



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

IBANGA LE-12

ISIZULU ULIMI LOKUQALA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)

IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)

NOVEMBA 2013

IMEMORANDAMU

AMAMAKI: 80

Le memorandamu inamakhasi ayi-8.

ISIQEPHU A: ISIVIVINYO SOKUQONDISISA**Ukumakwa Kwesifundo Sokuqondisisa:**

- Kulesi sigaba kugxilwe ekutheni umfundi uyakuqonda yini akufundile, ngakho uma sekumakwa abafundi akumele baphucwe imiklomelo ngamaphutha opelomagama kanye nolimi.
- Emibuzweni evulelekile abafundi akumele banikwe amamaki ngempendulo ethi **YEBO** noma ethi **CHA**. Abafundi bayonikwa amamaki ngokusekela kwabo.
- Emibuzweni evulelekile abafundi akumele banikwe amamaki ngempendulo ethi **IQINISO/AMANGA** noma **IQINISO/UMBONO**. Abafundi bayonikwa amamaki ngokusekela kwabo.
- Uma umbuzo udinga ukuphendulwa ngegama elilodwa, umfundi aphenule ngomusho ophelele, kumele anikwe amamaki uma nje igama ekuyilona eliyimpendulo lidwetshelwe.
- Uma umbuzo udinga ukuphendulwa ngamaphuzu amabili noma amathathu, umfundi yena anikeze angaphezulu. Kufanele kumakwe awokuqala amabili noma amathathu adingekayo.
- Uma umfundi esebenzise igama elingolunye ulimi okungelona ahlolwa kulona, kodwa ukusetshenziswa kwalelogama kungawulahli umqondo womusho umfundi akangaphucwa imiklomelo. Uma umfundi esebenzise igama lolunye ulimi kodwa lelo gama vele bekumele alisebenzise umfundi kumele angaphucwa amamaki.
- Ulimi olwehlukile lwezigodi/lwezifundazwe kumele lwamukelwe/lubhekelelwe nalo.
- Emibuzweni okukhethwa kuyona izimpendulo (multiple choice) kumele kwamukelwe iletha ehambisana nempendulo efanele kuphinde kwamukelwe nempendulo ebhalwe ngokugcwele.

UMBUZO 1

- 1.1 1.1.1 Okukodwa kwalokhu:
Ikhono lokusingatha kahle imidlalo esezingeni lomhlaba/
Ukuphatha kahle izivakashi.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi) (1)
- 1.1.2 Okubili kwalokhu:
 - Indebe yomhlaba ka-2010.
 - African Cup of Nations.
 - Indebe yomhlaba yebhola lombhoxo.
 - Comrades Marathon. (2)
- 1.1.3
 - Ukwakha ubudlelwane obuhle phakathi kwamazwe omhlaba.
 - Ukuthuthukisa ukuzwana phakathi kwezakhamizi zaseNingizimu Afrika zizodwa. (Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo umfundi) (2)
- 1.1.4 Abantu bendawo. (1)
- 1.1.5 Okubili kwalokhu:
 - Izinkundla zemidlalo ehlukenene.
 - Izindawo zokulala.
 - Ezokuphepha ezisezingeni eliphezulu.
 - Ezokuthutha
 - Izindawo zokuthenga amathikithi.
 - Izindawo zokubuka imidlalo komabonakude uma izinkundla zigcwele.
 - Imigwaqo esezingeni eliphezulu. (2)
- 1.1.6 Elizenyeza/Elingaziqhenyi. (1)
- 1.1.7 Umncintiswano. (1)
- 1.1.8
 - Ukuba munye-Ukubambisana kukho konke/ukuzwana/ukusebenzisana/ukuhlanganyela
 - Ukudla umhlanganiso-Ukuphumelela/ukuwina/ukunqoba. (2)
- 1.1.9 Indumezulu/indumezulu yomgubho. (2)
- 1.1.10 Iqiniso
Uma izwe laseBrazil lehluleka ukwenza amalungiselelo ngesikhathi, imidlalo iyobuyiselwa eNingizimu Afrika./iNingizimu Afrika idume umhlaba wonke ngokwazi ukusingatha ezemidlalo.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo umfundi) (2)

- 1.1.11 Kungaba ukwehluleka ukuphatha kahle izivakashi/izinga eliphezulu lobugebengu okungadala ukwesaba ezivakashini/Kungaba ukwehluleka ukwenza amalungiselelo ngesikhathi.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi) (2)
- 1.2 1.2.1 Kwezobuchwepheshe. (1)
- 1.2.2 Izindawo zokudlela/ezindaweni ezinewi-fi/emtatsheni yezincwadi.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi) (1)
- 1.2.3 Abanye kungaba ukuthi bahlala ezindaweni ezingenawo ugesi, abanye abanayo imali yokuyithenga.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi) (2)
- 1.2.4 Izimpendulo ziyokwehluka.
Ukuxhumana nabanye abantu, uyakwazi ukuthola ulwazi oludingayo.
(Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi) (2)
- 1.2.5 Ukusebenzisa i-inthanethi kumaselula ngoba abantu abaningi banawo futhi bawasebenzisa njalo. (Nokunye okunembayo okungashiwo ngumfundi.) (2)
- 1.2.6 Abantu abasha. Ngoba yibona abathanda ukusebenzisa kakhulu omakhalekhukhwini.
(Nokunye okunembayo okuyoshiwo ngumfundi, inqobo nje uma abafundi besekelele.) (2)

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU A: 30

ISIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA**UMBUZO 2****Amaphuzu angabhekwa:**

Okucashuniwe		Amagama angabhalwa umfundi
1. <i>Ukuhlanganisa imibala eminingi engafani futhi engameshelani ndawonye okubizwa ngokuthi iColour Blocking yinto ebonakalayo kulezi zinsuku.</i>	1.	I-Colour blocking ukuxubanisa imibala eminingi engafani ndawonye entweni oyigqokile.
2. <i>Ongoti bezimfashini bathi ukumesha neColour Blocking yizinto ezimbili ezingafani okufanele abantu baziqaphele.</i>	2.	Icolour blocking nokumesha izinto ezimbili ezingafani.
3. <i>'Uma ususiqala lesi sitayela, hlanganisa imibala emithathu kuphela.'</i>	3.	Kuyanconywa ukuthi umuntu angasebenzisi imibala engaphezu kwemithathu ndawonye.
4. <i>'Ungasebenzisi imibala emithathu uphinde uyimeshele ngemihlobiso ezofana nse nemibala yezimpahla ngoba kuyayona indlela oqgoke ngayo.'</i>	4.	Izinto ozomesha ngazo akumele zifane nse nale mibala emithathu yezimpahla osuke uzigqokile.
5. <i>Imibala engakusiza iColour Blocking yakho ibukeke, ngedlisayo njengoroyal blue, peach, dark purple, gold, green, yellow neminye ehamba phambili futhi egqamile.</i>	5.	Nakuba iColour blocking ingenzeka noma kuhlanganiswa miphil imibala, igqama kakhulu uma kuhlanganiswa umbala oroyal blue, opeach odark purple, ugold green kanye neminye ehamba phambili.
6. <i>Okunye okuhle ngalesi sitayela ukuthi sifanele nabesilisa kwazise nemibala eminingi egqamile sebeyayijwayela njengoba ingasakhethi nobulili ngokwezemfashini.</i>	6.	IColour blocking yenziwa ngabesilisa nabesifazane ngokufanayo.
7. <i>Kunezinto ezincane njengamabhande ezenza ukwazi ukuyisebenzisa kahle le mibala ndawonye.</i>	7.	Umuntu angasebenzisa izinto ezincane ezifana namabhande ukuxuba imibala.
8. <i>Zijwayeze ukubalekela imisiko enezimbali noma exube imibala engaphezu kwemibili ndawonye iyodwa.</i>	8.	Abathandi bemfashini bayexwayiswa ukuthi bagweme imibala enezimbali eziningi noma exube imibala engaphezu kwemibili ndawonye iyodwa.

Ukufingqa kumele kumakwe ngale ndlela:**Ukwabiwa Kwamamaki:**

- Amamaki ayi-7 ngamaphuzu ayi-7 (Iphuzu lilinye labelwa imaki elilodwa).

QAPHELA: Amamaki ama-3 abelwa ukusetshenziswa kahle koLimi.

- Isamba samamaki-10

Ukwabiwa Kwamamaki Okusetshenziswa Kulimi Uma Umfundi Esebenzise**Awakhe Amagama:**

- Iphuzu eli-1 kuya kwama-3: Uklonyeliswa ngemaki eli-1.
- Amaphuzu ama-4 kuya kwama-5: Uklonyeliswa ngamamaki ama-2
- Amaphuzu ayi-6 kuya kwayi-7: Uklonyeliswa ngamamaki ama-3.

QAPHELA:**Isakhiwo:**

Noma ngabe isakhiwo sendaba sibhalwe ngendlela efanele, kumele sifundisiswe bese simakwa ngendlela efanele.

Ukubalwa Kwamagama:

- Abamakayo kulindeleke ukuthi babale inani lamagama asetshenzisiwe.
- Awekho amamaki asuswayo uma umfundi engalibhalanga inani lamagama asetshenzisiwe noma elibhalile kodwa kungesilona.
- Uma inani lamagama asetshenzisiwe leqiwe, omakayo kumele afunde amagama amahlanu ngaphezu kwesibalo esinqunyiwe angabe esakunaka okunye okuza emva kwalokho. Indaba efingqwe ngamagama angaphansi kwenani elibekelwe ibe inawo wonke amaphuzu abalulekile ayiphucwa amamaki.

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU B: 10

ISIQEPHU C**UMBUZO 3**

- 3.1 EGauteng. (1)
- 3.2 (Okubili kwalokhu)
- Siyashesha.
 - Sikufikisa ngesikhathi.
 - Siphephile.
 - Sihlanzekile. (2)
- 3.3 Olukhuthazayo/oluphoqayo. (1)
- 3.4 Ukugqamisa lokhu okukhangiswayo/Ukuheha abagibeli/Ukuze igama lalokhu okukhangiswayo likhumbuleke kalula. (2)
- 3.5 Okukodwa kwalokhu:
- Ukuze abagibeli bangawanaki noma bangawaboni.
 - Abanye abantu bayathanda ukudla uma begibele izithuthi zomphakathi uma bebona ukuthi akudliwa bangangabaza ukusigibela lesi sitimela.
 - Ukuxwayisa abagibeli beGautrain. (2)
- 3.6
- Uma uke wagibela kanye awube usafuna ukubuyela emgwaqweni.
 - Hlanganyela nabadla izambane likapondo.
 - Imigwaqo eyabantu abangahlelekile.
- [Okukodwa kwalokhu] (2)
- [10]**

UMBUZO 4

- 4.1 Kulula/Akunzima. (1)
- 4.2 Umalume. (1)
- 4.3 Iveza ukuthi akezwani no-ankeli/Akanandaba nomakhelwane futhi akazisoli ngesimo akuso/uyedelela. (2)
- 4.4 Osihi bami bazogcwala amakamelo. (1)
- 4.5 Sengilandelwe omunye umshana futhi? (1)
- 4.6 USesteri uthi kuyokhathala ondaba. (2)
- 4.7 Okukodwa kwalokhu:
- Uhlala nodadewabo kanti usekhulile kumele ngabe usenendawo yakhe.
 - Udinwa ukuthi uselethwe omunye umshana azomondla.
 - Odadewabo bayakhulelwa kodwa abahlawulwa/abagani, abashadi.
 - Uthi selokhu kwaba nguye akakaze agqoke ngisho isudi le. (2)
- [10]**

UMBUZO 5

- 5.1 5.1.1 (a) Umyalelo (1)
- (b) Isitatimende (1)
- 5.1.2 Zintathu izihlanganiso ezikhona: ukuze, ukuthi, uma, ngoba.
Abafundi bazokhetha esisodwa bakhe ngaso umusho. Imisho iyokwehluka. (2)
- 5.1.3 Ukuzwakalisa ukungeneliseki. (1)
- 5.1.4 Isiteleka ngeke sisaqhubeka ngenxa yezethembiso ezenziwe.
NOMA
Ngeke sisaqhubeka isiteleka ngenxa yezethembiso ezenziwe.
NOMA
Ngenxa yezethembiso ezenziwe angeke sisaqhubeka isiteleka. (2)
- 5.1.5 Imisho iyokwehluka:
Ibhilidikazi
Umusho: Bathwala kanzima abasebenzi baleli bhilidikazi uma amalifiti engasebenzi. (2)
- 5.1.6 (a) abaphathi
(b) izindawo (2)
- 5.1.7 Ukuchaza/ukuphawula. (1)
- 5.1.8 Uthi ufuna indlu yokuhlala ngenkani. (2)
- 5.2 5.2.1 Kumele bashade ukuze bakwazi ukuhola ibandla. (1)
- 5.2.2 Imizwa yokudinwa/yokucasuka/yokuthukuthela/ukucikeka/ukunengwa. (1)
- 5.2.3 Owodwa walena elandelayo:
 - Wake wezwaphi ukuthi ibandla lingaholwa umuntu wesifazane, ongashadile nokwenza?
 - Kungcono uma kuthiwa unendoda ezomesekela.
 - Sengiyosonta kwelomfundisi wesilisa. (2)
- 5.2.4 Okukodwa kwalokhu:
 - Wake wezwaphi ukuthi ibandla lingaholwa umuntu wesifazane, ongashadile nokwenza?
 - Yinto efuna abantu besilisa ngoba bona bayakwazi ukumelana nezimo ezinzima (2)

[20]

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU C: 40
AMAMAKI ESEWONKE: 80