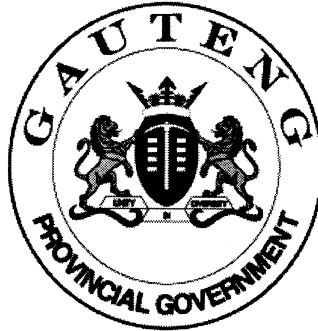


SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION



FEBRUARY / MARCH

2007

**INTRODUCTION TO
CRIMINOLOGY**

SG

905-2/0 E

INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINOLOGY SG



905 2 0E

SG

5 pages

X05



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**INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINOLOGY
STANDARD GRADE
SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION
MARCH 2007**

TIME: 3 HOURS

MARKS: 300

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Answer any **SIX** questions.
2. If you answer more than the required **SIX** questions, only the **FIRST SIX** questions will be marked.
3. All the work that you do **NOT** want to be marked, must be clearly crossed out.
4. Write **NEATLY** and **LEGIBLY**.

QUESTION 1

Answer the following questions:

- 1.1 What does the word “criminology” mean? (2)
- 1.2 Give a juridical definition of crime. (4)
- 1.3 Write down the major elements of the non-juridical concept of crime. (4)
- 1.4 To which **THREE** institutions does the term “administration of justice” refer ? (3)
- 1.5 What are the functions of the courts? (4)
- 1.6 Name the functions of the Department of Correctional Services. (3)
- 1.7 What does the word “victimology” mean? (2)
- 1.8 Name the official and non-official sources of crime statistics. (5)
- 1.9 Name the shortcomings of crime statistics. (7)
- 1.10 Name the factors that may influence crime tendencies. (4)
- 1.11 Name the **SIX** main classes of crime in the Code List of Crime. (6)
- 1.12 Into which **THREE** parts did Freud divide the human psyche? (3)
- 1.13 Name any **THREE** types of violent crimes. (3)

[50]

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Give an exposition of the juridical elements that must be present before a certain act can be regarded as a crime. (25)
- 2.2 Discuss the value of crime statistics. (25)

[50]

QUESTION 3

- 3.1 Discuss the following factors as causes of crime:
- 3.1.1 Physical aberrations (8)
 - 3.1.2 Sexual overdevelopment (10)
 - 3.1.3 Stress (6)
 - 3.1.4 Defective discipline (8)
 - 3.1.5 The school (10)
 - 3.1.6 Parental aberrations (8)
- [50]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 A person disadvantages himself when he commits a crime. Discuss this statement. (25)
- 4.2 What is the role that the school and the police can play in the prevention of juvenile crime? (25)
- [50]

QUESTION 5

- 5.1 Discuss those strategies that can be applied to prevent organised crime. (20)
- 5.2 Property crimes are committed more often by boys than girls. Explain this phenomenon. (15)
- 5.3 Discuss the characteristics of a juvenile gang. (15)
- [50]

QUESTION 6

- 6.1 What are the functions and duties of the South African Police Service as summarised in the preamble to the Police Service Act (Act no. 68 of 1995)? (10)
- 6.2 Give an exposition of the motives for punishment. (20)
- 6.3 Discuss the different ways in which prisoners may be released. (10)
- 6.4 Discuss the three types of penal institutions in South Africa. (10)
- [50]

QUESTION 7

Give an exposition of drug abuse. Refer in your answer specifically to the causes, classification, characteristics and prevention of drug abuse. [50]

QUESTION 8

- 8.1 Discuss Mannheim's classification of victims. (15)
- 8.2 Discuss the personal characteristics and behaviour of persons that may play a role in victimisation. (20)
- 8.3 Briefly discuss possible ways of taking care of battered women. (15)
- [50]

GRAND TOTAL: [300]

END