## Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics (Linear) - 1MA0

## SEQUENCES

## Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

## Instructions

Items included with question papers
Nil


Use black ink or ball-point pen.
Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number. Answer all questions.
Answer the questions in the spaces provided - there may be more space than you need.
Calculators may be used.

## Information

The marks for each question are shown in brackets - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

## Advice

Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
Keep an eye on the time.
Try to answer every question.
Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1. Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence.

$$
6, \quad 11,16,21,26
$$

Find an expression, in terms of $n$, for the $n$th term of the sequence.
2. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
3 & 8 & 13 & 18 & 23
\end{array}
$$

(a) Write down the next two terms of the sequence.
$\qquad$
(b) Explain how you found your answer.
$\qquad$
(c) Explain why 387 is not a term of the sequence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

| 126 | 122 | 118 | 114 | 110 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Write down the next two terms of the number sequence.
(b) Explain how you found your answer.
$\qquad$

The 20th term of the number sequence is 50
(c) Write down the 21 st term of the number sequence.
$\qquad$
4. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
3 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 19
\end{array}
$$

(a) Work out the 8th term of the number sequence.
$\qquad$
(b) Write down an expression, in terms of $n$, for the $n$th term of the number sequence.
$\qquad$
5. The first five terms of an arithmetic sequence are

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
2 & 9 & 16 & 23 & 30
\end{array}
$$

Find, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.
(Total 2 marks)
6. The first five terms of an arithmetic sequence are

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
2 & 7 & 12 & 17 & 22
\end{array}
$$

Write down, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.
7. Here are the first five terms of an arithmetic sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
-1 & 3 & 7 & 11 & 15
\end{array}
$$

(a) Find, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.

In another arithmetic sequence the $n$th term is $8 n-16$
John says that there is a number that is in both sequences.
(b) Explain why John is wrong.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
8. The first four terms of an arithmetic sequence are

## $\begin{array}{llll}21 & 17 & 13 & 9\end{array}$

Find, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.
(Total 2 marks)
9. The nth term of a sequence is $2 n^{2}$
(i) Find the 4th term of the sequence.
(ii) Is the number 400 a term of the sequence?

Give reasons for your answer.
10. Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
3 & 9 & 15 & 21 & 27
\end{array}
$$

(a) Find an expression, in terms of n , for the nth term of this sequence.

Ben says that 150 is in the sequence.
(b) Is Ben right?

You must explain your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
11. Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence.

| 2 | 9 | 16 | 23 | 30 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Write down the 12th term of this sequence.
(b) Find, in terms of n , an expression for the n th term of this sequence.
12. The first four terms of an arithmetic sequence are

| 21 | 17 | 13 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Find, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.
13. Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence.

$$
6, \quad 11,16,21,26
$$

Find an expression, in terms of $n$, for the $n$th term of the sequence.
14. The first five terms of an arithmetic sequence are

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
2 & 9 & 16 & 23 & 30
\end{array}
$$

Find, in terms of $n$, an expression for the $n$th term of this sequence.
15. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

| 3 | 8 | 13 | 18 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Write down the next two terms of the sequence.
(b) Explain how you found your answer.
$\qquad$
(c) Explain why 387 is not a term of the sequence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
16. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

| 3 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Write down an expression, in terms of $n$, for the $n$th term of this sequence.
$\qquad$

Adeel says that 319 is a term in the number sequence.
(b) Is Adeel correct?

You must justify your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
17. Here are some patterns made up of dots.

(a) In the space below, draw Pattern number 4.
(1)
(b) Complete the table.

| Pattern <br> number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> dots | 10 | 14 | 18 |  |  |

(c) How many dots are used in Pattern number 10?
$\qquad$

