

Level 1/2 Certificate in Use of Mathematics

Mathematics

43503F – Foundation Core Unit
Mark scheme

4350
June 2015

Version/Stage: Version 1.0: Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

Key to mark scheme abbreviations

M	mark is for method
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy
B	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy
E	mark is for explanation
✓ or ft or F	follow through from previous incorrect result
CAO	correct answer only
CSO	correct solution only
AWFW	anything which falls within
AWRT	anything which rounds to
ACF	any correct form
AG	answer given
SC	special case
OE	or equivalent
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks
-x EE	deduct x marks for each error
NMS	no method shown
PI	possibly implied
SCA	substantially correct approach
c	candidate
sf	significant figure(s)
dp	decimal place(s)

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

Q	Solution	Mark	Total	Comment
1(a)	Octagon	B1	1	
1(b)(i)	$210 \div 3$ 70	M1 A1	2	
1(b)(ii)	210	B1	1	
1(c)(i)	2.4 7.2	B1 B1ft	2	FT:- 2.4 + 2 × their '2.4' If answers interchanged on answer lines then SC1
1(c)(ii)	their 2.4×1.2 2.88 m^2	M1 A1(ft) B1	3	
1(d)	$1.8 \div 1.2$ 1.5	M1 A1	2	Embedded '1.5' = SC1 Allow 1:1.5 but not 1.5:1 Ignore units if included
	Total		11	
2(a)(i)	1.43(0)	B1	1	
2(a)(ii)	850 seen $\frac{850}{1430}$	B1 oe B1	2	Ignore further incorrect working/cancelling
2(a)(iii)	$25 + 175$ their $\frac{200}{1430} \times 100$ 13.9 to 14	B1 M1 A1	3	200 1.7 to 1.75 = SC1 12 to 12.24 = SC1
2(b)	500 : 250 2 : 1	oe M1 A1	2	
2(c)	$500 \times \frac{9}{6}$ 750	M1 A1	2	500 + 250 (oe) = M1 749.7 OR 749.9 seen = SC1 1122 to 1125 seen = SC1
	Total		10	

Q	Solution	Mark	Total	Comment
3(a)(i)	Tuesday	B1	1	
3(a)(ii)	9	B1	1	
3(a)(iii)	8+8+9+6+7+5+4 their $47 \div 7$ 6.7(1...)	M1 M1(dep) A1		43.5 to 43.6 = SC1 If working seen then 2.14(...)=SC2 7 without working = M0
	6.7	B1FT	4	FT only from 2dp or more
3(a)(iv)	8	B1	1	
3(b)	Mean:- (generally) warmer in March 2012 (than 2013) oe	B1		
	Range:- Temperatures are more spread out in March 2012 (than 2013) oe	B1	2	
3(c)(i)	All correct $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square	B2	2	1 error = B1
3(c)(ii)	Positive correlation circled/clearly identified	B1	1	Auto marked
3(c)(iii)	Suitable (straight) line drawn extending to at least 4.6 and 13.8 on the horizontal axis	B1FT	1	Freehand allowed FT to their endpoints for line length
3(c)(iv)	16 to 17	B1ft	1	Strict ft from their positive sloping straight line to $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square
	Total		14	
4	$\frac{9}{5} \times 25(+32)$ 45(+32) 77	M1 A1 A1	3	1.8 × 25(+32) Ignore units if given 77F or 77C = M1A1A0
	Total		3	

Q	Solution	Mark	Total	Comment
5(a)	$t + 10$	B1	1	No FW
5(b)	$3t$	B1	1	No FW
5(c)	their $t + 10 =$ their $3t$ $2t = 10$ OR $-2t = -10$ oe 5	M1 M1 A1	3	One correct step towards solution ft from their (a) & (b) M2 is possible. 5 on its own or with incorrect working = SC1
Total			5	
6(a)(i)	5	B1	1	
6(a)(ii)	14	B1	1	
6(b)(i)	Correct ruled line and drawn between (0,6) and (60,26) $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square at endpoints	B4	4	A short ruled line that would otherwise be correct and which is drawn across at least 30 miles horizontally = B3 At least 2 correct points plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square, but with straight and ruled line out of tolerance at (0,6) and/or (60,26) =B3 At least 2 correct points plotted but line not straight, or not ruled, or not drawn =B2 1 correct point seen and/or plotted or correct value of C seen (from sub) =B1 Individual points cannot be implied from incorrect line segments. Ignore extra incorrect points if 'correct' line is seen. Ignore any extra plotted points that a line does not pass through
6(b)(ii)	35 to 37	B1FT	1	Strict FT to $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square. Must have a line or curve drawn.
Total			7	