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सूचनेविना

पर्यवेक्षकांच्या



प्रश्नपुस्तिका

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमाक

BOOKLET NO.

वेळ : $1\frac{1}{2}$ (दीड) तास

मराठी, इंग्रजी व सामान्य अध्ययन

सूचना

Student Bounty.com सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 150 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदल्न घ्यावी. परीक्षा-क्रमांक

आपला एरीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉल्पेनने लिहावा.

↑ केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे शेवटचा अंक

- वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे **न विसरता नमृद करावा**.
- (अ) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला ४ पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असुन त्यांना १, २, ३ आणि ४ असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
 - (ब) आयोगाने ज्या विषयासाठी मराठी बरोबर इंग्रजी माध्यम विहित केलेले आहे. त्या विषयाचा प्रत्येक प्रश्न मराठी बरोबर इंग्रजी भाषेत देखील छापण्यात आला आहे. त्यामधील इंग्रजीतील किंवा मराठीतील प्रश्नामध्ये मुद्रणदोषांमुळे अथवा अन्य कारणांमुळे विसंगती निर्माण झाल्याची शंका आल्यास, उमेदवाराने संबंधित प्रश्न पर्यायी भाषेतील प्रश्नाशी ताडुन पहावा.
- सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमूळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पढील प्रश्नाकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
- उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.
- ्रप्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मुल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार पर्यायांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील''.

ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नप्स्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वक्रपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनिधकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरूद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुस्तिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर पहा

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- (a) तद्भव
- (i) यथामति
- (b) तत्सम
- (ii) दूध
- (c) देशी
- (iii) कंडक्टर
- (d) परकीय
- (iv) झोप
- (1) (c) आणि (ii)
- (2) (b) आणि (i)
- (3) (d) आणि (iv)
- (4) (a) आणि (iii)

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2. 'अपसारण चिन्हांचा' वापर केंव्हा करण्यात येतो?

- (a) संबोधन दर्शविताना.
- (b) बोलता बोलता विचारमालिका तुटल्यास.
- (c) '----' या चिन्हाचा वापर करताना.
- (d) स्पष्टीकरण द्यावयाचे असल्यास.
- (1) फक्त (a)

- (2) (b) आणि (c) फक्त
- (3) (b) आणि (d) फक्त

(4) (a), (b) आणि (d) फक्त

3. खालील पर्यायी उत्तरांतील गटाबाहेरचे असलेले पर्यायी उत्तर कोणते?

- (1) धसाडा
- (2) सुळा
- (3) शल्य
- (4) धांगड

4. ''शेणाचा दिवा लावणे'' या वाक्प्रचाराचा अर्थ सांगा -

- (1) मूर्खपणाचे कृत्य करणे
- (2) दिवाळे काढणे

(3) भित्रेपणा दाखविणे

(4) मिजास करणे

खालील शब्दातील योग्य वर्णरचना कशी आहे, ते पर्यायी उत्तरांतून शोधा -

'धृतराष्ट्र'

(1) ध् + ऋ + त् + अ + र् + आ + ष् + द + र् + अ

- (2) ध् + ऋ + त् + अ + र् + आ + ष् + ट् + र् + अ
- (4) ध + ऋ + त् + अ ् + र् + आ + ष् + ट् + र् + अ

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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6.	खार्ल	ोल वा	रूप्रचार	हा कोण	ात्या पर	र्गायी उत्त	ारांतील उ	दोहरण	ाने दार	ब्रविला आहे ?			175
	'कच	छपी ल	गणे '										
	(1)	एखा	दे काम	करण्या	ाची प्रति	ज्ञा कर	णे.	(2)	एखाः	द्याच्या नादी लागणे	ì.		
	(3)	माघा	र घेणे.					(4)	अडच	वणीत सापडणे.			
7.	'' भुंग	॥''या	शब्दाच	र समाना	ार्थी शब्द	द सांगा	_						
	(1)	भानू			(2)	समीर	्ण		(3)	मिलिंद	(4)	मृगेंद्र	
8.	खाली	ल पर्या	ची उत्त	संतून पू	र्वरूप स	गंधी ओ	ळखा ?						
	(1)	देवात	ल य		(2)	चांगल	हेसे		(3)	दिग्विजय	(4)	मनोरथ	
9.	खार्ल	ल शब्द	रसमूहाब	म्हल एव	ह शब्द	सांगा -							
	''भोग	कत को	रडा शि	धा मिळ	ज्याचे '	ठिकाण	, ,						
	(1)	अन्त	গুস		(2)	सदाव	ार्त		(3)	भोजनालय	(4)	देवालय	
10.										पाने दिलेले आहेत	r. पर्यायी र	उत्तरांतून योग्यः	 असलेल्या
	पार १				, त पय	।या उत्त	र शोधून '—'		_				
	(-)		वाक् प्र उष्टे क			<i>(</i> :)	'ज्ञ' अ						
	(a)		उष्ट क गोड क			(i)	गप्प व थोडे ख						
	(b)			रण		(ii)							
	(c)		धालणे 			(iii)			_				
	(d)		आवरणे	İ		(iv)	आगाऊ	बालण	Ī				
	पयाय	ो उत्तरे											
	<i>(</i>)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)								
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)								
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)								
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(i i)								

Student Bounts, com 'लिंगविचारा' संबंधी योग्य विधान कोणते ते पर्यायी उत्तरांतून सांगा -11. लिंग हे उभयान्वयी अव्ययावरून ओळखतात. (1)

- नामाचे रूप हे एक लिंग ओळखण्याची खूण आहे. (2)
- 'लिंग विचारात' व्याकरणकारांनी शब्दयोगी अव्ययाचा अधिक उपयोग केला आहे. (3)
- केवलप्रयोगी अव्यय हे लिंग ओळखण्याचे एकमात्र साधन होय. **(4)**

पर्यायी उत्तरांत कोणता शब्द तद्भव शब्द नाही ? 12.

- भाऊ (1)
- सासरा (2)
- झोप (3)
- कोवळा (4)

खालील शब्दाचा अर्थ पर्यायी उत्तरातून शोधा -**13**.

''उपळी''

- जिमनीतून पाझरुन निघणारा झरा (1)
- डोंगरातून कोसळणारा धबधबा (2)
- डोंगरातून उगम पावणारी नदी (3)
- नदीत जेथवर समुद्राच्या भरतीचे पाणी येते तेथवरचा नदीचा भाग (4)

खालील पर्यायी उत्तरांतील क्रियाविशेषण शब्द असलेले योग्य पर्यायी उत्तर कोणते? 14.

- तांदुळ बिंदूळ (1)
- वाईट साईट (2)
- उद्या बिद्या (3)
- गेला बिला **(4)**

मराठी 'प्रयोग विचारात' कर्तरी प्रयोगाची चर्चा केली आहे. यामध्ये -**15**.

- कर्माप्रमाणे क्रियापद असते. (a)
- कर्ता प्रथमांत असतो. (b)
- कर्म असतेही किंवा नसतेही. (c)
- संकीर्ण प्रयोगातही असतो.

वरीलपैकी कोणते विधान बरोबर आहे?

फक्त (a) (1)

(a) आणि (b) (2)

(a), (b), आणि (c) (3)

(b), (c) आणि (d) (4)

					, ed	6
					Stud	180
CO	3		6			10
16.	खार्ल	ो दिलेल्या शब्दाप्रमाणे पर्यायी उत्तरांती	ल योग्य पर्यार	यी उत्तर शोधून काढा -		•
	'विश	षिण वाक्य'				
	(1)	त्याचे डोळे पाणावले	(2)	त्याचे डोळे पाणीगत आ		
	(3)	त्यांच्या डोळ्यात पाणी आले.	(4)	त्याचे डोळे पाणीदार आ	हेत.	
17.	खार्ल	ोल पर्यायी उत्तरांतून 'व्यंजना' शब्दशक	ती ओळखा :			
	(1)	आज किती गाड्यांची आवक झाली.				
	(2)	तो निवळ साप आहे.				
	(3)	सायंकाळची शोभा काहिशी औरच	असते.			
	(4)	आम्ही गहू खातो.				
 18.		आम्ही गहू खातो. 	होत नाही ?		·	
 18.			ग़ेत नाही ?	(3) मूल	(4) पान	
	खाली (1)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह	शेत नाही ?	(3) मूल	(4) पान	
	खाली (1)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू	होत नाही ? ————————————————————————————————————	(3) मूल जानवे	(4) पान	
18. 19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वध् सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा -			(4) पान	
19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा – वराहावतार	(2) (4)	जान वे होम	(4) पान	
19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा - वराहावतार यज्ञ करण्याची ठराविक जागा	(2) (4) यात आला अ	जान वे होम	(4) पान	
19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा - वराहावतार यज्ञ करण्याची ठराविक जागा	(2) (4) यात आला अ	जान वे होम	(4) पान	
19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3) वर्णिंट (a)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा - वराहावतार यज्ञ करण्याची ठराविक जागा वचारामध्ये मूर्धन्य वर्णांचा विचार करण क्, ख्या स्पर्श व्यंजनांचा उल्लेख ये	(2) (4) यात आला अ वेतो.	जान वे होम	(4) पान	
19.	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3) वर्णि (a) (b)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा - वराहावतार यज्ञ करण्याची ठराविक जागा वचारामध्ये मूर्धन्य वर्णांचा विचार करण् क्, ख् या स्पर्श व्यंजनांचा उल्लेख ये अनुनासिकांचा समावेश होतो.	(2) (4) यात आला अ तेतो.	जानवे होम गहे. यामध्ये -		
	खाली (1) ''यज्ञ (1) (3) वर्णि (a) (b) (c) (d)	लिपैकी कोणत्या शब्दाचे सामान्यरूप ह ससा (2) वधू सूकर'' या शब्दाचा अर्थ सांगा – वराहावतार यज्ञ करण्याची ठराविक जागा विचारामध्ये मूर्धन्य वर्णांचा विचार करण् क्, ख् या स्पर्श व्यंजनांचा उल्लेख ये अनुनासिकांचा समावेश होतो. ट्, ठ् कठोर व्यंजने पाहवयास मिळत	(2) (4) यात आला अ तेतो.	जानवे होम गहे. यामध्ये -		

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25.	पुढील	ठ गोप्टींचे भान ठेवून	आपल्य	ाला लेखन करता ः	आले	पाहिजे	, याकरिता –		13
	(a)	दोन शब्दात अंतर	ठेवणे.						
	(b)	विरामचिन्हांचा यो	ग्यरितीने	वापर करणे.					
	(c)	वाक्याच्या ओळीती	ोल सर्व :	शब्दांची नाहक अ	दला	बदल क	रणे.		
	(d)	परिच्छेद रचना क							
	पर्यायं	ी उत्तरांतील योग्य र	उत्तर कोण	ाते ?					
	(1)	फक्त (b)		((2)	फक्त	(a) आणि (b)		
	(3)	फक्त (a), (b), 3	गणि (c)	((4)	फक्त	(a), (b) आणि (d)		
26.	खाली	ल विधानातील अधे	ोरेखित श	ब्दाचा कारकार्थ व	कोणत	ता ?			
	'त्याच	या वागण्याचा मला	राग आल	ı'.					
	(1)	कर्ता	(2)	करण		(3)	अपादान	(4)	अधिकरण
27.	पर्यार्थ	ो उत्तरांतून खालील	वाक्य को	णत्या वाक्यप्रकारा	— चे अ	गहे. ते र	सांगा -		
	'चारि	त्र्यहीनतेमुळे देश रस	।तळाला	जातो व चारित्र्यसंप	न्हाते	मुळे तो	वैभव शिखरावर जार	क्रन पोहो ^{न्}	चतो. '
	(1)	मिश्र वाक्य	(2)	गौण वाक्य		(3)	संयुक्त वाक्य	(4)	केवल वाक्य
28.	खाली	ल उदाहरण क्रियापट	(ाच्या- व	गळावरून कोणत्य	ा प्रव	जरातील	आहे, हे पर्यायी उत्त	रांतून शो	धा –
	'मी ग	गोष्ट लिहिली आहे'.							
	(1)	साधा	(2)	पूर्ण		(3)	रीती	(4)	अपूर्ण
29.	खाली	ल उदाहरण हे कोण	त्या वाक्	प्रचाराचे आहे. पर		उत्तरांतू	न शोधा -		
	'निरू	पाय होणे. '							
	(1)	कोंडमारा होणे	(2)	कानावर पडणे		(3)	कानाडोळा करणे	(4)	खडे फोडणे
									

		गहेरील शब्द को								
	(1)	ते काम त्यास माझ्या हाताला		गला.	(2) (4)		ा समस । यक्कार त्यांचे वागणे बिल			
0.	क्रिया	विशेषणाचे योग	य उत्तर सांगा				हरणे दिली आहेत. ग सभेस चिक्कार		गपकर्षदर्शक संख्याव बोती	ग्रचक
	(1)	बैदूल	(2)	विश्वासला		(3)	शामरावांनी	(4)	दिले	
	'शाम	रावांनी विश्वास	ला बैदूल दिले	5. '						
9.	खाली	ल वाक्यातील ि	वधेय-पूरक	कोणते ?		- ""				
	(3)	पाऊस पडतार	व हवेत गारवा	येतो ना.	(4)	पाऊस	। पडताच हवेत ग	ारवा येत ना	ही असे नाही.	
	(1)	पाऊस पडतो	व हवेत गारव	ा येतो.	(2)		। पडता तर हवेत [ः]			
8.	पुढील	पैकी संकेतार्थी	वाक्य ओळख	ग ~						
	(3)	चुकीची कडव	फ शब्दांत जा	गीव करुन देणे	(4)	गुप्त ग	गेष्ट तिसऱ्यास सां	गणे 		
	(1)	दुर्लक्ष करणे			(2)		मणे ऐकू येणे			
7.	''घट्	कर्णी होणे'' या	वाक्प्रचाराच	ा अर्थ सांगा -						
	(4)	तो जोराने धाव	त असताना प	ਪਤਲ <u>ੀ</u> .	·					
	(3)	तो जोराने धाव	•							
	(2)	तो जोराने धाव	त होता म्हणून	। तो पडला.						
	(1)	तो जोराने धाव	त होता आणि	धावता धावता	तो पड	ਲਾ.				
6.	खाली	ल पर्यायी उत्तरां	तून केवल वा	क्य कोणते ते स	ांगा ?				Studenth	
:O3					10				1	4,

अनेक गोष्टीत एकाच वेळी लक्ष देणारा

आठ वेळा अवधान ठेवणारा

(1)

(3)

P.T.O.

(2)

समोर पाहणारी व्यक्ती

(4) एका वेळी एकच गोष्ट पाहणारा

पुढील उतारा वाचून प्रश्न क्रमांक 46 ते 50 या प्रश्नांची पर्यायी उत्तरांतून योग्य उत्तरे लिहा -

Student Bounty.com गांधींच्या मते सत्याग्रह हा अन्यायाविरुद्ध लढण्याचा प्रत्यक्ष कृतीचा सर्वात प्रभावी मार्ग आहे. त्यामुळे इतर मार्ग थकल्यानंतरच याचा अवलंब केला जावा, असे ते म्हणतात. 'सविनय प्रतिकार' ही संज्ञा गांधी सुरुवातीला सत्याग्रहाचा आशय व्यक्त करण्यासाठी वापरत असत; पण नंतर त्यांना असे जाणवले, की ती संज्ञा पुरेशी अर्थवाही नाही. ती फक्त एका कृतीचे वर्णन करते. ती ज्या पद्धतीचा एक भाग असते, त्या पद्धतीसंबंधी तिच्यातून काहीच सूचित होत नाही. 'दुराचाराचाही मुकाबला सदाचाराने करावा' हे गांधीविचाराचे अंत:सूत्र होते आणि गांधींच्या असे लक्षात आले, की 'सविनय प्रतिकार' ही फारच मर्यादित आशय व्यक्त करणारी संज्ञा आहे. एवढेच नव्हे, तर ते दुर्बलांचे शस्त्र वाटण्याचा, द्वेषबृद्धीतून वापरले जाण्याचा आणि शेवटी हिंसाचारात परिवर्तित होण्याचा मोठा धोकाही संभवतो. त्याचा हेतू प्रतिपक्षाला शरण आणून लाजवण्याचा असु शकतो. समर्थ प्रतिपक्षाच्या तुलनेत आपण दुर्बल असल्यामुळे पर्याय नसल्यामुळे त्यात हिंसा टाळली जाईल; पण हिंसा अनैतिक म्हणून त्याज्य ठरेलच, असे नाही, योग्य वेळ येताच हिंसाचारी मार्ग आचरण्यासही मार्ग-पढे पाहिले जाणार नाही, हे सारे सत्याग्रहाच्या संकल्पनेशी मुळातच विसंगत आहे. सत्याग्रह हे आत्मिक सामर्थ्य असून येशू ख्रिस्त, डॅनियल व सॉक्रेटिस हे त्याचे मूर्तिमंत आविष्कार आहेत.

सत्याग्रहाचे पहिले तत्त्व म्हणजे 'सत्याचा शोध करायचा झाल्यास विरोधकाशी वागताना हिंसेचा अवलंब करता कामा नये, तर धीर धरून व सहानुभृती दाखवुन त्याला चुकीपासुन परावृत्त केले पाहिजे. जी गोष्ट एकाला सत्य वाटते, ती दसऱ्याला चुकीची वाट्र शकते आणि धीर धरणे म्हणजे आत्मक्लेश सहन करणे. 'म्हणून सत्याग्रहाच्या तंत्रात विरोधकाला त्रास देणे बसत नाही. त्याचा भर स्वतः क्लेश सोसण्यावर असतो. सत्य आणि अहिंसा या दोहोंच्या मिलाफातून संपूर्ण जगाला नतमस्तक करवता येऊ शकते, हा सत्याग्रहामागील मूल-विचार आहे. राजकीय व राष्ट्रीय जीवनात सत्य व सौजन्य यांचा आविष्कार करणे म्हणजे सत्याग्रह. हा आग्रह निष्क्रिय (पॅसिव्ह) नसतो. किंबहुना निष्क्रियतेचा जेवढा धसका या अथक झुंजार योद्ध्याने (सत्याग्रहीने) घेतलेला असतो, तेवढा दुसऱ्या कुणीच घेतलेला नसतो. सिक्रय प्रतिकार हा त्या चळवळीचा आत्मा असतो; पण तो प्रतिकार हिंसाचारात सिक्रय न होता प्रेम, विश्वास आणि त्याग या स्वरूपात सिक्रय होत असतो आणि शक्तींची ही त्रिवेणी 'सत्याग्रह' संज्ञेत अभिव्यक्त होत असते. म्हणूनच 'सत्याग्रह' व 'सविनय प्रतिकार' या संज्ञा भिन्न आहेत. गांधींनी बृद्ध्याच पहिलीचा स्वीकार केला आहे.

गांधींची सत्याग्रह कल्पना ही एक अभिनव कल्पना असून पश्चिमेतील सामाजिक, राजकीय विचारांत तिला तोड सापडणार नाही. किंबहुना असे म्हटले तरी अतिशयोक्ती होऊ नये की, 'सत्याग्रह संकल्पना' ही गांधींनी विश्वविचाराला दिलेली अभिजात देणगी आहे.

दुराचार पाहत रहावा. (a)

- दुराचाराशी मुकाबला करावा. (b)
- मुकाबला करताना वर्तन दुष्ट ठेवावे.
- सिक्रय प्रतिकार चळवळीचा आत्मा असतो. (d)

वरीलपैकी कोणते विधान बरोबर आहे?

- **(1)** फक्त (c)
- (2) फक्त (d)
- (a) आणि (b) (3)
- (b) आणि (d) (4)

म. गांधींच्या विचाराचे एक अंतःसूत्र होते, ते म्हणजे -46.

											S.
											de
											SHIIDENHOUL
A					13	3					
47 .	'सवि	करण प्रतिकार' एक कृत	तीचे व	वर्णन करते. यात	-						`
	(a)	या कृतीतून काहीच सू	चित ह	होत नाही.							
	(b)	ते एक दुर्बलांचे शस्त्र	आहे.								
	(c)	प्रतिपक्षाला तात्काळ श	रण उ	आणणारी कृती	आहे.						
	(d)	अमर्याद आशय व्यक्त	करण	गारी संज्ञा आहे.							
	खार्ल	लिपैकी कोणते पर्यायी उ	त्तर य	गिग्य आहे?							
	(1)	फक्त (a)	(2)	फक्त (b), (d	()		(3)	फक्त	7 (c)	(4)	फक्त (a), (b)
48.	म, ग	ांधींच्या सत्याग्रहाचे आवि	ग े कर प	ण काही विभूर्ती	व्या दि	काणी '	पाह्वय	ास मिळ	ठते. या	त ~	
	(a)	येशू ख्रिस्त	(b)	डॅनियल		(c)	कार्ल	मार्क्स		(d)	सॉक्रेटिस
	वरील	पैकी पर्यायी उत्तरांतून यो	ोग्य प	ार्यायी उत्तर शोध	T ·-					•	
	(1)	(a) फक्त	(2)	(a), (b) फक्त	ī	(3)	(c) ¹	फक्त	(4)	(a),	(b), (d) फक्त
 49.	म.गां	धोंची सत्याग्रह ही एक क	न्ल्पन	ा आहे. तीत :							
	(a)	अतिशयोक्ती आहे.			(b)	अभि	नव कर	ल्पना अ	गहे.		
	(c)	सामाजिक विचारांचा टे	वा उ	नहे.	(d)	विश्व	विचारा	ला दिले	नेली अ	भजात दे	रणगी आहे.
	वरील	पैकी कोणते विधान बरो	बर ३	आहे ?							
	(1)	फक्त (a)			(2)	फक्त	(b)				
	(3)	(b), (c), (d) फक्त			(4)	(c), ((d) फ	क्त			
50.	म,गां	थींजींनी सत्याग्रहासंबंधी	काही	तत्त्वे सांगितली.	ती अ	ाशी :					
	(a)	हिंसेचा अवलंब करावा	ī.		(b)	विरोध	काला	त्रास दे	ऊ नये.		
		स्वतः क्लेश सोसू नये.			(d)	सौजन	याचा उ	आविष्क	ार करा	गे चुकी	वे ठरेल.
	(c)				()					•	
	• •	पैकी पर्यायी उत्तरांतील 3		5 उत्तर कोणते ?	` ,					9	

'(2)

were

(1)

was

* (3)

are

(4)

been

They frequently _____ (2)tail (1)tale Fill in the most appropriate preposition: 62. These are some tips on candidate's preparation _____ interview. (4) about of for (3) on (1)(2) कच्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

always

(2)

(2)

Α

57.

58.

59.

60.

61.

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)

(1)

(3)

(1)

On and Off

continuously

keep silence

The underlined part connotes:

I wish I were in the hot seat.

Identify the mood.

Subjunctive

speak only when asked

Fill in the blank with correct word:

I believe that food is cheap in Japan.

Convert into simple sentence.

						N.
						den
CO3	;		16			StudentBoll
63.	I hav	ve been taught by a teacher <u>who</u>	o has tale	ent.		
00.		stitute the underlined clause wit		ise.		
	(1)	I have been taught by a teache	•	ng me with talent.		
	(2)	A teacher who has talent has t		_		
	(3)	A teacher who taught me has	•			
	(4)	I have been taught by a talente		er.		
64.	She	knows where the corruption ha	s taken	place.		
	Iden	ntify the underlined clause.				
	(1)	Noun clause	(2)	Adverb clause		
	(3)	Adjective clause	(4)	Main clause		
	Cho	ose the most appropriate word	for the	blank in the senten	ce from t	he choices given
65.	belo					C
65.	belo					Ü
65.	belo	ow: passed her exam. She was		for the second time.		C
65.	belo She	ow: passed her exam. She was	²) succ	for the second time.		C
66.	She (1) (3)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2	2) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness		
	She (1) (3) Cou	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4	2) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness		
	She (1) (3) Cou	passed her exam. She wassucceeded (2 successfully (4 dd you please give me a glass of	2) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness		no article
	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill: (1)	passed her exam. She wassucceeded (2 successfully (4 sld you please give me a glass of in the article.	2) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness water ?		
66.	She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 subject of the article. a (2) an	2) succ 4) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness water ? (3) the		
66.	She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider	passed her exam. She wassucceeded (2 successfully (4 sld you please give me a glass of in the article. a (2) anntify the tense in the sentence :	2) succ 4) succ	for the second time. essful essfulness water ? (3) the		
66.	She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2) an an artifly the tense in the sentence : branch office has been organising.	successive	for the second time. essful essfulness water ? (3) the	(4)	
66.	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The (1) (3)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 ald you please give me a glass of in the article. a (2) an antify the tense in the sentence : branch office has been organism. Present continuous	successive	for the second time. essful essfulness water? (3) the Inction. Present perfect Past perfect contin	(4)	
66.	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The (1) (3)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2 successfully (4 su	successive	for the second time. essful essfulness water? (3) the Inction. Present perfect Past perfect contin	(4)	
66.	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The (1) (3)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2 successfully (4 su	ng the fi (2) (4)	for the second time. essful essfulness water? (3) the unction. Present perfect Past perfect contin	(4)	
66.	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The (1) (3)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (4 successfully (2) and successfully (2) an and successfully (2) an and successfully (3) and successfully (4 successf	ng the fi (2) (4)	for the second time. essful essfulness water? (3) the unction. Present perfect Past perfect contin	(4)	
66.	belo She (1) (3) Cou Fill (1) Ider The (1) (3) Cho Hit (1)	passed her exam. She was succeeded (2 successfully (4 ald you please give me a glass of in the article.	ng the fi (2) (4)	for the second time. essful essfulness water? (3) the unction. Present perfect Past perfect contin	(4)	

				17	,			TOOL
The	interview sess	sion is ove	er. You		go	now.		
Fill	in the approp	riate moda	al auxiliary	verb.				•
(1)	could	(2)	should		(3)	may	(4)	might
Pick	out the corre	ct usage.					_	
(1)	A large num	ber of lad	ies has bec	ome o	officers	S.		
(2)	A large num	ber of lad	ies have be	come	office	rs.		
(3)	A large num	ber of lad	ies was bed	come	officer	s.		
(4)	A large num	ber of lad	ies were be	come	office	rs.		
The	-	•	stly when	they	saw <u>t</u> (iv)	heir teacher.		
In th	his sentence, t	nere are g	rammatical	error	rs in :			
(1)	Part (ii) and	(iii)		(2)	Part	(i) and (iii)		
(3)	Part (i) and	(iv)		(4)	No e	rror at all.		
Her	management	methods a	are <u>idiosyn</u>	cratic	but fr	uitful.		
The	underlined w	ord in this	s sentence r	neans	3:			
(1)	unusual	(2)	unknown		(3)	unpleasant	(4)	unsuitable
Whi	ch of the follo	wing sent	ences sugg	ests ?				
'It is	a right thing	for the ch	ildren to re	spect	elders	′ .		
(1)	The children	shall resp	oect elders.					
(2)	The children	should re	espect elder	s.				
(3)	The children	must res	pect elders.					
(4)	The children	might res	spect elders	3.				
	Fill (1) Pick (1) (2) (3) (4) The In the (1) (3) Her The (1) Whi It is (1) (2) (3)	Fill in the appropriation (1) could Pick out the correct (1) A large num (2) A large num (3) A large num (4) A large num (4) A large num (5) (ii) (ii) In this sentence, the (1) Part (ii) and (3) Part (i) and (3) Part (i) and (4) Unusual Which of the following (1) The children (2) The children (3) The children (3) The children (5)	Fill in the appropriate modal (1) could (2) Pick out the correct usage. (1) A large number of lad. (2) A large number of lad. (3) A large number of lad. (4) A large number of lad. (5) A large number of lad. (6) A large number of lad. (7) A large number of lad. (8) The childrens ran very far. (9) (ii) (iii) In this sentence, there are green (1) Part (ii) and (iii) (1) Part (ii) and (iv) Her management methods at the underlined word in this (1) unusual (2) Which of the following sent. (1) The children shall resp. (2) The children should resp. (3) The children must resp.	Fill in the appropriate modal auxiliary (1) could (2) should Pick out the correct usage. (1) A large number of ladies has bee (2) A large number of ladies have bee (3) A large number of ladies was bee (4) A large number of ladies were bee The childrens ran very fastly when (i) (ii) (iii) In this sentence, there are grammatical (1) Part (ii) and (iii) (3) Part (i) and (iv) Her management methods are idiosyne The underlined word in this sentence in (1) unusual (2) unknown Which of the following sentences suggerit is a right thing for the children to re (1) The children shall respect elders. (2) The children should respect elders.	The interview session is over. You	Fill in the appropriate modal auxiliary verb. (1) could (2) should (3) Pick out the correct usage. (1) A large number of ladies has become officers (2) A large number of ladies have become officers (3) A large number of ladies was become officers (4) A large number of ladies were become officers (4) A large number of ladies were become officers (4) A large number of ladies were become officers (5) (1) (11) (11) (11) (11) (11) (11) (The interview session is over. You go now. Fill in the appropriate modal auxiliary verb. (1) could (2) should (3) may Pick out the correct usage. (1) A large number of ladies has become officers. (2) A large number of ladies have become officers. (3) A large number of ladies was become officers. (4) A large number of ladies were become officers. The childrens ran very fastly when they saw their teacher. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) In this sentence, there are grammatical errors in: (1) Part (ii) and (iii) (2) Part (i) and (iii) (3) Part (i) and (iv) (4) No error at all. Her management methods are idiosyncratic but fruitful. The underlined word in this sentence means: (1) unusual (2) unknown (3) unpleasant Which of the following sentences suggests? 'It is a right thing for the children to respect elders'. (1) The children shall respect elders. (2) The children must respect elders.	The interview session is over. You go now. Fill in the appropriate modal auxiliary verb. (1) could (2) should (3) may (4) Pick out the correct usage. (1) A large number of ladies has become officers. (2) A large number of ladies have become officers. (3) A large number of ladies was become officers. (4) A large number of ladies were become officers. The childrens ran very fastly when they saw their teacher. (i) (ii) (iii) (iii) (iv) In this sentence, there are grammatical errors in: (1) Part (ii) and (iii) (2) Part (i) and (iii) (3) Part (i) and (iv) (4) No error at all. Her management methods are idiosyncratic but fruitful. The underlined word in this sentence means: (1) unusual (2) unknown (3) unpleasant (4) Which of the following sentences suggests? 'It is a right thing for the children to respect elders'. (1) The children should respect elders. (2) The children should respect elders.

74. Choose the correct alternative to complete the following sentence: When beautiful is suffixed with -ly? (1) it converts noun into adjective. (2) it converts adjective into adverb. (3) it converts adjective into adjective. (4) it maintains the original word class. 75. Choose the correct question tag for 'You can drive'. (1) can't you? (2) can you? (3) don't you? (4) won't you? 76. I. don't know anything till now regarding her affair. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (v) (vi) (vii) (iv) (iv					S
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The parts of speech of Word No. (iv) and (vii) respectively are: (1) noun and verb (2) pronoun and verb (3) pronoun and preposition (4) pronoun and adverb 77. I have served your firm for 25 years. Now it is time for me to call it a day. Which of the following is the most appropriate contextual interpretation of the underlipart? (1) to salute your firm. (2) to ask for day-shift of working. (3) to take last breath. (4) to stop working and get retired. 78. Pick out the correctly spelt word. (1) harasment (2) harassment (3) harrasment (4) harrassment 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority.	76.	<u>I</u>	don't know anything till ne	ow res	garding her affair.
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Which of the following is the most appropriate contextual interpretation of the underling part? (1) to salute your firm. (2) to ask for day-shift of working. (3) to take last breath. (4) to stop working and get retired. 78. Pick out the correctly spelt word. (1) harasment (2) harassment (3) harrasment (4) harrassment 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority.		(3)	pronoun and preposition	(4)	pronoun and adverb
part? (1) to salute your firm. (2) to ask for day-shift of working. (3) to take last breath. (4) to stop working and get retired. 78. Pick out the correctly spelt word. (1) harasment (2) harassment (3) harrasment (4) harrassment 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority.	77.	I ha	ve served your firm for 25 years.	Now it	t is time for me to call it a day.
 (3) to take last breath. (4) to stop working and get retired. 78. Pick out the correctly spelt word. (1) harasment (2) harassment 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority. 			<u> </u>	ppropr	iate contextual interpretation of the underlined
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 (3) harrasment (4) harrassment 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority. 	78.	Pick	out the correctly spelt word.		
 79. By withdrawing his own statements the leader has taken U-turn. The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority. 		(1)	harasment	(2)	harassment
The underlined part means: (1) has completely changed the stand. (2) has lost the credit and trust. (3) has surrendered before the authority.		(3)	harrasment	(4)	harrassment
(1) has completely changed the stand.(2) has lost the credit and trust.(3) has surrendered before the authority.	79.	Ву и	vithdrawing his own statements	the lead	der <u>has taken U-turn.</u>
(2) has lost the credit and trust.(3) has surrendered before the authority.		The	underlined part means:		
(3) has surrendered before the authority.		(1)	has completely changed the sta	ınd.	
•		(2)	has lost the credit and trust.		
•		(3)	has surrendered before the auti	hority.	
		(4)	none of the above.	-	

					Stille							
A			19		ence. (4) none of these							
B0.	Choose the most appropriate word for the blank in the sentence.											
	She learned to when she was eleven.											
	(1)	sow (2) so		(3) sew	(4) none of these							
1.	Sam	iksha is <u>homesick</u> .										
	The	underlined word is commor	ıly understo	od as:								
	(1)	one who is sick at home.	(2)	one who is sad	I for being away from home.							
	(3)	one who needs a home.	(4)	one who is sic	k without home.							
2.	This	project is in the pipeline.		,								
	The	underlined part connotes :										
	(1) the project will produce pipelines.											
	(2) the project is flowing in the pipe.											
	(3) the project is being planned and will soon come into existence.											
	(4)	the project is going waste.										
3.	"Co	uld you post this letter ?", I	said to her.									
	Tran	nsform into indirect speech.										
	(1)	I said her if she could post	that letter.									
	(2)	I told her if she could post	that letter.									
	(3)	I asked her if she could po	st that letter	:								
	(4)	I asked her that she should	l post that le	etter.								
34.	The	colleges are gearing up for	cultural com	petitions.								
	The	underlined part means :										
	(1)	starting out	(2)	taking pace								
	(3)	offering guidance	(4)	preparing								
5.		old me to give the students of before the horse.	questions be	fore teaching the	e topic. I think it is <u>keeping th</u>							
	The	underlined part means :										
	(1) freeing the horse tied to the cart.											
	(2) doing the things in the wrong order.											
	(3) stopping the horse by keeping the cart before it.											
	(4)	none of the above.										

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86.	She	ela was kept w	aiting by	y her husban	d.				
	Cha	nge the voice.							•
	(1)	Her husband	wanted	Sheela to w	ait.				
	(2)	Her husband	kept Sh	neela waiting	•				
	(3)	Sheela was n	nade to	wait by her h	nusba	and.			
	(4)	None of the	above.						
87.		ose the correct ne sentence.	meaning	words from	the c	hoices	given below fo	or the un	derlined expressior
	Just	now <u>my hand</u>	s are ful	Ţ					
	(1)	I am very ric	h						
	(2)	I do it uncon	ditionall	у					
	(3)	my hands are	e loaded	with things					
	(4)	I am very bus	sy						
88.	The	phrase 'a bone	of cont	ention' mean	s :	. -			
	(1)	a matter of s	atisfactio	on ,	(2)	a br	illiant idea.		
	(3)	an issue solve	ed.		(4)	a su	bject of disput	e.	
89.	Whi	ch of the follow	wing affi	xes can conv	ert c	ertain	adjectives into	o nouns	?
	(1)	-un	(2)	-ness		(3)	-less	(4)	-s
90.	I car	n easily lift this	can con	itaining 25 lit	res c	of kero	osene.		
	The	underlined wo	ords are	:					
		antonyms	(2)	synonyms		(3)	homonyms	(4)	none of these

95. Very few women are as intelligent as Sakshi is.

Change the degree of comparison.

- (1) Sakshi is the most intelligent woman.
- (2) Sakshi is one of the most intelligent women.
- (3)Sakshi is more intelligent than any other woman.
- **(4)** Sakshi is better in intelligence than other women.

Passage for 96-100:

Bheema thus lived by sifting the ashes of dead bodies. He could not understand this paradox of life and death. The distinction between the two was lost on him. He knew that there was gold in the ashes of a rich person, and that the ashes of a poor man did not contain a grain of the metal. His simple logic led him to believe that only the rich should die to help the poor live in this world and that a poor man has no right to die. He solemnly declared to his friends that those leading a life of humiliation have no call to live or die. Day and night he searched cremation grounds and graveyards. Like a ghoul he lived on corpses and so his life was inextricably woven with corpses.

The sun set and now it was dark. Bheema ate the food served by his wife. Divining his intentions she asked him where he was set for. 'Let's give up this business', she expostulated. 'The whole thing is disgusting. This sifting of ashes, the corpses, the gold, everything is ghastly. People have started talking about us', she said.

'Shut up' Bheema shouted at her. Feeling hurt he said in a peevish tone, 'I'll do what I like. Let people say what they will. Who'll feed us if I don't earn?

'Please don't misunderstand me. This kind of wandering in the cemetery like a fiend is not a fitting occupation for you. I'm frightened to death. The whole thing gives me the creeps.'

'Who's told you that ghosts only haunt graveyards?' retorted Bheema. 'This city of Bombay itself is a colony of ghosts. The real spectres live in houses and the dead ones rot in the graves. Monsters breed in the city, not in the jungles.' Bheema concluded.

This silenced her and Bheema prepared himself for the night's excursion. He growled at his wife that he had not got a job while he roamed all over Bombay, but the funeral ashes had brought him gold. 'When I broke stone the whole day I received only a couple of rupees while a day's work on the funeral ashes fetches me a tenner.' He left home in anger. It was quiet everywhere when Bheema started on his night round.

He had covered his head with a piece of cloth and draped himself with the cowl of a gunnybag. Having girdled his waist Bheema walked on with long strides, holding a pointed iron bar under his arm. All around him it was pitch dark but Bheema was not afraid. The only thought in his mind was that of buying a sari, a petticoat and a blouse and a packet of dates.

- 96. Who are the real ghosts according to Bheema?
 - (1) Those who rot in the graves.
 - (2) People living in the city.
 - (3) Dead men in whose ashes there is gold.
 - (4) Poor people who die without gold.

- 97. Bheema's wife was not happy with his business because :
 - (1) she was afraid of ghosts.
 - (2) sifting of ashes of dead bodies was disgusting.
 - (3) she was hurt by Bheema's peevish tone.
 - (4) Bheema went on his job in the dark.
- 98. The ultimate motive behind Bheema's wandering in the cemetery was:
 - (1) night's excursion
- (2) feed the family
- (3) win a tenner
- (4) take a night round
- 99. The paradox of life and death is:
 - (1) in the death of the rich the poor lives.
 - (2) the poor has no right to live.
 - (3) the rich should die and the poor should not.
 - (4) what wife thinks is ignored by the husband.
- 100. What is the focus of this passage?
 - (1) Difference between the rich and the poor.
 - (2) Differences between husband and wife.
 - (3) Poverty-stricken man's choice of unusual occupation.
 - (4) Sifting of the ashes of dead bodies.

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101.	' अरि	ब्रल भा	रतीय म	जूर संघ	काँग्रेस	ı' (AITU	IC) चे प्रथम	। अध्य	क्ष कोण होते?		
	(1)	व्ही.व	ही. गिरं	.			(2)	एस.प	र. डांगे		
	(3)	जवा	हरलाल	नेहरू			(4)	लाला	लजपत राय		
	Who	n was	the fi	rst Pre	esider	nt of 'All	India Tra	ade II	nion Congress (AITUC) ?
	(1)		. Giri			. 01 . 111	(2)		Dange		i *
	(3)	Jaw	aharia	al Neb	ıru		(4)		Lajpat Rai		
102	 'अति	उपत गाँ	 टांच्या व	മതമതി	— ਜੀ' ਧਾ	थम शिग्वर	परिषद कोण	ात्या ग	हरात आयोजित करण	ग्यात आन	न्न जो होती ?
102.	(1)	्या अन् बेलग्रे	-	-,004001	(2)	गा साजर कैरो	त्राज्यार	(3)	नवी दिल्ली	(4)	य शता : जकार्ता
				=	, ,		<i>i</i>	` ,		, ,	
			•	as the	: First (2)	Summit	t of the 'N	lon-A (3)	ligned Moveme New Delhi	nt' held (4)	l ? — Jakarta
	(1)	De18	grade		(2) 	Callo		(J) 		— - —	
103.	जोङ	ग लावू	न योग्य	पर्याय	निवडा.						
	(a)	म,गो	. रानडे				(i)	मुलीं	प्ताठी शाळा, पुणे		
	(b)	ज्योति	तंबा फु	ले			(ii)	विधव	त्रा विवाहोत्तेजक मंड	ळ	
	(c)	पंडित	ता रमाब	गई			(iii)	आर्य	महिला समाज		
	(d)	धोंडो	केशव	कर्वे			(iv)	अनाः	य बालिकाश्रम, पुणे		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)						
	(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)						
	(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)						
	(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)						
	(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)						
	Cho			•	ite op	tion by	•	-	airs of the follov	•	
	(a)		G. Ran				(i)		ool for girls, Pun		
	(b)	•	iba Pl				(ii)		lhava Wiwahott	-	andal
	(c)			Ramab			(iii)	*	a Mahila Samaj		
	(d)			Keshav		ve	(iv)	Fem	ale Child Orpha	anage,	Pune
	,	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)						
	(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)						
	(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)						
	(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)						
. ,	(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	1 '					

-				प्रसोशिएशन'' चे संस्थापक कोण होते? बी.पी. वाडीया
A			25	Bound
104.	इ.स.	1890 मध्ये स्थापन झालेल्या ''बॉम्बे मिल	हॅन्डस ३	मसोशिएशन'' चे संस्थापक कोण होते ?
	(1)	नारायण मल्हार जोशी	(2)	बी.पी. वाडीया
	(3)	नारायण मेघाजी लोखंडे	(4)	एस.ए. डांगे
	Who	o founded the "Bombay Mill Har	nds Ass	sociation" in 1890 ?
	(1)	Narayan Malhar Joshi	(2)	B.P. Wadia
	(3)	Narayan Meghaji Lokhande	(4)	S.A. Dange
05.	भारत	ात ''आधुनिक टपालसेवेची'' सुरुवात को	णत्या गव्ह	र्नर जनरलच्या काळात झाली?
	(1)	विल्यम बेंटिंक	(2)	लॉर्ड डलहौसी
	(3)	लॉर्ड कॅनिंग	(4)	लॉर्ड रिपन
	Dur Indi	~	tenure	was the 'Modern Postal System' launched in
	(1)	William Bentinck	(2)	Lord Dalhousie
	(3)	Lord Canning	(4)	Lord Ripon
06.	9 मे,	1874 रोजी मुंबईमध्ये प्रथम ट्राम रेल्वे सेव	न्ना कोणत्य	॥ दोन स्थानका-दरम्यान चालू झाली ?
	(1)	कुलाबा ते भायखळा	(2)	कुलाबा ते पायधुनी
	(3)	बोरोबंदर ते ठाणे	(4)	बोरीबंदर ते भायखळा
	On 9	9 th May, 1 874 the tram Service Fi	rst con	nected which two places in Bombay ?
	(1)	Colaba to Byculla	(2)	Colaba to Pydhoni
	(3)	Bori Bunder to Thane	(4)	Bori Bunder to Byculla

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07. ना	र्गिकचा कलेक्टर जॅक्सन	ाची हत्या कोणत्या क्रांतीकारव	माने केली?	
(1	1) गणेश चाफेकर	(2)	वि.दा. सावरकर	
(3	3) अनंत कान्हेरे	(4)	विष्णु गणेश पिंगळे	
W	Which revolutionary	assassinated Jackson,	the Collector of Nas	sik ?
(1	l) Ganesh Chaph	nekar (2)	V.D. Savarkar	
(3	3) Anant Kanhere	e (4)	Vishnu Ganesh f	Pingale
08. ভ	गलीलपैकी कोणते वैशिष्ट	ट्य विदेशी कर्जाशी संबंधित	आहे ?	
(1	l) विदेशी कर्जे देशी मु	मुद्रा वापरून परतफेड करता	येते.	
(2	2) विदेशी कर्जे सक्तीच	ची असतात.		
(3	 विदेशी कर्जामुळे प्रत 	त्यक्ष वित्तीय ताण निर्माण होतं	ì.	
(4	 वरीलपैकी कोणतेही 	नाही.		
W	Vhich one of the foll	lowing is the character	istic of an external	debt ?
(1	l) They are payab	ole in domestic currenc	y.	
(2	2) They are comp	ulsory.		
(3	3) They result in c	direct money burden.		
(4	4) None of the abo	ove.		
09. क	ोकण कृषी विद्यापीठ हे	प्रामुख्याने च्या	वर विशेष संशोधन कार्य	करते.
(1	!) ऊस आणि गहू	(2)	कापूस आणि तेलबीय	п
(3	3) ज्वारी आणि हाळी	. (4)	तांदूळ, नाचणी, फळी	<u>पेके</u>
T	he specific research	h work conducted by	'The Kokan Krish	i Vidyapeeth' is broadly on
	N Sugarana and	Wheat (2)	Cotton and Oilse	eeds
(1	l) Sugarcane and	(-)		

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A					27	•			OH,					
110.	नियोज	ान मंडळाची स्थाप	ना	मध्ये	झाली.				2					
	(1)	जानेवारी - 1949			(2)	मार्च	- 1950							
	(3)	एप्रिल - 1951			(4)	ऑगर	ਵ - 1950							
	The	planning comm	nission '	was set up	in		+							
	(1)	January - 194	9		(2)	Mar	ch - 1950							
	(3)	April - 1951			(4)	Aug	ust - 1950							
111.	दहाव्या योजनेची मुख्य उद्दिष्टे काय आहेत?													
	(a)													
	(b)	लाभदायक रोजगारीत वाढ												
	(c)	वेतन दर आणि साक्षरता मधील लैंगिक तफावत कमी करणे												
	(d)	बचतीत वाढ												
	(1)	(a) आणि (b)	(2)	(b) आणि (d	c)	(3)	(c) आणि (d)	(4)	(a) आणि (d)					
	Wha	t are the main (objectiv	es of the te	nth pl	an ?								
	(a)	a) Growth with social justice and equality.												
	(b)	Growth in gainful employment.												
	(c)	Reducing gender gap in literacy and wage rates.												
	(d)	Increasing sav	ings											
	(1)	(a) and (b)	(2)	(b) and (c	:)	(3)	(c) and (d)	(4)	(a) and (d)					
112.	2008-09 या वर्षामध्ये भारताचे जास्तीत जास्त परिकय चलन वर खर्च झाले.													
	(1)	लोह आणि पोलादा	ची आया	त	(2)	अन्नध	ान्यांची आयात							
	(3)	पेट्रोलियम उत्पादन												
	In th	e year 2008-09	India's	maximum	foreig	n cur	rency was sper	nt on	·					
	(1)	Import of iron	and ste	eel	(2)	Imp	ort of foodgrain	ns						
	(3)	Import of petr	oleum j	products	(4)	Imp	ort of gold and	silver						

				Still
CO2			28	पाठी आहे. मोठ्या उद्योगधंद्याचा लाभ
CO3				
113.	सहक	ारी बँकांचे परिचालन प्रामुख्याने _	या	प्ताठी आहे.
	(1)	शहरी भागाचा लाभ	(2)	मोठ्या उद्योगधंद्याचा लाभ
	(3)	सेवा क्षेत्राचा लाभ	(4)	ग्रामीण भागाचा लाभ
	Co-c	pperative banks operate m	ainly for	
	(1)	The benefit of urban area	as. (2)	The benefit of large scale industries.
	(3)	The benefit of service sec	tors. (4)	The benefit of rural areas.
114.	2001 होता ?		ालानुसार भारताचा	। एकत्रित मानव विकास निर्दे शांक (HDI) 2001 साली किती
	(1)	0.52% (2) 0.4	47%	(3) 0.44% (4) 0.60%
	As p		Development	Report 2001 combined HDI of India for 2001
	(1)	0.52% (2) 0.4	47%	(3) 0.44% (4) 0.60%
115.	खाली	लपैकी कोणत्या राज्यातून कर्कवृत	जात नाही ?	
	(1)	मध्य प्रदेश	(2)	छत्तीसगड
	(3)	महाराष्ट्र	(4)	राजस्थान
	The	Tropic of Cancer does not	pass through	which of the States given below ?
	(1)	Madhya Pradesh	(2)	Chhattisgarh
	(3)	Maharashtra	(4)	Rajasthan

116. जोड्या लावा.

- महाराष्ट्रातील पहिली वाफेच्या इंजिनावर चालणारी रेल्वे (a)
- महाराष्ट्रातील पहिली विजेच्या इंजिनावर चालणारी रेल्वे (b)
- महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वाधिक अंतर धावणारी रेल्वे (c)
- महाराष्ट्रातील पहिली दुमजली रेल्वे (d)
 - (b) (c) (d) (a)
- (1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (2)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- (4)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

Match the following:

- (a) The first steam engine railway in Maharashtra
- The First electric engine railway in Maharashtra (b)
- The train covering longest distance in Maharashtra (c)
- The first "Double decker" train in Maharashtra (d)
 - (b) (d) (a) (c)
- (iii) (iv) (1)(i) (ii)
- (2)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- **(4)** (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- 117. महाराष्ट्राचा अक्षांश व रेखांश विस्तार _____ आहे.
 - 15° 8' उत्तर ते 22° 1' उत्तर 72° 6' पूर्व ते 80° 9' पूर्व **(1)**
 - 72° 6' उत्तर ते 80° 9' उत्तर 15° 8' पूर्व ते 22° 1' पूर्व (2)
 - 8° 4' उत्तर ते 37° 6' उत्तर 68° 7' पूर्व ते 97° 25' पूर्व (3)
 - 15° 8' उत्तर ते 22° 1' उत्तर 68° 7' पूर्व ते 97° 25' पूर्व (4)

The latitude and longitude Extension of Maharashtra is ______

- 15° 8' N. to 22° 1' N. 72° 6' E. to 80° 9' E. (1)
- 72° 6' N. to 80° 9' N. 15° 8' E. to 22° 1' E. (2)
- 8° 4' N. to 37° 6' N. 68° 7' E. to 97° 25' E. (3)
- 15° 8' N. to 22° 1' N. 68° 7' E. to 97° 25' E. (4)

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मुंबई ते कुर्ला

मुंबई ते ठाणे

सिंहगड एक्सप्रेस

महाराष्ट्र एक्सप्रेस

Mumbai to Kurla Mumbai to Thane

Maharashtra Exp.

Sinhgad Exp.

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

203 36 118. महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वात मोठा जलसिंचन प्रकल्प कोणता? (1) उजनी (2) जायकवाडी (3) भाटघर (4) यांपैकी कोणतेही नाही Which of the following irrigation projects is the largest in Maharashtra? (1) Ujani (2) Jayakwadi (3) Bhatghar (4) None of these 119. बोड्या जुळवृन योग्य पर्याय निवडा. (a) महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वात मोठा जलविद्युत प्रकल्प (i) तारापूर (ठाणे) (b) महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वात पहिला जलविद्युत प्रकल्प (ii) कोयना प्रकल्प (सातारा) (c) महाराष्ट्रातील सर्वात पहिला जलविद्युत फेन्द्र (iii) जमसांडे (सिंधुदुर्ग) (d) महाराष्ट्रातील पवर्न विद्युत केन्द्र (iv) खोपोली (रायगड) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (ii) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (4) (iii) (ii) (iv) Match the following and choose the correct option: (a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg) (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (ii) (iii) (3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (iii) (4) (iii) (ii) (iv) (iii) (4) (iii) (iii) (ii) (iv)										12
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(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) Match the following and choose the correct option: (a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d) ·				
(3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) Match the following and choose the correct option: (a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(1)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)				
(4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) Match the following and choose the correct option: (a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)				
Match the following and choose the correct option: (a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)				
(a) The biggest Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (i) Tarapur (Thane) (b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv) ·				
(b) The first Hydroelectric project in Maharashtra (ii) Koyna project (Satara) (c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		Matc	h the	follo	wing	and choose the cor	rect	option :		
(c) The first Atomic power station in Maharashtra (iii) Jamsande (Sindhudurg (d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(a)	The	bigge	st Hy	droelectric project	in N	laharashtra	(i)	Tarapur (Thane)
(d) The wind mill project in Maharashtra (iv) Khopoli (Raigad) (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(b)	The	first I	Hydro	oelectric project in i	Mah	arashtra	(ii)	Koyna project (Satara)
(a) (b) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(c)	The	first A	Atomi	c power station in	Mal	harashtra	(iii)	Jamsande (Sindhudurg
(1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(d)	The	wind	mill	project in Maharas	htra		(iv)	Khopoli (Raigad)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
(3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)		(1)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)				
		(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)				
(4) (iii) (ii) (iv)		(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)				
		(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				

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A					31				StudentBount
120.	खार्ल	ो दिलेल्या गटातील	कोणत्या न	ाद्यांच्या संचयन	ते कार्याम्	गुळे पंज	ाब-हरियाणाचे मैदा -	। बनले अ	गहे ? र्वे
	(1)	रावी, बियास, र	पतलज		(2)	गंगा,	कोसी, गोमती		
	(3)	ब्रह्मपुत्रा, यमुना,	गंडक		(4)	दामो	दर, चिनाब, महानदी		
	Reco	V 0	up of rive	ers which ci	reates :	Punjal	b and Haryana I	Plains b	y their depositiona
	(1)	Ravi, Bias, S	utlaj		(2)	Gan	ga, Kosi, Goma	ti	
	(3)	Brahmaputr	a, Yamu	na, Gandal	(4)	Dan	nodar, Chinab,	Mahan	adi
121.	खाल	लिपैकी पश्चिम हि	मालयाचे व	होणते उपविभा	ग आहेत	1?			
	(a)	सिक्कीम हिमाल	ध्य		(b)	कुमा	ऊ हिमालय		
	(c)	दार्जिलिंग हिमार	ठय		(d)	पंजाब	व हिमालय		
	(1)	(a) फक्त	(2)	(c) फक्त		(3)	(a) आणि (d)	(4)	(b) आणि (d)
	Whi	ch of the follo	wing are	the sub-di	visions	s of W	estern Himalay	a ?	
	(a)	Sikkim Hima	alaya		(b)	Kun	nau Himalaya		
	(c)	Darjiling Hi	malaya		(d)	Pun	jab Himalaya		
	(1)	(a) only	(2)	(c) only		(3)	(a) and (d)	(4)	(b) and (d)
122.	खार्ल		णी सर्वभक्ष	ो नाही ?	<u>. </u>				
	(1)	डुक्कर	(2)	कोल्हा		(3)	मनुष्य	(4)	वाघ
	Whi	ch of the follo	wing ani	mals is not	omniv	orous	s ?		

							S.
							रे जीलपैकी कशाचा समावेश नाही ? प्रदूषण अनुबोधन प्रदूषणासंबंधी खटले दाखल करणे
CO3	3					32	- Alberta
123.	केंद्री	य प्रदूष	ग नियंत्र	त्रण मंड	ळाच्या नियत	कामांमध्ये खाल	ग्रेलपैकी कशाचा समावेश नाही ?
	(1)	प्रदूष	ण प्रतिब	बंध		. (2)	प्रदूषण अनुबोधन
	(3)	प्रदूषा	ण नियंत्र	त्रण		(4)	प्रदूषणासंबंधी खटले दाखल करणे
	Whi	ich of	the fo	llowir	ng is not ar	n explicit fur	nction of the Central Pollution Control Board
	(1)	Prev	entio	n of p	ollution	(2)	Monitoring of pollution
	(3)	Con	trol of	f pollu	ition	(4)	Filing pollution law suits
124.	जोङ	ग्र लावा	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(a)	जोहाः	संबर्ग वि	शखर प	रिषद	(i)	1992
	(b)	क्योट	ो समारं	भ		(ii)	2012
	(c)	मॉॅंट्रिय	थल सम	गरंभ		(iii)	2002
	(d)	बाली	समारंभ	1		(iv)	1987
	` ,	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	, ,	
	(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)		
	(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		
	Mate	ch the	follo	wing:	;		
	(a)	Joha	nnesb	ourg S	ummit	(i)	1992
	(b)	Kyo	to Pro	tocol		(ii)	2012
	(c)	Mon	treal	Proto	col	(iii)	2002
	(d)	Bali Summit				(iv)	1987
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)		
	(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
	(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)		

					Stille											
A			33		StudentBour											
125.	घटने	घटनेच्या मूलभूत अधिकारांतर्गत खालीलपैकी कोणते कलम योग्य पर्यावरणात प्रतिष्ठीतपणे जगण्याचा अधिकार दे ते														
	(1)	21 (2) 22		(3) 23 (4)	24											
		er the Fundamental Rights, which e of dignity to be lived in a proper		•	ees the right to life,											
	(1)	21 (2) 22		(3) 23 (4)	24											
126.	शाश्व	त विकासाकडे एक महत्वाचे पाऊल म्हणजे	·													
	(1)	लोकसंख्या स्थिरता	(2)	शिक्षण												
	(3)	पर्यावरण कायदे	(4)	जमीन वापराचे नियोजन												
	One	important step towards sustainab	ole de	elopment is												
	(1)	Population stabilization	(2)	Education												
	(3)	Environmental laws	(4)	Land use planning												
127.	जागि	तेक तापमान वाढीचा खालीलपैकी कोणता/व	नोणते प	रंणाम आहेत ?												
	(a)	समुद्राच्या पाण्याच्या पातळीत वाढ	(b)	प्रवाळ नष्ट होणे -												
	(c)	वाळवंटीकरण	(d)	धान्य उत्पादनात वाढ												
	(1)	फक्त (a) (2) फक्त (b)		(3) (b), (c) आणि (d) (4)	(a), (b) आणि (c)											
	Whi	ch of the following is/are major ef	fects o	Global Warming ?												
	(a)	Rising Sea level	(b)	Dying Coral reefs												

(2)

Only (b)

Desertification

Only (a)

(c)

(1)

(d) Increase in food production

(3) (b), (c) and (d) (4) (a), (b) and (c)

										SIL	
CO3	3						34			वेकसीत झाला आहे. विजेची उपकरणे	
128.	नवी	मुंबई, त	उाणे− <i>बे</i>	लापूर क्षे	ोत्रात अ	ाशियातील सर्वात म	गेठा	कारखान्य	ाचा पट्टा वि	वेकसीत झाला आह	
	(1)	यंत्रस	ामुग्री		(2)	रासायनिक	(3)	संगणक	(4)	विजेची उपकरणे	
	Nav	i Mur	nbai, '	Thane	e - Bel	apur belt has t	he large:	st I	ndustry	Zone in Asia.	
	(1)	Eng	ineeri	ng	(2)	Chemical	(3)	Computer	(4)	Electrical	
29.	खार्ल	ल जोड	च्या जुळ	 प्रवा.	-					-	
			A					В			
		(प्रमु	ख का	र्याधिक	तरी)			(कार्यकाळ)			
	(a)	राज्य	पाल				(i)	वयाच्या 62 वर्षा	पर्यंत		
	(b)	उच्च	न्यायाल	ज्यातील वातील	न्यायाध	ग्रीश	(ii)	06 वर्षे			
	(c)	~ ^						05 वर्षे			
	(d)	` '				(iii) (iv)	निश्चित नाही				
	(ω)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		(11)				
	(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)						
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)						
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)						
	(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)						
	Mate	ch the	follo	wing	:						
				A				В			
		(Pro	mine	nt Fw	nction	aries)		(Term of off	ice)		
	(a)	Gov	ernor				(i)	Till 62 years o	of age		
	(b)	High	n Cou	rt Jud	ge		(ii)	06 years			
	(c)	Men	nber o	of state	e legis	lative council	(iii)	05 years			
	(d)	Adv	ocate	Gene	ral of	State	(iv)	Not Fixed			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)						
	(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)						
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)						
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)						
	(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)						

(2)

(a) and (b)

(1)

Only (a)

Only (b)

(4)

(3)

(b) and (c)

132.	खालीलपैकी	कोणत्या	राज्यामध्ये	एकगृही	कायदेमंडळ	अस्तित्वात	आहे ?
------	-----------	---------	-------------	--------	-----------	------------	-------

- (1) महाराष्ट्र
- (2) गुजरात
- उत्तर प्रदेश (3)
- बिहार

Which of the following states has unicameral Legislature?

- (1) Maharashtra
- (2) Gujarat
- (3) Uttar Pradesh
- (4) Bihar

133. राष्ट्रपती पदाच्या निवडणुकीमध्ये खालीलपैकी कोणाला मतदान करता येत नाही?

- निवड्न आलेले लोकसभेचे सदस्य (1)
- निवड्न आलेले राज्यसभेचे सदस्य (2)
- विधान परिषदेचे सदस्य (3)
- यापैकी कोणीही नाही **(4)**

Which one of the following does not take part in the election of the President?

- elected members of Lok Sabha
- elected members of Rajya Sabha (2)
- (3) members of the legislative councils
- **(4)** none of the above

4		37			
134.	पंचार	पंचायत राज्य संस्था निधीसाठी मुख्यतः वर अवलंबून असतात. (1) स्थानिक कर (2) संपत्ती कर			
	(1)	स्थानिक कर			
	(2)	संपत्ती कर			
	(3)	शासकीय निधी (राज्यशासन)			
	(4)	केंद्र सरकारचे अनुदान व मदत			
	The	The Panchayati Raj institution depend for funds mainly on			
	(1)	Local Taxes			
	(2)	Property taxes			
	(3)	Government Finances (State government)			
	(4)	Grant-in-aid from Central Gove	rnmer	nt	
135.	खार्ल	खालील विधाने पहा :			
	(a)	भारतामध्ये राष्ट्रपती हे संसदेचा भाग आहे	त.		
	(b)	भारतीय राज्यघटनेत राष्ट्रपती पदाची निवडणूक लढविण्यासाठी किमान आणि कमाल अशा दोन्हीही वयोमर्यादा नमूद आहेत.			
		वरीलपैकी कोणते/ती विधान/ने बरोबर आहे/त?			
	(1)	फक्त (a)	(2)	फक्त (b)	
	(3)	(a) आणि (b)	(4)	यापैकी कोणतेही नाही	
		Consider the following statements :			
	Con	sider the following statements :			
	Con	sider the following statements : In India, the President is a part o	of Parl	liament.	
		In India, the President is a part of			
	(a) (b)	In India, the President is a part of The Constitution of India prescri	ibes b	oth the minimum and maximum age limits for	
	(a) (b)	In India, the President is a part of The Constitution of India prescription contesting presidential election.	ibes b	oth the minimum and maximum age limits for	

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.

136. खालील विधानांचा विचार करा (A आणि R):

विधान (A) : अंधश्रद्धा विरोधी विधेयक काळ्याजादू विरोधी आहे, कोणत्याही धर्माविरोधी नाही.

Student Bounts Com कारण (R): त्यात बनावट वैद्य आणि आजार बरे करण्यासंबंधीच्या संशयास्पद पद्धर्तींचा समावेश असून ते व्यक्तीची मानसिक, शारीरिक, आणि आर्थिक हानी न करणाऱ्या धार्मिक आचार आणि विधी विरोधी नाही.

खालील पर्यायामधून तुमच्या उत्तराची निवड करा:

- (A) आणि (R) दोन्ही सत्य असून (R) हे (A) चे बरोबर स्पष्टीकरण आहे. (1)
- (A) आणि (R) दोन्ही सत्य असून (R) हे (A) चे बरोबर स्पष्टीकरण नाही (2)
- (A) सत्य आहे परंतु (R) खोटे आहे. (3)
- (A) खोटे आहे परंतु (R) सत्य आहे. (4)

Consider the following statements (**A** and **R**):

Assertion (A): Anti-superstition bill is against black-magic and not against any religion.

Reason (R): It covers the quacks and dubious practices as cures for ailments and is not against religious rituals and rites that cause no mental, physical and financial harm to individuals.

Select your answer from the following alternatives:

- (1)Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3)(A) is true but (R) is false.
- (4) (A) is false but (R) is true.

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137. जोड्या लावा.

'A'

'B'

(a) फेसबुक

(i) आर्कुट बुयकोकतेन

(b) लिंकेडिन

(ii) जॅक डॉरसी व इतर

(c) ट्विटर

(iii) रिड हॉफमन

(d) ऑर्कुट

- (iv) मार्क झुकरबर्ग
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (4) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)

Match the pairs:

'A'

'B'

- (a) Facebook
- (i) Orkut Buykokaten
- (b) Linkedin

(ii) Jack Dorcy and others

(c) Twitter

(iii) Reed Hophman

(d) Orkut

- (iv) Mark Zukerberg
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (4) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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138. महाराष्ट्रातील नवीन वन्यजीव अभयारण्ये कोणती आहेत?

- (a) नागझिरा नवीन
- (b) ताम्हणी
- (c) कोला मार्क
- (d) काटेपूर्ण

(1) (a), (b), (c)

(2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a)

(4) (d), (a), (b)

Which are the new wildlife sanctuaries in Maharashtra?

- (a) New Nagzira
- (b) Tamhani
- (c) Kola mark
- (d) Katepurna

(1) (a), (b), (c)

(2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a)

(4) (d), (a), (b)

139. शिक्षणाचा दर्जा सुधारण्यासाठी महाराष्ट्र शासनाने कोणत्या समित्या नेमल्या?

- (a) डॉ. अनिल काकोडकर समिती
- (b) डॉ. अरुण निगवेकर समिती
- (c) डॉ. राम ताकवले समिती
- (d) डॉ. वेदप्रकाश मिश्रा समिती

(1) (a), (b), (c)

(2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a)

(4) (d), (a), (b)

Which are the committees appointed by the Maharashtra Government for reforms in the standard of Education?

- (a) Dr. Anil Kakodkar Committee
- (b) Dr. Arun Nigwekar Committee
- (c) Dr. Ram Takwale Committee
- (d) Dr. Ved Prakash Mishra Committee

(1) (a), (b), (c)

(2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a)

(4) (d), (a), (b)

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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140. योग्य जोड्या लावा.

A

'A'

'B'

41

- विश्व जल दिन (a)
- 10 ऑक्टोबर (i)

पृथ्वी दिवस (b)

- 5 जून (ii)
- विश्व पर्यावरण दिन (c)
- (iii) 22 एप्रिल
- राष्ट्रीय डाक दिन (d)
- (iv) 22 मार्च
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (4) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)

Match the pairs:

'A'

'B'

- World Water Day (a)
- 10 October (i)

- Earth Day (b)
- 5 June (ii)
- World Environment Day (c)
- (iii) 22 April
- (d) National Postal Day
 - (iv) 22 March
 - (b) (c) (d) (a)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

141. मुलींवरील ॲसिड हल्ल्याबाबत सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने अलिकडे दिलेल्या खालील सूचनाबाबत विचार करा.

- (a) हा गुन्हा दखलपात्र आणि अजामीनपात्र करावा.
- (b) नुकसान भरपाईच्या रक्कमेत तीन लाख रुपयापर्यंत वाढ करावी.
- (c) अधिकृत ओळख पुराव्यानुसार ॲसिडची विक्री करण्यात यावी.
- (d) अज्ञान असलेल्या व्यक्तीला ॲसिडची विक्री करू नये.

वरीलपैकी कोणत्या सूचना बरोबर आहेत?

(1) फक्त (a)

- (2) फक्त (a) आणि (b)
- (3) केवळ (a), (b) आणि (c)
- (4) सर्व

Consider the following directions about acid attacks on girls given by the Supreme Court recently :

- (a) To make the offence cognizable and unbailable.
- (b) To hike the amount of compensation up to Rs. 3 lakhs.
- (c) To sell the acid with authorised identity proof.
- (d) Not to sell acid to a minor.

Which of the directions given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) only

- (2) (a) and (b) only
- (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (4) All

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144. योग्य कथन/कथने ओळखा.

- (A) केंद्र सरकारचा 'ऑग्रिकल्चर लीडरशीप ॲवार्ड 2013' पंजाब ने प्राप्त केला.
- (B) केंद्र सरकारच्या 'ई-पंचायत कार्यक्रमात' महाराष्ट्र हे देशात पहिले राज्य आहे.
- (1) कथन (A) बरोबर, कथन (B) चुकीचे
- (2) कथन (A) चुकीचे, कथन (B) बरोबर
- (3) कथने (A) व (B) दोन्ही बरोबर
- (4) कथने (A) व (B) दोन्ही चुकीची

Select the correct statement/statements:

- (A) Punjab won the 'Agriculture Leadership Award 2013' of the Central Government.
- (B) Maharashtra stands first in 'E-Panchayat Programme' of the Central Government.
- (1) Statement (A) is correct, statement (B) is incorrect.
- (2) Statement (A) is incorrect, statement (B) is correct.
- (3) Both the statements (A) and (B) are correct.
- (4) Both the statements (A) and (B) are incorrect.

145. योग्य कथन/कथने ओळखा.

- (A) महाराष्ट्र हे गुटखा व पान मसाला बंदी करणारे भारतातील पहिले राज्य आहे.
- (B) राज्याकरिता स्वतंत्र जलनीती स्वीकारणारे कर्नाटक हे भारतातील पहिले राज्य आहे.
- (1) कथन (A) बरोबर, कथन (B) चुकीचे
- (2) कथन (A) चुकीचे, कथन (B) बरोबर
- (3) कथने (A) व (B) दोन्ही बरोबर
- (4) कथने (A) व (B) दोन्ही चुकीची

Select the correct sentence/sentences:

- (A) Maharashtra is the first state in India, that banned Gutkha and Pan Masala.
- (B) Karnataka is the first state in India, that adopted separate water policy for the State.
- (1) Sentence (A) is correct, sentence (B) is incorrect.
- (2) Sentence (A) is incorrect, sentence (B) is correct.
- (3) Both the sentences (A) and (B) are correct.
- (4) Both the sentences (A) and (B) are incorrect.

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Student Bounty.com 146. शिक्षणाचा हक्क कायदा 2009 लागु करण्याकरिता जो खर्च येईल तो कोण सहन करेल?

केवळ केंद्र सरकार (a)

- केवळ राज्य सरकार (b)
- केंद्र व राज्य सरकार मिळ्न (c)
- जागतिक बँक (d)

- (1)केवळ (a)
- केवळ (b) (2)
- (3) केवळ (c)
- (4) (a) आणि (d)

Who of the following will bear the Expenditure Incurred on implementation of right to education Act 2009?

- Only Central Government (a)
- Only State Government (b)
- (c) Centre and State together
- World bank (d)

- (1) Only (a)
- (2)Only (b)
- (3) Only (c)
- (a) and (d) (4)

147. 'मंगळ मोहिम' कोणत्या देशांनी यशस्वी केली आहे?

अमेरिका (a)

रशिया (b)

युरोपीय समुदाय (c)

चीन (d)

(1)(a), (b), (c) (2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a) **(4)** (d), (a), (b)

Which countries have been successful in 'Mars Campaign'?

(a) America

- Russia (b)
- (c) European Community
- (d) China

(1)(a), (b), (c) (2) (b), (c), (d)

(3) (c), (d), (a) (4) (d), (a), (b)

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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148. जोड्या लावा. [जमनालाल बजाज पुरस्कार - 2013 संदर्भात] :

'A'

- जी.व्ही. सुब्बाराव (a)
- विधायक कार्यात उल्लेखनीय योगदान (i)

स्नेहलता नाथ (b)

Student Bounty Com ग्रामीण विकासाकरीता विज्ञान, तंत्रज्ञानाचा वापर (ii)

विद्या दास (c)

- स्त्रिया व मुलांचा विकास (iii)
- ज्यां मरी मलर (d)
- भारताबाहेर गांधी मूल्यांचा प्रसार (iv)
- (a) (b) (d) (c)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3)(i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)

Match the pairs [With regard to Jamunalal Bajaj Awards 2013]:

(iv)

'A'

'B'

- G.V. Subbarao (a)
- Special contribution in Positive work (i)
- (b) Snehalata Nath
- (ii) Use of Science, Technology for Rural Development

Propagate of Gandhian values abroad

- (c) Vidhya Das
- (iii) Development of Child and Women
- (d) Jyon mury Muller
 - - (b) (a) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 149. भारतातील तार सेवेच्या कालखंडाबाबतच्या खालील विधानापैकी कोणते बरोबर नाही?
 - ती 1850 साली प्रायोगिक तत्त्वावर कोलकोत्ता व डायमंड हार्बर दरम्यान सुरू करण्यात आली होती. (1)
 - 1854 मध्ये ती सार्वजनिक वापरासाठी उपलब्ध करुन देण्यात आली. (2)
 - या सेवेत ब्रेल लिपीचा वापर केला जात होता. (3)
 - 15 जुलै, 2013 पासून ही सेवा अधिकृतपणे बंद करण्यात आली आहे.

Which one of the following statements is not true about the era of Telegraph Service in India?

- **(1)** It was started in 1850 on experimental basis between Kolkota and Diamond Harbour.
- (2)It was made available for public use in 1854.
- Braille script was used in the service. (3)
- The service has been officially stopped from 15th July, 2013. **(4)**

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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150. जोड्या लावा.

'A'

- (a) व्हर्जिन ऑफ पीस
- (b) द मदरलॅण्ड कॉल्स
- (c) स्प्रींग टेम्पल बुद्धा
- (d) ख्रिस्त द रिडीमर
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

Match the pairs:

'A'

- (a) Virgin of Peace
- (b) The Mother Land Calls
- (c) Spring temple Buddha
- (d) Christ the Redeemer
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

'B'

- (i) ब्राझिल
- (ii) चीन
- (iii) रशिया
- (iv) व्हेनेझुएला

'B'

- (i) Brazil
- (ii) China
- (iii) Russia
- (iv) Venezuela

- o 0 o -

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

सूचना — (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षांच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वतःबरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. यात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमुना प्रश्न

प्रश्न क्र. 201. सतीची चाल नष्ट करण्यासाठी कोणी मूलत: प्रयत्न केले?

(1) स्वामी दयानंद सरस्वती

(2) ईश्वरचंद्र विद्यासागर

(3) राजा राममोहन रॉय

(4) गोपाळकृष्ण गोखले

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर ''(3) राजा राममोहन रॉय'' असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर ''(3)'' होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक ''(3)'' हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. क्र. 201. (1) (2) (4)

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

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