

ELECTRONIC SCIENCE**Paper II****Time Allowed : 75 Minutes]****[Maximum Marks : 100****Note :** This Paper contains **Fifty (50)** multiple choice questions, each question carrying **Two (2)** marks. Attempt *All* questions.

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| <p>1. For a certain 12 V zener diode, a 10 mA change in zener current produces a 0.1 V change in zener voltage. The zener impedance for this current, change is :</p> <p>(A) 0.1 ohm
(B) 1 ohm
(C) 10 ohm
(D) 100 ohm</p> <p>2. Which of the following statements is <i>correct</i> :</p> <p>(A) more number of electron-hole pairs will be generated in silicon than in germanium at room temperature</p> <p>(B) less number of electron-hole pairs will be generated in silicon than germanium at room temperature</p> <p>(C) number of electron-hole pairs generated are equal both in silicon and germanium at room temperature</p> <p>(D) Conductivity of silicon is more than that of germanium at room temperature</p> | <p>3. The process of growth, by which an amount of material is set down upon a crystalline substrate while the overall single-crystal structure is still preserved, is known as..... .</p> <p>(A) Impurity diffusion
(B) Doping
(C) Epitaxy
(D) Ion implantation</p> <p>4. A major factor that limits the high frequency gain of MOS transistors is.....caused by overlapping of the gate electrode and the drain.</p> <p>(A) Overall impedance
(B) Parasitic capacitance
(C) Parasitic conductance
(D) Overall conductance</p> |
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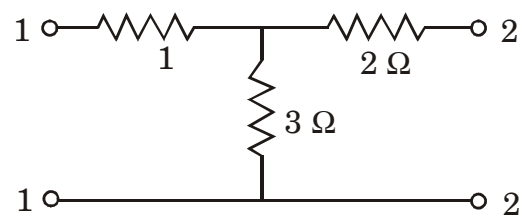
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5. Metallization in IC fabrication is carried by :
- (A) CVD technique
- (B) EB evaporation technique
- (C) ALD technique
- (D) Oxidation technique
6. A circuit consists of two resistances R_1 and R_2 in parallel. The total current passing through the circuit is I_T , then the current passing through R_1 is :
- (A) $\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} I_T$
- (B) $\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} I_T$
- (C) $\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} I_T$
- (D) $\frac{I_T}{R_1 [R_1 + R_2]}$
7. Laplace transform of first derivative of a function $f(t)$ is :
- (A) $\frac{F(S)}{S}$
- (B) $S F(S) - f(0)$
- (C) $F(S) - f(0)$
- (D) $S F(S) - S f(0)$
8. Z-transform of $x(n) = \delta(n - k)$ for $k > 0$ is :
- (A) Z^K
- (B) 1
- (C) Z^{-K}
- (D) K

9. One of the following properties of transfer function is *correct* :

- (A) The transfer function is not a ratio of polynomials in S
- (B) All complex poles and zeros must not occur in conjugate pairs
- (C) The real parts of all poles must be positive
- (D) The coefficients of numerator polynomial $P(S)$ and denominator polynomial $Q(S)$ must be real

10. What is the driving-point impedance of the following circuit (consider 1-1 port as input) ?



- (A) 3Ω
- (B) 5Ω
- (C) 4Ω
- (D) 2.2Ω

11. The average value of a half wave rectifier voltage with a peak value of 200 V is :

- (A) 63.7 V
- (B) 127.3 V
- (C) 141 V
- (D) 0 V

12. A DC voltage regulated power supply normally uses :

- (A) only amplifier circuit
- (B) only negative feedback
- (C) amplifier and error feedback
- (D) only filter circuit

13. Two inputs $\sin \omega t$ and $\cos \omega t$ are fed to two terminals of a differential amplifier. The output will be :

- (A) $\sin \omega t + \cos \omega t$
- (B) $\sin \omega t - \cos \omega t$
- (C) 0
- (D) $\sin \omega t \cdot \cos \omega t$

14. For an inverting amplifier, the input is fed through a resistance R_1 and let R_2 be the feedback resistance. Then the input resistance is approximately :

- (A) R_1^2 / R_2
- (B) R_2^2 / R_1
- (C) $\sqrt{R_1 R_2}$
- (D) R_1

15. If A is the amplifier gain and B is the feedback factor, then condition for generating oscillations is :

- (A) $AB = -1$
- (B) $AB = +1$
- (C) $AB = 0$
- (D) $AB = \infty$

16. The most suitable gate for comparing two bits is :
- (A) AND
 - (B) OR
 - (C) NAND
 - (D) XOR
17. On a Karnaugh map, grouping the 0's produces :
- (A) a product of sums expression
 - (B) a sum of products expression
 - (C) a "don't care" condition
 - (D) AND-OR logic
18. A 4-bit parallel adder can add :
- (A) two 4-bit binary numbers
 - (B) two 2-bit binary numbers
 - (C) four bits at a time
 - (D) four bits in a sequence
19. A modulus 5 ring counter requires a minimum of :
- (A) ten flip-flops
 - (B) five flip-flops
 - (C) four flip-flops
 - (D) twelve flip-flops
20. A memory with 256 addresses has :
- (A) 256 address lines
 - (B) 6 address lines
 - (C) 1 address line
 - (D) 8 address lines
21. Which of the following is an example of embedded system for data communication ?
- (A) USB for mass storage
 - (B) Digital camera
 - (C) Network router
 - (D) Music player

22. What is the minimum number of I/O lines required to interface a 16 key matrix keyboard ?

- (A) 16
- (B) 8
- (C) 32
- (D) 4

23. What is the minimum number of interface lines required for implementing I2C interface ?

- (A) 2
- (B) 1
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

24. The serial port of the standard 8051 architecture is :

- (A) Simplex
- (B) Half duplex
- (C) 'Receive' buffered
- (D) 'Transmit' buffered

25. Which is the addressing mode for the instruction `MOVC A, @ A + DPTR` ?

- (A) Direct
- (B) Indexed
- (C) Immediate
- (D) Register

26. What will be the output of the following C program module ?

```
main( )  
  
{   int i, j;  
  
    i = 0;  
  
    do  
  
    {   j = i * i;  
  
        i++;  
  
    }   while (j <= 6);  
  
    print ("%d %d", i, j);  
  
}
```

- (A) 2 4
- (B) 3 4
- (C) 4 9
- (D) 4 4

27. The resolution of a SVGA monitor is :

- (A) 320 × 200
- (B) 320 × 400
- (C) 640 × 640
- (D) 640 × 480

28. The data structure which allows storage of multiple values in the same variable name with a subscript is called as :

- (A) Array
- (B) Tree
- (C) List
- (D) Que

29. Which of the following is *not* a serial port ?
- (A) USB
 - (B) Centronix port
 - (C) RS232 C
 - (D) 9 pin D connector on a PC motherboard
30. The correct sequence for file handling in C is :
- (A) Define file pointer, use fopen, read/write data, close
 - (B) Use fopen, define file pointer, read/write data, close
 - (C) Use fopen, close, define file pointer, read/write data
 - (D) Define file pointer, read/write data use fopen, close
31. A transmission line has a VSWR of 2, The reflection coefficient is :
- (A) $\frac{1}{3}$
 - (B) 0
 - (C) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - (D) $\frac{1}{2}$
32. A strip transmission line is formed over a dielectric medium with $\epsilon_r = 4$. The width of the strip is 6 mm and the thickness of dielectric is 2 mm. The characteristic impedance of this line is :
- (A) $\frac{1}{20} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}}$
 - (B) $\sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}}$
 - (C) $2 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}}$
 - (D) $\frac{1}{10} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}}$