AQA

Certificate in Use of Mathematics

Use of Mathematics Core

43503H

Higher Level

Specimen Mark Scheme



Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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The Assessment and Qualifications Alliance (AQA) is a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales (company number 3644723) and a registered charity (registered charity number 1073334). Registered address: AQA, Devas Street, Manchester M15 6EX Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

Μ	mark is for method		
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method		
А	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy		
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy		
Е	mark is for explanation		
\sqrt{or} ft or F	follow through from previous		
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by
			candidate
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme
–x EE	deduct <i>x</i> marks for each error	G	graph
NMS	no method shown	с	candidate
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

Certificate in Use of Mathematics Core Higher – 43503H Answers and Marking Scheme – Specimen

(a)(i)	25 (or 26, 27, 28) August, 4 September	B1	
(ii)	£74.70	B1	
(b)	Time taken is 1900 - 1620	M1	
	= 2hours 40 minutes	A1	
(c)	Flight is TP 0343	B 1	
(d)	Percentage tax is $\frac{72.80}{140.30} \times 100$	M1	
	= 51.888		
	= 51.9	A1	
(e)	Reduction is $\frac{1}{6} \times \pounds 140.40$	M1	
	= £23.40	A1	
	Amount charged is £117	A1	
	TOTAL	10	

(a)(i)	Suitable scale	B1	
	Plotting points	B2	B1 for 4 correct
(ii)	44.8	B1	Accept 44.5 – 45.0
(b)(i)	Area is 25.6×19.2	M1	
	= 491.52 or 492 square inches	A1	
	Area is 28×15.7		
	= 439.6 or 439 square inches	B1	
	Decrease is 41.9 square inches	B1	Ft one correct
(ii)	Percentage is $\frac{41.9}{491.52} \times 100$	M1	
	= 8.52%	A1	
(c)	If width is 28 x inches, height is 15.7 x inches	M1	
	Area is 439.6 x square inches Same area; $491.52 = 439.6 x^2$	A1	
	x = 1.057	A1	
	$(\text{Diagonal})^2 = (28x)^2 + (15.7x)^2$	M1	
	Diagonal is 33.8 inches	A1	
	TOTAL	15	

(a)(i)	Number of points scored is $6\frac{1}{2}$	B1	
(ii)	Percentage is $\frac{6\frac{1}{2}}{10} = 65\%$	B 1	ft
(b)(i)	Difference is 10 grades		
	Score should be $50 + 10 = 60$	E1	
(ii)	WWWLL	B1	
	WWDDL	B1	
(c)(i)	New grade is $120 \times 0.8 + 43$		
	= 139	B1	
(ii)	$131 = \text{old grade} \times 0.8 + 43$	M1	
	Old grade $\times 0.8 = 88$		
	Old grade was 110	A1	
(d)	x = 0.8 x + 43	M1	
	$0.2 \times x = 43$	M1	
	<i>x</i> = 215	A1	
(e)	$2540 = BCF \text{ grade} \times 8 + 650$	M1	
	$1890 = BCF \text{ grade} \times 8$	M1	
	BCF grade is 2362	A1	
	TOTAL	14	

(a)(i)	Circumference is $2 \times \pi \times 83.5$	M1	
	= 525 m	A1	
(ii)	Distance = $\sqrt{40^2 + 83.5^2}$	M1	
	= 92.6m	A1	
(b)(i)	Volume is $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 83.5^2 \times 40$	M1	
	= 292 000 m ³	A1	
(ii)	There was a hill before	E2	
(c)	18 million ÷ 500		
	36 000 hours	B1	
	$\approx \frac{36000}{360 \times 8}$ years	M1	M1 for using any suitable approx. Allow 24 hours a day working.
	$= 12\frac{1}{2}$ years	A1F	
	TOTAL	11	
	TOTAL MARK FOR PAPER	50	