



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

IBANGA LE-12

ISIZULU ULIMI LOKUQALA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)

IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)

NOVEMBA 2010

AMAMAKI: 80

ISIKHATHI: amahora ama-2

Leli phepha linamakhasi ayi-11.

IMIYALELO KWABAHLOLWAYO

1. Leli phepha lehlukane IZIQEPHU EZINTATHU:

| | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|------|
| ISIQEPHU A: | Isivivinyo sokuqondisisa | (30) |
| ISIQEPHU B: | Ukufingqa | (10) |
| ISIQEPHU C: | Uhlelo nokusetshenziswa kolimi | (40) |
2. Abahlolwayo mabafundise yonke imiyalelo ngaphambi kokuba baphendule imibuzo.
3. Mabaphendule YONKE imibuzo ekuleli phepha.
4. Mabaqalise isiqephu NGASINYE ekhasini ELISHA bese bedweba umugqa emva kwaleso siqephu.
5. Mababhale izinombolo zezimpendulo njengoba zibhalwe embuzweni.
6. Mabashiye umugqa emva kombuzo ngamunye.
7. Mababhale ngobunono nangesandla esifundekayo.
8. Abahlolwayo mabaqaphele upelomagama kanye nokwakheka kwemisho.

ISIQEPHU A: ISIVIVINYO SOKUQONDISISA**UMBUZO 1**

1.1 Fundisisa lesi siqephu esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

Kwakuphithizela esikoleni iSenzakahle. Phela kwakuwusuku olukhulu lokuvalwa kwezikole. Kwakukhona abazali bezobona izingane zabo zithola imiklomelo (prizes) emikhakheni eyehlukene ezaziphumelele kuyona.

Kuyo yonke le njabulo eyayenzeka lapha esikoleni iSenzakahle, kunomfundi oyedwa owayelokhu ebizwe njalo, ezokwamukela imiklomelo ehlukele. Lowo kwakunguNomzamo Gazu. Wathola umklomelo wokuba ngumfundi oyinono ukubedlula bonke, nowokuba ngumfundi ovelele kwezemidlalo. Wabuye wathola nomklomelo wokuba ngumfundi onamamaki aphezulu ezifundweni ezinhlobonhlobo, kanye nomklomelo wokuba ngumfundi obedlula bonke emsebenzini wezandla.

Okwamjabulisa kakhulu uNomzamo ukuthi nomfowabo uMzamo, wayewutholile naye umklomelo kwezemidlalo. Wayeshaye amagoli amaningi kunabo bonke, waphinda waba ngumdlali wonyaka. Wonke umuntu owayekhona ehholo washaya izandla ngesikhathi eya phambili, emamatheka kancane. Kwaba khona umsindo omkhulu abangane bakhe bembongela bethi "Vuvuzela! Vuvuzela!"

Kwaphuma isikole belokhu bejabule oNomzamo benoMzamo izelamani zakwaGazu. Bahamba nje bayasindwa, izandla zigcwele imiklomelo abayithole kulo mcimbi owenziwa yonke iminyaka lapha eSenzakahle uma kuphela unyaka. Base bejahe ukufika ekhaya bakhombise ubaba wabo imiklomelo yabo.

Okubuhlungu nje ngukuthi uyise wayegula kakhulu. UNomzamo njengoba emdala yayimphethe kabi indaba yokugula kukababa wabo. Wayazi ukuthi ubaba wakhe angeke esabangcono ngoba wayephethwe yisifo sengculazi. Empeleni uGazu wayeke wambiza ngelinye ilanga uNomzamo wamxoxela ukuthi uphethwe yini. Umama wabo uMaMbhele yena wayeshone eminyakeni emibili edlule ngayo ingculazi. Kwedlula izinsukwana kade emtshelile, wagula kakhulu, kwagcina kumnqobile ukufa. ONomzamo kwafanele ukuba bayohlala eSOS, okuyindawo ehlala izingane ezingenabazali.

Kwavulwa izikole sebetholelwe isikole abazofunda kuso oNomzamo benoMzamo. Kwabonakala zisuka nje ukuthi uNomzamo noMzamo bazimisele. Esikoleni uNomzamo waqhubeka nokuthola amamaki amahle ebahlula ontanga yakhe. Okwamangalisa abaningi yikhono lakhe lokwenza imisebenzi ehlukahlukene yobuhlalu.

Wabona ukuthi baningi abantu abathenga kuye, wacabanga ukuziqalela ibhizinisi lakhe, wavulela nabanye ontanga amathuba okuthola imali. Wathintana nabantu abanolwazi lwamabhizinisi amancane bamsiza ngokuthi angaliphumelelisa kanjani iphupho lakhe. Kwedlula isikhashana laba semthethweni ibhizinisi lakhe walibiza ngokuthi: "Siyazenzela."

Wathuthuka waze wangenela umncintiswano omkhulu womhlaba wonke owawuzobanjelwa eThekwini. Lapha kwakuzokhangiswa ngezinto zesintu ezenziwa lapha eNingizimu Afrika. Emva kwalo mncintiswano wajabula kakhulu uNomzamo uma ezwa ukuthi uphume phambili emkhakheni wabantu abasha. Wonke umuntu washaya izandla ngenkathi esukuma. Kwaba ngububani amakhamera, abezindaba, abamaphephandaba nabethelevishini bemthatha izithombe. Nalapho sekufanele akhulume azibongele wavele wakhala enziwa yinjabulo, wehluleka nokukhuluma.

Ukuphumelela kwakhe lapha kwakuzomvulela amathuba amaningi. Umklomelo wakhe wawuhambisana nomfundaze wokuya eNgilandi inyanga yonke sekuvalwe izikole eyothuthukisa ulwazi lwamabhizinisi.

Kwacweba izinyembezi zenjabulo kuMzamo ngenkathi sebehleli endlini nodadewabo bekhuluma ngezinto ezenzeka ngalolo suku.

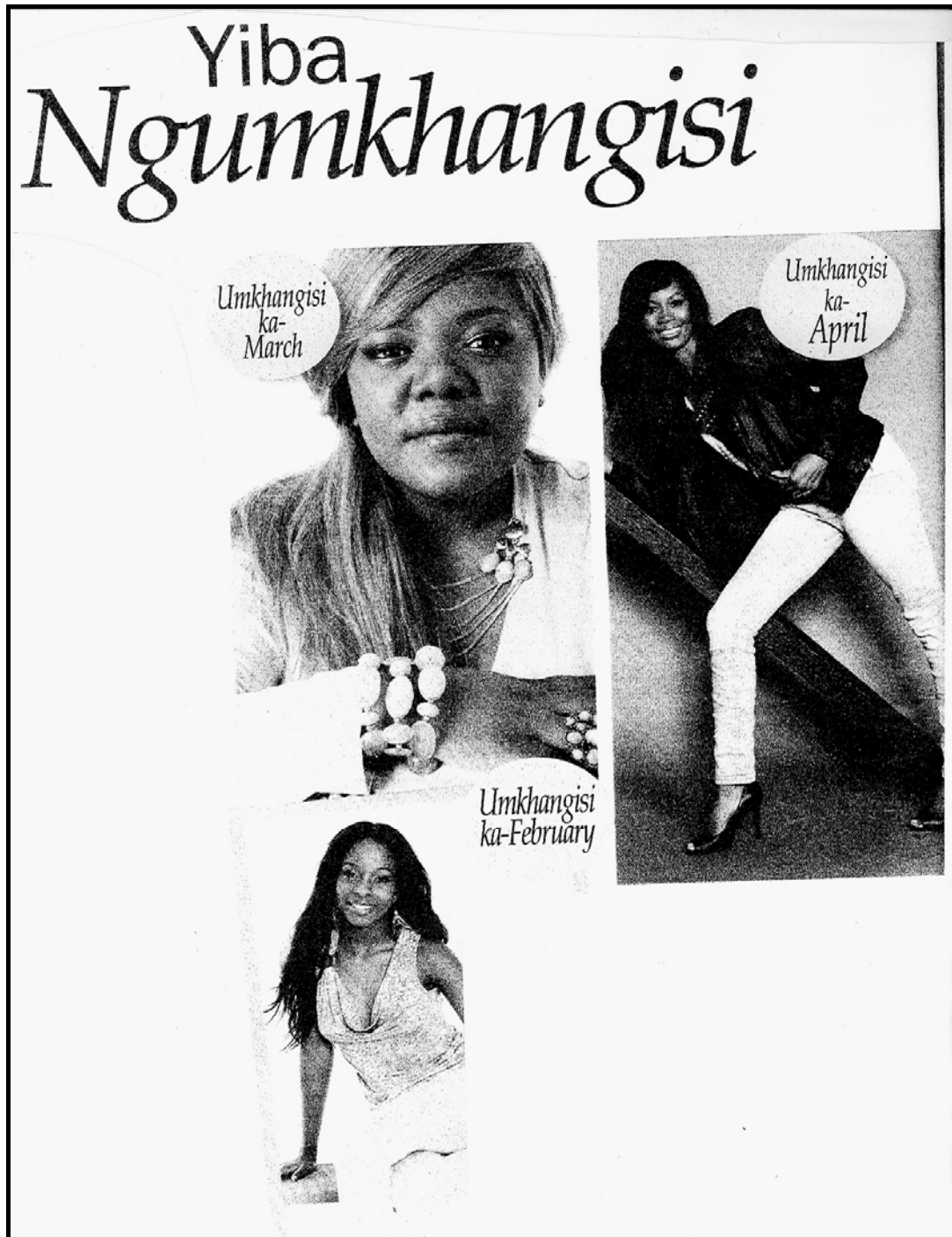
"Ngiziqhenya kakhulu ngawe ngane yakwethu," kusho uMzamo ebamba ithambo kudadewabo uNomzamo.

"Ngiyabonga Mntakababa. Yikho nje ukuthi angikukholwa lokhu uma ngicabanga inhlupheko esiphuma kuyona."

- 1.1.1 Ngubani umfundi owathola imiklomelo eminingi esikoleni saseSenzakahle? (1)
- 1.1.2 Yini eyayenziwa yilezi zingane zakwaGazu ngokufana futhi ziyenza kahle? (1)
- 1.1.3 Kungani umbhali ebiza uNomzamo noMzamo ngezelamani? (2)
- 1.1.4 Ngabe kwakuqala yini ukwenziwa kwalo mcimbi kulesi sikole? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.1.5 Khetha igama elifanele kulana onikezwe wona:
'ukucweba izinyembezi' kusho: (ukukhala uzwakale, ukugeleza kwezinyembezi, ukubonakala kwezinyembezi emehlweni.) (1)
- 1.1.6 Bhala izinto EZIMBILI ezajabulisa kakhulu uMzamo ngoNomzamo. (2)
- 1.1.7 Bhala igama eleqiwe kulo musho olandelayo osendabeni:
'Wabuye wathola nomklomelo wokuba onamamaki aphezulu ezifundweni ezinhlobonhlobo.' (1)

- 1.1.8 Sebenzisa lesi simo sokukhuluma emshweni kuvele incazelo yaso.
Ukubamba ithambo. (2)
- 1.1.9 Ngokucabanga kwakho uGazu wayefanele yini ukuxoxela uNomzamo ngesifo esasimphethe? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.1.10 Ngabe kuliqiniso noma umbono ukuthi uMzamo wayemthanda udadewabo? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.1.11 Endabeni oyifundile iyiphi inhlupheko lezi zingane ezedlula kuyona? Bhala OKUBILI kwalokhu. (2)
- 1.1.12 Tomula umusho ochaza ukuthi ubaba walezi zingane washona. (2)

1.2 Bukisisa lesi sithombe esilandelayo bese uphendula imibuzo.



- 1.2.1 Bangaki abakhangisi abamamathekayo/abamoyizelayo kulesi sithombe? (1)
- 1.2.2 Nikeza isizathu esenza ukuba umkhangisi ka-April akhangise eggoke ibhulukwe. (2)
- 1.2.3 Yini esobala umkhangisi ka-March akhangisa ngayo? Shono OKUBILI. (2)

- 1.2.4 Nikeza isizathu sokuthi abakhangisi kufanele bamamatheke/ bamoyizele uma bekhangisa. (2)
- 1.2.5 Ngabe yiqiniso noma umbono ukuthi abantu besifazane yibona abathanda ukukhangisa? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.2.6 Bhala umehluko osobala okhona ezinweleni zomkhangisi ka-February nomkhangisi ka-March. (1)

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU A: 30

ISIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA**UMBUZO 2**

Fundisisa lesi siqeshana bese usifingqa ngamazwi akho aphakathi kwamagama angama-50 kuya kwangama-60. Bhala ngamaphuzu ayisikhombisa.

UKUBALULEKA KOKUFUNDA IZINCWADI

Uma singabheka izingane ezihlale zifundelwa izincwadi kusukela zincane zifunda kalula esikoleni kunalezo ezingafundelwa. Njengoba singabazali nje yithina esingothisha ababalulekile ezinganeni zethu. Kufanele sifundele izingane zethu njalo, zonke izinsuku, nangezikhathi zonke. Okufundiwe kufanele kukhulunywe ngakho ngalolo nalolo suku.

Umzali kufanele ahlale enezincwadi zokufunda endlini. Lezi incwadi mazibe seduze nezingane zikhathi zonke. Ungazibeka ngisho naphansi ukuze ingane izithole kalula, ukuze ikwazi ukufunda noma umzali engekho. Ingahlali ingafundi ngoba ithi ilinde umzali. Kuhle ube yisibonelo esihle enganeni ngoba lokho okwenzayo kubaluleke kakhulu. Abanye bomndeni nabo kufanele babe khona uma kufundwa izincwadi. Lokhu kuyayikhuthaza ingane futhi kuyenze ibone ukuthi ukufunda kuyinto ebalulekile.

Kuyinto enhle ukuthi umzali athengele ingane yakhe isipho sezincwadi. Lokhu ungakwenza ngosuku lokuzalwa noma ngoKhisimusi. Ungazenzela nendawo esamtapo wezincwadi (library) khona ekhaya lakho. Ukufunda kufanele kwenziwe kube mnandi. Uma ingane isencane ungayitholela izincwadi ezinopopayi abathandwa yizingane bese uyifundela zona. Ukufunda kungaba mnandi uma ulingisa ubuye ushintshe nezwi. Okubalulekile kakhulu ukuthi uma ufunda ukhombise umdlandla (enthusiasm).

Ukuvakashela umtapo wezincwadi kubalulekile nakho. Kuhle uye nayo njalo emtatsheni wezincwadi ukuze ingane ifunde ukuzikhethela izincwadi ezithandayo. Kuhle ukuthi izingane zikhetho into ezifuna ukuyifunda ukuze zibe nomdlandla wokufunda. Ukufunda izincwadi kuyindlela yokwandisa ulwazi, ngoba ulwazi lwenza azethembe.

Kubalulekile ukuthi ingane uyifundise nokufunda izincwadi ezibhalwe ngolunye ulimi, kungabi ezolimi lwakho kuphela. Uma uzokwenza lokhu qaphela ukuthi ulimi olusetshenziwe lulingana nomqondo wengane. Nendaba ingane eyifundayo kufanele ilingane nomqondo wengane. Okunye okungasiza ukuthi izingane uzifunele izincwadi ezinemidwebo. Zonke lezi zinto ziyoyenza ingane ithande ukufunda.

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU B: 10

ISIQEPHU C: UHLELO NOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI**UMBUZO 3**

- 3.1 Funda lesi siqeshana esingezansi bese ubhala ngendlela eyamukelekile amagama angapelekile/angabhalekile kahle. Khipha amagama ABEMAHLANU kuphela.

Iningi lethu linesifiso sokungena kwezemabhizinisi ukuze lizakhele imali, okungelula-ke nokho ukuenza. Amabhizinisi amancane ayehluleka ukumelana nesikhathana nje esingangonyaka. Ukusebenza ngokuzikhandla yinto engaletha imphumelelo ngaso sonke isikhathi ebhizinisini lomuntu. Njengamuntu mhlawumbe ofuna ukuqala umsebenzi wokukhiqiza kungaba kuhle ukuthi atholisise kuqala ukuthi umphakathi wakuleyo ndawo udingani. Lokho kuyosiza ekuhleleni nesikhathi angasebenza ngaso, okungenzeka kube esaemini noma ebusuku.

(5)

- 3.2 Gcwalisa izikhala ngegama elifanele. Bhala izimpendulo kuphela.

Khetha kulana alandelayo:

emholweni; esephumula; kakhulu; kufanele; somhlalaphansi; athembele

Umuntu usebenza kusukela ebusheni bakhe kuze kufike esikhathini (3.2.1) ... Uma esasebenza kufanele alondoloze okuthile (3.2.2) ... wakhe wanyanga zonke, ukuze angahlupheki uma (3.2.3) Akufanele ukuthi (3.2.4) ... kwabanye abantu. Ukuzicabangela kunomvuzo omuhle (3.2.5) ... empilweni.

(5)

- 3.3 3.3.1 Bhala isinciphiso segama elidwetshelwe emshweni ongezansi.

Indlu kagogo ayiseneli sonke.

(1)

- 3.3.2 Bhala ubulili besifazane begama elidwetshelwe ngezansi:

Ufike izolo umalume.

(1)

- 3.3.3 Nikeza ubuningi begama elidwetshelwe emshweni ongezansi.

Ucezu lwesinkwa alusuthisi.

(1)

[13]

UMBUZO 4

Fundisisa lesi siqeshana bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

Akusizi ngalutho ukuhlala usonge izandla izinto zibe zonakala. Unelungelo lokuveza umbono. Ukuhlangana nabanye abantu kuboniswa kuyasiza kakhulu, yize noma ngesinye isikhathi kubakhona nabantu abasha ikakhulukazi abafana, lapho kusuke kuhlangene khona abantu abadala kuphela. Lokhu kukhombisa ngokusobala ukuthi abantu abasha abalaleli. Amakhehla agcina ekhala nangokuthi akusavalwa ngisho nangomthandazo ngoba kugcina kungasekho olalela omunye.

- 4.1 Chaza lesi simo sokukhuluma.
Ukusonga izandla (2)
- 4.2 Sebenzisa isiqu –**vala** wakhe imisho ezokhombisa le miqondo elandelayo:
 - 4.2.1 Wokuphoqa (2)
 - 4.2.2 Wokwenziwa (2)
- 4.3 Tomula igama elichazayo kulo musho olandelayo.
Lapha kusuke kuhlangene khona abantu abadala kuphela. (1)
- 4.4 Nikeza igama elifana nalelo gama kwangezansi.
 - 4.4.1 Umkhuleko (1)
 - 4.4.2 Icebo (1)
- 4.5 Sebenzisa lezi zihlanganiso ezingezansi ukuhlanganisa imisho elandelayo, bese uwubhala kabusha umusho wakho:
(futhi, uma, kodwa, noma)
 - 4.5.1 Uyasebenza njalo ngemiGqibelo. Akaholi. (1)
 - 4.5.2 Uhlala phansi. Kufanele apheke ukudla. (1)
 - 4.5.3 Ngiyayifuna le. Naleyo ngiyayifuna. (1)
- 4.6 Bhala lo musho olandelayo uveze indlela yokuphika.
Kuyasiza lokhu. (2)
- 4.7 Lungisa amaphutha atholakala kulo musho olandelayo. Phinda uwubhale phansi.
Hambanike niyohlanganisa amakhanda ngalendaba yomhlangano ozayo. (2)

[16]

UMBUZO 5

5.1 Bheka leli thikithi elingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PSL – ABSA League Match | |
| FNB STADIUM | |
| I-ORLANDO PIRATES | |
| Idudulana ne | |
| KAIZER CHIEFS | |
| Usuku: 2007-12-20 | 2007/12/20 FNB Stadium iPirate neChiefs 42 |
| Amasango avulwa: 16:30 | |
| Isikhathi sokuqala: 19:00 | |
| <i>Seat no.</i> 42 | |

5.1.1 Kungani igama elithi: **FNB STADIUM** libhalwe ngefonti enkulu? (2)

5.1.2 Kungani lokhu kubhalwe ngohlobo lwefonti ehlukile: *seat no?* (2)

5.1.3 Iliphi elinye igama ongalisebenzisa esikhundleni saleli elithi: idudulana? (2)
Nalo aliveze impambosi yokwenzana.

5.2 Funda lesi siqeshana bese ukhipha amabinzana noma amagama ahambisana nesihloko abe MAHLANU kuphela. Uveze lokhu okulandelayo:

- Injabulo
- Umdlalo kanobhutshuzwayo

INJABULO EMDLALWENI KANOBHUTSHUZWAYO

Bathandi bakithi bebhola likanobhutshuzwayo abathandekayo nabahle. Kungaba intokozo enkulu kithi ukuba nithenge amathikithi isikhathi sisekhona, futhi nibuye nifike enkundleni kusekude ukuba umdlalo uqale. Abazofika kuqala bazokwamukeliswa amakepisi nezikipa mahhala. Kuzobe kunandisa abaculi abaphambili baseNingizimu Afrika. Lapho kuzopakwa khona izimoto kuzobe kunamabhasi azonithuthela enkundleni. Ezokuphepha zizobe zithe chithi saka ziqinisekisa injabulo yenu. Walala wasala!

(5)
[11]

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU C: 40
AMAMAKI ESEWONKE: 80