆ 20.000 (1)		\$			
		TO May	Nator		20 000(1)			[5]		
	(c)	(i)	Good Iı	ls boug nvoice	ht on credit (1)					
		(ii)	Retur	n of da	maged goods			[2]		
			Ĺ	redit n	018 (1)			Total marks [12]		

Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus Paper			
		GCE O LEVEL – JUNE 200	5	7110	2	
2	(a)	Trial F	Balance as at 3	0 April 200	5	
-	()	<u></u>	Dr	<u>cr</u> Cr	<u>-</u>	
			\$	\$		
		Fee Income	Ŧ	77 800)	
		Advertising expenses	12 400			
		Heat and light	1 060			
		Motor expenses	7 300			
		Rent paid	12 800		(1 mark for	
		Office expenses	12 240		every four	
		Motor vehicles	40 000		correct items	
		Fauipment	12 000		entries max 3)	
		Capital – Asif	12 000	18 000)	
		Capital – Igbal		12 000)	
		Drawings – Asif	8 000	12 000		
		Drawings – Ighal	2 000			
		Drawingo iquai	107 800 (1) 107.80	0 (1) of (equal balances)	
			<u>107 000</u> (1) <u>107 00</u>	[5]	
	(b)	Profit and Loss Ac	count for the v	ear ended (30 April 2005	
	(6)	<u>1 Tont and 2000 Ad</u>	<u>s</u>		<u>\$</u>	
		Advertising expenses	12 400	Fee Inc	ome 77 800 (1)	
		Heat and light	1 060			
		Motor expenses	7 300	(2) for	r five correct expenses	
		Rent	12 800	(1) for	r three correct expenses	
		Office expenses	12 240	(1)10		
		Net profit	32 000 (1)		
		Notpront	77 800	,	77 800	
		Accept vertical presentation	11 000		[4]	
					1.1	
	(c)	Appropriation Acc	count for the ye	ear ended 3	0 April 2005	
	()		\$		\$	
		Share of profit		Net	profit 32 000 (1) of	
		Asif 6/10	19 200 (1) o	f		
		lqbal 4/10	12 800 (1) o	f		
		•	32 000		32 000	
		(N.B. Award own figures only if	no alien items	present)	[3]	
		Accept vertical presentation	. /			

Page 3		Mark Sc	Syllabus Pa		Paper		
		GCE O LEVEL -	– JUNE 2005	7110		2	
	(d)	Asif Capital Account					
			\$			\$	
		Drawings	8 000 (1)	Bala	nce b/d	18 000 (1)	
		Balance c/d	<u>29 200</u> (1) of	Shar	e of profit	<u>19 200</u> (1) of	
			<u>37 200</u>			<u>37 200</u>	
				Bala	nce b/d	17 200	
			lobal Capital	Account			
			\$			\$	
		Drawings	2 000 (1)	Bala	nce b/d	12 000 (1)	
		Balance c/d	<u>22 800</u> (1) of	Shar	e of profit	<u>12 800</u> (1) of	
			24 800			24 800	
				Bala	nce b/d	14 800	
		(N.B. Award own figu	ures only if no alien items	present)		[8]	
		Accept vertical prese	entation				
						[lotal 20]	
3	(a)	Total sales for the year ended 30 April 2005					
-	()	,		\$			
		Receipts from trade	debtors	120 000) (1)		
		Add: debtors' control	account 30 April 2005	48 000	<u>)</u> (1)		
				168 000	C		
		Less: debtors' contro	account 1 May 2004	(24 00()) (1)		
			1 4000 ant 1 May 2001	<u>(21000</u> 144 000)		
		Receipts from cash s	sales	18 000) (1)		
		Add: bad debts writte	en off	4 000	D (1)		
		Add: discounts allow	ed	6 000	<u>)</u> (1)		
				<u>172 000</u>	<u>)</u> (1)		
		Accept alternative pr	esentation				
	(b)	Control accounts pro	vide totals of debtors and	d creditors			
	(~)	Marv can see at a gla	ance how much she owe	s			
		or					
		She can also see im	lso see immediately how much is owed to her.				
		This helps her contro	ol the total levels of credit				
		Control accounts are	used to help in the cons	truction of fi	nts		
		where accounts are	not kept under full double	entry.			
		Any 2 x 2 mark				[4	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(c) It is difficult to use control accounts to locate errors in Mary's accounts because of the lack of double entry

or

L

Control accounts are of limited use in Mary's business because of the lack of double entry.

Control accounts cannot act as a deterrent against fraud unless internal checks can be carried out.

Cannot check individual debtors and creditors balances.

In Mary's case, the control accounts do not provide a check because ledgers cannot be checked against the total figures from the books of prime entry.

Any 2 x 2 mark 1 for identification 1 for development

[max 4]

[3]

[3]

4 (a) (i) Prime cost

	\$
Direct material	146 300 (1)
Direct labour	<u>175 400</u> (1)
Prime cost	321 700 (1)

(ii) Factory cost of production

	Ψ
Prime cost	321 700 (1)
Factory overheads	83 800 (1)
Change in work in progress	
Factory cost of production	<u>405 500</u> (1)

(b) Direct costs can be specifically traced to a manufactured item. (1)
Indirect costs cannot be traced to a manufactured item. (1)
Direct costs are included in prime cost. (1)
Indirect costs are included in factory overhead expenses. (1)
[4]

¢

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(c) (i) Going Concern

The directors of Carter Ltd use the going concern principle because they expect the business to continue for the foreseeable future.

This means that stock should be valued to reflect its normal use in the business and not the need to sell it immediately at auction.

Going concern value maybe higher or lower as work in progress may require finishing, incurring additional cost.

Any 2 x 2 mark 1 for identification 1 for development

[max 4]

(ii) Prudence (Conservatism)

Used to avoid overstating stock value.

Stock is recorded at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

Net realisable value allows for the need for additional work on work in progress to make it of practical value.

A prudent approach avoids overstating profits.

A prudent valuation will reflect any work in manufacturing and work done on the raw materials converting them to work in progress.

Using the same principles year to year allows for better comparison.

Any 2 x 2 mark 1 for identification 1 for development

[max 4]

[Total 18]

Page 6	Mark Scheme				Syllabus Paper				
		GCE O LEVEL	– JUNE 2005		7110		2		
5	(2)		Trading and	Profit and L		te			
5	(a)		for the yea	r and ad 20 A	255 ACCOUL	<u>ns</u>			
			<u>ior trie yea</u>		<u>prii 2005</u> (1)	¢		
		Ote els et 4 Mey 2004		ቅ 40.050/ 4 \	Calaa		φ 400 ·	200 (4)	
		Stock at 1 May 2004		13 350(1)	Sales		196	300 (1)	
		Purchases		<u>83 500</u> (1)					
				96 850					
		Less: stock at 30 Ap	ril 2005	<u>12 600</u> (1)					
		Costs of goods sold		84 250					
		Gross profit c/d		<u>112 050</u>					
				<u>196 300</u>			<u>196 (</u>	<u>300</u>	
		Wages and salaries			Gross pr	ofit b/d	112 (050 (1) o	f
		[66 400 (1) + 5 500) (1)]	71 900	Discount	received	1 -	400 (1)	
		Rent and rates paid							
		[9 900 (1) – 900 (1)1	9 000					
		General expenses	/1	21 100(1)					
		Provision for depreci	ation of	21 100(1)					
		fixtures and fittings							
		(20% x 12 200)		2 440 (2)					
		Provision for doubtfu	l dobte	2 440(2)					
				490 (3)					
		$(3 / 0 \times 10 300)$		409(2)					
		Dank charges		120(1)					
		Net profit		8 401				450	
				<u>113 450</u>			<u>113 4</u>	<u>450</u>	
		Accept any recognis	able layout						[17]
	(b)		Balance Sh	eet as at 30 A	April 2005 (1)			
	()				·	,			
			Cost	Depr'n	NBV				
			\$	\$	\$			\$	
		Fixed Assets (1)							
		Fixtures and fittings	12 200 (1)	9 760 (1 of)	2 440 Ca	oital, 1 May 20	004	25 000(1)
		-			Ne	et profit		8 401 (1) of
						•		33 401	,
		Current Assets (1)							
		Stock		12 600 (1)	Les	s. drawings		13 100(1)
		Debtors	16 300 (1)	12 000 (1)	 C:a	anital		10 100(1	,
		Loss: provision for	10 000 (1)		30	April 2005		20 201 (1) of
		doubtful debts	489 (1 of) 15 811	30	April 2005		20 30 1 (1) 01
		Cash at hank		, 10 011	Cur	ront Liphilition	. (1)		
				950	Curr				
		[910(1) - 120(1)]			Ur		∪(I) □ (4)		
		Prepayment		<u> </u>	AC	cruai <u>5.50</u>	<u>u</u> (1)	10.000	
				<u>.</u>	30 161			<u>12 300</u>	
					32 601			<u>32 601</u>	

Disallow section heading marks if alien in section

[18] [Total 35]