Edexcel GCSE Mathematics (Linear) – 1MA0

Student Bounty.com **NEGATIVE NUMBERS**

Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers Nil



Instructions

Use black ink or ball-point pen.

Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number. Answer all questions.

Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need. Calculators may be used.

Information

The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Questions labelled with an **asterisk** (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.

Keep an eye on the time.

Try to answer every question.

Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1. Sally wrote down the temperature at different times on 1st January 2003.

Time	Temperature
midnight	−6 °C
4 am	−10 °C
8 am	−4 °C
noon	7 °C
3 pm	6 °C
7 pm	−2 °C

			/ pm		-2 C					
(a)	Write	e down								
	(i)	the hig	hest temperature	,						
									°C	
	(ii)	the low	est temperature.							
										(2)
(b)	Work	cout the	difference in the	e temperati	are betwee	en				
	(i)	4 am aı	nd 8 am,							
									°C	
	(ii)	3 pm ai	nd 7 pm.							
								•••••	°C	(2)
										(2)
At 11	pm tl	hat day 1	the temperature l	nad fallen l	by 5 °C fro	om i	ts val	ue at 7 pr	n.	
(c)	Work	out the	temperature at 1	1 pm.						
									°C	
										(1) (5 marks)

2. The table shows temperatures at midnight and midday on one day in five cities.

City	Midnight temperature	Midday temperature
Belfast	−3 °C	4 °C
Cambridge	−1 °C	4 °C
Edinburgh	−7 °C	−1 °C
Leeds	-6 °C	3 °C
London	−2 °C	6 °C

(b) How many degrees higher was the midnight temperature in Cambridge than the midnight temperature in Leeds? °C (c) Which city had the greatest rise in temperature from midnight to midday? (1) (3) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (1) (1			London	-2°C	6.0		
(1) (b) How many degrees higher was the midnight temperature in Cambridge than the midnight temperature in Leeds? °C (c) Which city had the greatest rise in temperature from midnight to midday?	(a)	Whic	ch city had the low	est midnight tempe	erature?		
midnight temperature in Leeds? °C (I) (c) Which city had the greatest rise in temperature from midnight to midday?							(1)
(1) (c) Which city had the greatest rise in temperature from midnight to midday?	(b)				ht temperature in C	ambridge than th	ie
3. At midnight, the temperature was -8°C. By 10 00, the temperature at 10 00 °C (1) By midday, the temperature was 4°C. (b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight.						°C	(1)
3. At midnight, the temperature was -8°C. By 10 00, the temperature had increased by 6°C. (a) Work out the temperature at 10 00 By midday, the temperature was 4°C. (b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight.	(c)	Whic	ch city had the grea	atest rise in tempera	ature from midnight	to midday?	
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By 10 00, the temperature had increased by 6°C. (a) Work out the temperature at 10 00 °C (1) By midday, the temperature was 4°C. (b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight. °C (2)							(3 marks)
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By midday, the temperature was 4°C. (b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight. °C	(a)	Work	c out the temperatu	are at 10 00			
(b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight. °C						°C	(1)
midnight°C (2)	Вул	nidday	, the temperature v	was 4°C.			
(2)	(b)			e between the temp	erature at midday a	nd the temperatu	re at
(5 marks)						°C	(2)
							(5 marks)

4. The table shows the temperatures in four cities at noon one day.

Oslo	−13°C
New York	−5°C
Cape Town	9°C
London	2°C

(a)	Write down the highest temperature.	
	°C	(1)
(b)	Work out the difference in temperature between Oslo and New York.	
	°C	(1)
(c)	Work out the difference in temperature between Cape Town and Oslo.	
	°C	(1)
At 8	pm the temperature in London was 3°C lower than the temperature at noon.	
(d)	Work out the temperature in London at 8 pm.	
	°C	
		(1)
		(4 marks)

5. The table shows the temperatures at midnight in 6 cities during one night in 2006

City	Temperature
Berlin	5°C
London	10°C
Moscow	−3°C
New York	2°C
Oslo	−8°C
Paris	7°C

		7°C	Paris	
erature.	d the lowest temperatu	the city which ha	Write down	(a)
(1)				
London and Moscow.	nperature between Lo	e difference in ter	Work out th	(b)
°C (2)				
(4 marks)				
ased by 3°C.	5°C. perature had increased	emperature was –		
ning.	am the next morning	e temperature at 9	Work out th	(a)
°C				
	C.	nperature was 7°0	midday, the ter	At m
re a midday and the temperature at	een the temperature a	e difference betw	Work out th midnight.	(b)
°C				
(3 marks)				

7. The table shows the midday temperatures in 4 different cities on Monday.

City	Midday temperature (°C)
Belfast	5
Cardiff	-1
Glasgow	-6
London	-4

(a)	Which city had the lowest temperature?			(1)
(b)	Work out the difference between the temperature in Cardiff an Belfast.	nd the tempera	nture in	
			C	(1)
Ву	Tuesday, the midday temperature in London had risen by 7 °C.			
(c)	Work out the midday temperature in London on Tuesday.			
			C	(1)
			(3 ma	(1) rks)

8.

City	Temperature
Cardiff	−2 °C
Edinburgh	-4 °C
Leeds	2 °C
London	−1 °C
Plymouth	5 °C

The table gives information about the temperatures at midnight in 5 cities.

(a)	Write down the lowest temperature°C	(1)
(b)	Work out the difference in temperature between Cardiff and Plymouth.	
	°C	(1)
(c)	Work out the temperature which is halfway between −1°C and 5°C.	
	°C	(1) (3 marks)

9. Samina recorded the maximum temperature and the minimum temperature on each of six days in January.

The	table	shows	her	results.
1110	laule	SHOWS	1101	icouito.

	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat
Maximum temperature	1 °C	3 °C	2 °C	0 °C	3 °C	4 °C
Minimum temperature	-4 °C	−2 °C	–4 °C	−5 °C	−3 °C	−2 °C

(a)	Write	down the lowest tem	perature.		2.4
		out the difference brature on Wednesday		temperature on Wednesday and the	(1) minimum
	tempe	ratare on Weatherau.	, •		°C
The	minin	num temperature on '	Sunday was 5 °C higher	than the minimum temperature on S	(1)
		_	-	than the minimum temperature on 5	aturuay.
(c)	Work	out the minimum ter	mperature on Sunday.		°C
					(1)
					(3 marks)
10.	The	table shows the temp	perature on the surface of		
		Planet	Temperature]	
		Venus	480 °C	-	
		Mars	− 60 °C		
		Jupiter	− 150 °C		
		Saturn	− 180 °C		
		Uranus	−210 °C		
	(a)	Work out the differ	ence in temperature bet	ween Mars and Jupiter.	
	. ,		1	°C	
					(1)
	(b)	Work out the differ	ence in temperature bet	ween Venus and Mars	
	(0)	vi ork out the differ	once in temperature set		
				°C	(1)
					(1)
	(c)	Which planet has a	temperature 30 °C high	ner than the temperature on Saturn?	
					(1)
	The	temperature on Pluto	is 20 °C lower than the	e temperature on Uranus.	
(d)	Wor	k out the temperature	e on Pluto.	°C	(1) (4 marks)

11. The table shows the highest and lowest temperatures one day in London and Moscow.

	Highest	Lowest
London	8°C	-6°C
Moscow	−3°C	−8°C

(a)	Work out the difference between the lowest temperature in London and the lowest
	temperature in Moscow.

.....°C

(b)	Work out the difference	between the highest ar	nd lowest temperature in London	n.
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.....°C

(2 marks)

12. At midnight, the temperature was -5° C.

By 9 am the next morning, the temperature had increased by 3°C.

(a) Work out the temperature at 9 am the next morning.

.....°C (1)

At midday, the temperature was 7°C.

(b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight.

.....°C

(c) Work out the temperature which is halfway between -5° C and 7° C.

.....°C

(1) (4 marks)