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- 5. The terrestrial long wave radiation emitted by the Earth lies in a wavelength range of micrometer.
 - (A) 1 10
 - (B) 4 100
 - (C) 1 50
 - (D) 10 15
- - (A) 1000 dynes/cm²
 (B) 100 dynes/cm²
 (C) 10 Pascal
 - (D) 1000 Pascal

- 7. Sustainable development is based on
 - (A) Calculated use of the resources
 - (B) Market demand for natural resources
 - (C) Optimum use of available natural resources
 - (D) Available resources and human needs
- 8. A coloured substance shows 50% transmittance on a colorimeter. How much will be its absorbance ?

(A) 0.5

(B) 0.4

(C) 2.0

(D) 0.3



11. Which of the following elements can 9. In order to prepare 100 mL solution not be determined by Atomic of 10 ppm NaCl, how many grams Absorption Spectrophotometry ? of NaCl are needed ? (A) Na (A) 5.85 mg (B) K (C) Cd (B) 1 mg (D) Br (C) 10 mg Which indicator is used in COD 12. (D) 58.5 mg estimation ? (A) Eriochrome black T 10. A radioactive sample shows an (B) Murexide activity of 60,000 cpm. How much (C) Ferroin will be its activity after 3 half-(D) Silver chromate lives? 13. Which metal is associated with minamata disease ? (A) 20,000 cpm (A) Pb (B) 15,000 cpm (B) Cr (C) 30,000 cpm (C) Hg (D) 7,500 cpm (D) Fe



- 14. Which of the following forms major component of soil ?
 - (A) Mineral matter
 - (B) Organic matter
 - (C) Soil moisture
 - (D) Soil vapour
- 15. method is useful in chemical speciation.
 - (A) Ion chromatography
 - (B) Spectrophotometry
 - (C) Flame photometry
 - (D) Atomic absorption spectrophotometry
- 16. Which of the following is not associated with the prehistoric man ?
 - (A) Tools
 - (B) Fire
 - (C) Collective hunting
 - (D) Wheel

- 17. What has mainly caused rapid
 - increase in human population ?
 - (A) Agriculture revolution
 - (B) Industrial revolution
 - (C) Better health care
 - (D) Economic development
- Ecosystem is a discrete unit that consists of living and non-living parts interacting to form a
 - (A) Stable system
 - (B) Dynamic system
 - (C) Unstable system
 - (D) Unpredictable system



19.	In ecological successioni	is			
	not a characteristic sequence of	of			
	development stage.				

- (A) Climax
- (B) Pioneer
- (C) Stabilization
- (D) Colonizers
- 20. Biodiversity conservation does *not* include
 - (A) Genetic diversity
 - (B) Cloning diversity
 - (C) Species diversity
 - (D) Ecosystem diversity
- 21. The dominant species in a terrestrial pioneer community are
 - (A) Grasses
 - (B) Lichens
 - (C) Beetles
 - (D) Conifers

22. Which of the following organisms is used as biofertilizer for leguminous

plants ?

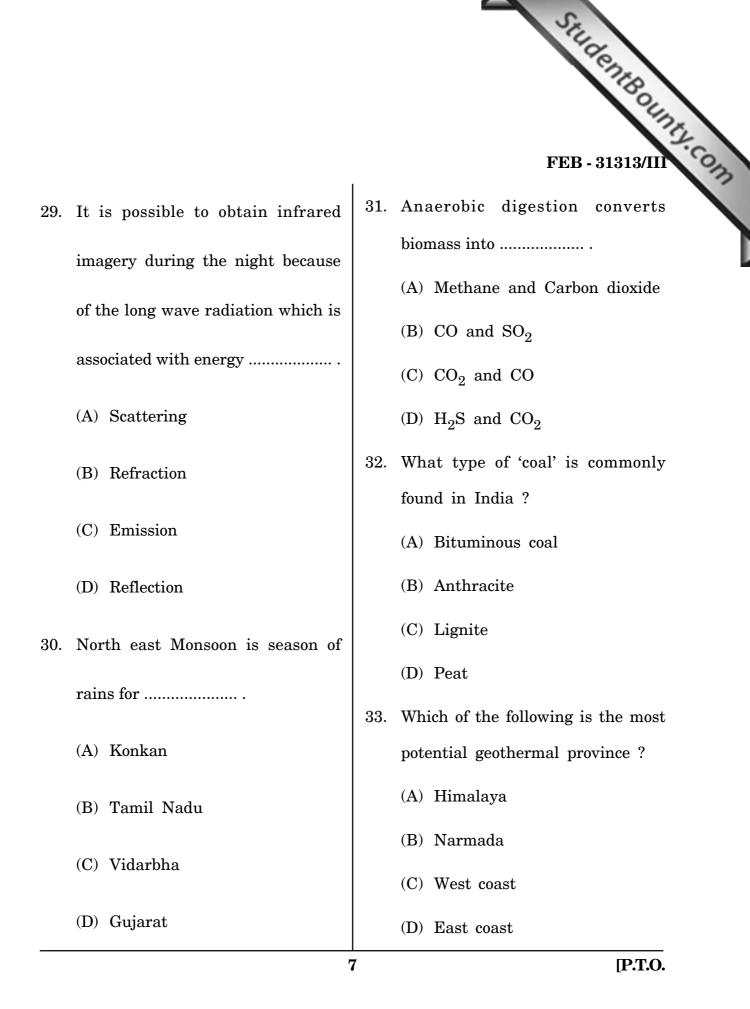
- (A) Bacillus subtilis
- (B) Rhizobium sp.
- (C) Acetobacter diazotrophicus
- (D) Azotobacter chroococum
- 23. The following are the examples of plant pathogens. Which one of them is air-borne ?
 - (A) Phytophthora infestans
 - (B) Sclerotium rolfsii
 - (C) Rhizoctonia solani
 - (D) Cercospora arachidicola

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- 24. What type of earthquakes would most likely occur in Maharashtra ?
 - (A) Subduction type
 - (B) Intra plate type
 - (C) Inter-plate type
 - (D) Oceanic ridge type
- 25. Which REE has application as a chemical oxidizing agent ?
 - (A) La
 - (B) Ce
 - (C) Nd
 - (D) Eu
- 26. The normal date of onset of South West Monsoon over Mumbai is
 - (A) 15th June
 - (B) 7th June
 - (C) 10th June
 - (D) 1st June

- 27. Which of the following areas is affected most frequently by floods during pre-monsoon season ?
 - (A) NE India
 - (B) NW India
 - (C) Indogangetic plains
 - (D) Maharashtra
- 28. Known deposits of a material that can be extracted profitably are called
 - (A) Resources
 - (B) Reserves
 - (C) Undiscovered reserves
 - (D) Energy consumption



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34.	Which of the following is the	36.	Among the different fossil fuels
	potential oil bearing area in		which has the lowest emission per
	India ?		kilogram ?
	(A) Vidarbha		(A) Petrol
	(B) Chhattisgarh		
	(C) Tripura		(B) Diesel
	(D) Chandigarh		(C) Gas
35.	Despite the negative impacts,		(D) Coal
	thermal power plants using fossil	37.	Currently nuclear power provides
	fuel are most popular. Globally these		approximately% of the
	account for nearly $\%$ of the		world's total energy.
	total power generated.		(Λ) 7
	(A) 50%		(A) 7
	(B) 60%		(B) <1
	(C) 80%		(C) 30
	(D) 70%		(D) 20
	8	3	



38. Which of the following wastes causes

thermal pollution ?

- (A) Spent sulphite liquor
- (B) Distillery spent wash
- (C) Dairy effluent
- (D) Slaughter house effluent
- 39. Which of the following groups of organisms sequesters CO_2 as well as

nitrogen ?

- (A) Green algae
- (B) Fungi
- (C) Cyanobacteria
- (D) Archaebacteria

40. E.coli is an indicator of fecal

pollution of water, because it occurs

in

(A) Water

(B) Soil

- (C) Neither soil nor water
- (D) Only in intestine
- 41. Addition of $HgSO_4$ to water sample

before COD estimation is to

- (A) Deplete chloride content
- (B) Deplete organic matter content
- (C) Enhance oxidation of organic

matter

(D) Catalyse oxidation

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- 42. What is the effect of carbon monoxide as an air pollutant on human beings ?
 - (A) Irritation of eyes
 - (B) Lowering of haemoglobin inblood
 - (C) Sore throat
 - (D) Sneezing
- 43. Which of the following is least air polluting with their use as a fuel ?
 - (A) Petrol
 - (B) Diesel
 - (C) Coal
 - (D) Gas

- 44. Which of the following involves physiochemical treatment ?
 - (A) Primary
 - (B) Secondary
 - (C) Tertiary
 - (D) Advanced
- 45. Environmental impact statement is a summary of EIA.
 - (A) Technical
 - (B) Non-technical
 - (C) Exhaustive
 - (D) Comprehensive
- 46. Description of environment as it exists in nature is an :
 - (A) Environmental Inventory
 - (B) Environmental Setting
 - (C) Environmental Audit
 - (D) Environmental Management Plan



- 47. The expanded EIA is termed as :
 - (A) Rapid EIA
 - (B) Strategic EIA
 - (C) Short term EIA
 - (D) Special EIA
- 48. The irreversible impacts can be a significant issue in EIA as these are :
 - (A) Susceptible to mitigation measures
 - (B) Not susceptible to mitigation measures
 - (C) Irradicable by mitigation measures
 - (D) Managed properly by mitigation measures

- 49. The secondary and tertiary impacts of initiating action can be addressedby :
 - (A) Simple matrix
 - (B) Stepped or cross impact matrix
 - (C) Checklists
 - (D) Maps
- 50. Increasing urbanization in India is likely to affect food production in the future by
 - (A) Road widening in agriculture lands
 - (B) Construction of houses in city fringe areas
 - (C) Conversion of top soil from agriculture lands in brick making
 - (D) Using groundwater for domestic needs

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- 51. Urban planning essentially should 53. The average per capita per day take into account of the inhabitants.
 - (A) Health
 - (B) Transportation facility
 - (C) Proper sanitation
 - (D) Clean water supply
- 52. A sustainable crop is the one which
 - (A) uses more water
 - (B) changes with market demand
 - (C) is grown as per local agroclimatic conditions
 - (D) is grown as per the wish of the farmer

- municipal solid waste generated in the Indian towns and cities is :
 - (A) 1 kg
 - (B) 0.5 kg
 - (C) 0.33 kg
 - (D) 0.1 kg
- Which of the following is the safe 54. method for biomedical waste disposal?
 - (A) Burning
 - (B) Incineration
 - (C) Landfilling
 - (D) Open dumping

- 55. Every person cultivating or dealing in, a specified plant or part or derivative thereof shall seek permission from chief wildlife warden as per :
 - (A) Conservation Act, 1980
 - (B) Indian Forest Act, 1982
 - (C) Wildlife (Protection) Act, amended 1991
 - (D) Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972
- 56. The AIR Prevention and Control of Pollution Act was passed by the Parliament in
 - (A) 1972(B) 1978
 - (C) 1981
 - (D) 1986

- 57. The protection of wet land and its flora and fauna is internationally covered by
 - (A) Kite's Convention
 - (B) Ramsar Convention
 - (C) Montreal Protocol
 - (D) Paris Convention
- 58. The first global convention for protection of ozone layer was held in for further action ?
 - (A) Bonn Convention, 1979
 - (B) Vienna Convention, 1987
 - (C) Montreal Protocol, 1989
 - (D) Kyoto Protocol, 1996



- 59. CHIPKO ANDOLAN deals with protection of
 - (A) Forests in Uttar Pradesh
 - (B) Forest in Madhya Pradesh
 - (C) Wildlife in Orissa
 - (D) Marine organisms in rivers
- 60. Which part of the human ear is composed of the sensory cells ?
 - (A) Inner
 - (B) Middle
 - (C) Outer
 - (D) Pinnae
- 61. The normal conversation of human beings is in the sound frequency of
 - (A) 500 to 2000 Hz
 - (B) 50 to 5000 $\,Hz$
 - (C) 0 to 200 Hz
 - (D) 100 to 1000 Hz

- 62. Identify the relationship between arithmetic mean, geometric mean and harmonic mean ?
 - (A) AM > GM > HM
 - (B) AM < GM < HM
 - (C) GM > HM > AM
 - (D) HM > AM > GM
- 63. The sample variance of a random sample from the standard normal distribution follows ?
 - (A) The Chi-square distribution
 - (B) Approximately normal distribution
 - (C) Student's t distribution
 - (D) Ratio of two normal distributions



- 64. The mean and variance of the Poisson distribution satisfy the following relationship ?
 - (A) Mean > variance
 - (B) Mean < variance
 - (C) Mean = variance
 - (D) Mean may or may not be smaller than the variance
- 65. A non-homogeneous system of linear equations has infinitely many solutions if
 - (A) It has at least two distinct solutions
 - (B) The matrix of coefficients has a unique inverse
 - (C) The equations are inconsistent
 - (D) The matrix of coefficients is indefinite

- 66. In a test of hypothesis, the type I error is defined by the event of
 - (A) Accepting the hypothesis that is false
 - (B) Rejecting the hypothesis that is true
 - (C) Accepting the null hypothesis
 - (D) Rejecting the null hypothesiswhen it is true
- 67. Population growth models can be
 - (A) Linear or exponential
 - (B) Qualitative or quantitative
 - (C) Based on counts or measurements
 - (D) Developed using population characteristics

- 68. Which of the following is an example of recycling of waste ?
 - (A) Sedimentation of suspended solids
 - (B) Conversion of lignocellulosic waste into protein rich biomass
 - (C) Coagulation of suspended solids
 - (D) Precipitation of dissolved solids
- 69. Which of the following is an example
 - of nosocomial pathogen ?
 - (A) Salmonella typhi
 - (B) Vibrio cholerae
 - (C) Hepatitis B
 - (D) Pseudomonas aeruginosa

- StudentBounty.com 70. Ozone depletion causes various impacts in the biosphere which are harmful, to reduce these, production of were reduced.
 - (A) CH₄
 - (B) SO₂
 - (C) CFC
 - (D) NH₃
- 71. Global warming leads to various effects, which one of the following is *not* one of these ?
 - (A) Rise in sea level
 - (B) Retreat of glaciers
 - (C) Frequent earthquakes
 - (D) More extreme summers

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- 72. Ramsar Convention is related to
 - (A) Conservation of wetlands
 - (B) Areas rich in biodiversity
 - (C) Areas affected by monsoon cyclones
 - (D) Areas likely affected by desertification
- Lakes in India, are being degraded mainly because of
 - (A) Pollution
 - (B) Over-exploitation
 - (C) Eutrophication
 - (D) Reclamation

- - (A) It is on the confluence
 - (B) It is situated in an earthquake sensitive zone
 - (C) Of the rehabilitation problems of locals
 - (D) It is in the religious region
- 75. Agenda-21 indicates
 - (A) Planning for environmental protection in 21st century
 - (B) The 21, conditions in the biodiversity conservation protocol
 - (C) The number of countries which supported the protocol
 - (D) The number of the resolution onUN list during UNCED

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