

Write your name here	
Surname	Other names
Centre Number	Candidate Number
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Edexcel GCSE	
Mathematics A	
Paper 2 (Calculator)	
Practice Papers Set D	Higher Tier
Time: 1 hour 45 minutes	Paper Reference 1MA0/2H
You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators must not be used.



Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.

Advice

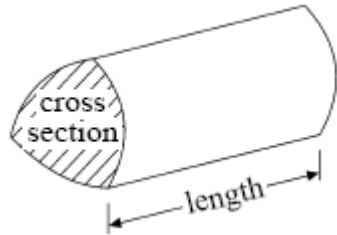
- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

GCSE Mathematics (Linear) 1MA0

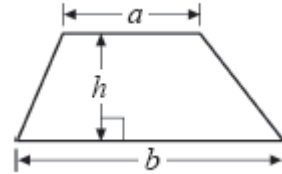
Formulae: Higher Tier

**You must not write on this formulae page.
Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.**

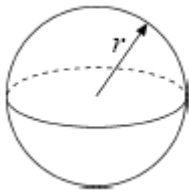
Volume of prism = area of cross section \times length



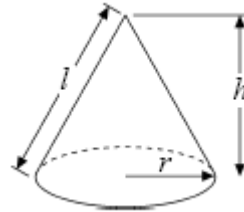
Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$



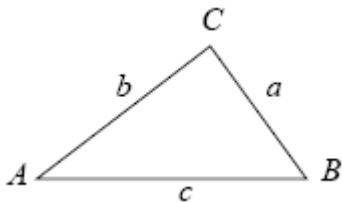
Volume of sphere $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



In any triangle ABC



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

Answer ALL TWENTY SEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

1. (a) Solve $\frac{5w-8}{3} = 4w+2$

$w = \dots\dots\dots$
(3)

(b) Factorise $x^2 - 49$

$\dots\dots\dots$
(1)

(c) Simplify $(9x^8y^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\dots\dots\dots$
(2)

(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)

2.

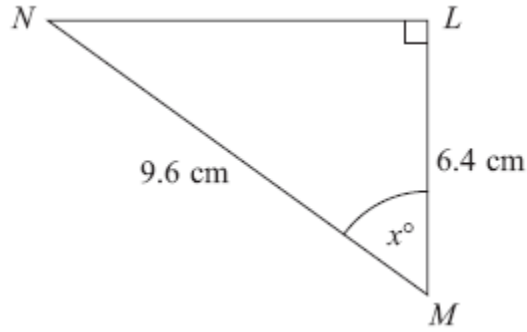


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

LMN is a right-angled triangle.

$MN = 9.6 \text{ cm}$.

$LM = 6.4 \text{ cm}$.

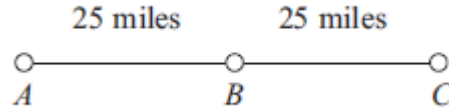
Calculate the size of the angle marked x° .

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

.....^o

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3.



A , B and C are 3 service stations on a motorway.

$AB = 25$ miles

$BC = 25$ miles

Aysha drives along the motorway from A to C .

Aysha drives at an average speed of 50 mph from A to B .

She drives at an average speed of 60 mph from B to C .

Work out the difference in the time Aysha takes to drive from A to B and the time Aysha takes to drive from B to C .

Give your answer in minutes.

..... minutes

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4. The diagram shows a cube and a cuboid.

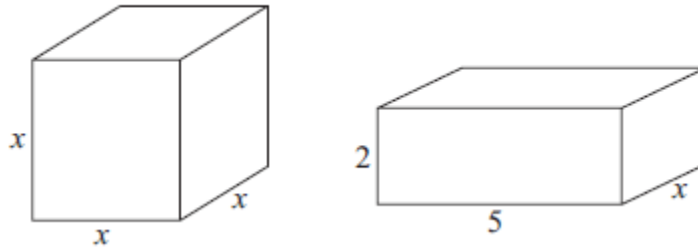


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

All the measurements are in cm.
The volume of the cube is 100 cm^3 more than the volume of the cuboid.

(a) Show that $x^3 - 10x = 100$

(2)

- (b) Use a trial and improvement method to find the value of x .
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.
You must show **all** your working.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

(4)

(Total for Question 11 is 6 marks)

5. (a) Factorise $y^2 - 10y + 16$

.....
(2)

*(b) (i) Factorise $2t^2 + 5t + 2$

.....

(ii) t is a positive whole number.

The expression $2t^2 + 5t + 2$ can never have a value that is a prime number.

Explain why.

.....
.....
.....
(3)

(Total for Question 5 is 5 marks)

6.

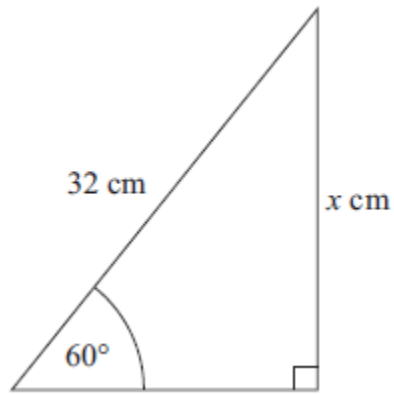


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Calculate the value of x .
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....
(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7. The diagram shows a quadrilateral $ABCD$.

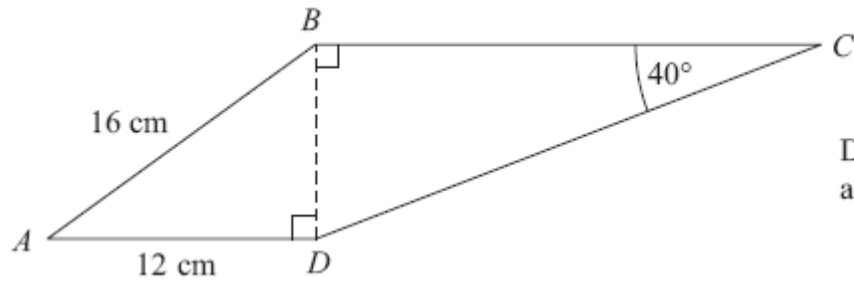


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$AB = 16$ cm.

$AD = 12$ cm.

Angle $BCD = 40^\circ$.

Angle $ADB = \text{angle } CBD = 90^\circ$.

Calculate the length of CD .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 7 is 5 marks)

8. Bill's weight decreases from 64.8 kg to 59.3 kg.

Calculate the percentage decrease in Bill's weight.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....%

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9. Solve $3y - 2 > 5$

.....

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

10. (a) Max wants to take a random sample of students from his year group.

(i) Explain what is meant by a random sample.

.....
.....
.....

(ii) Describe a method Max could use to take his random sample.

.....
.....
.....

(2)

(b) The table below shows the numbers of students in 5 year groups at a school.

Year	Number of students
9	239
10	257
11	248
12	190
13	206

Lisa takes a stratified sample of 100 students by year group.

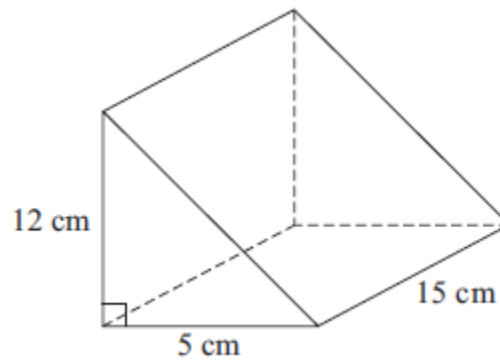
Work out the number of students from Year 9 she has in her sample.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11. The diagram shows a solid triangular prism.

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



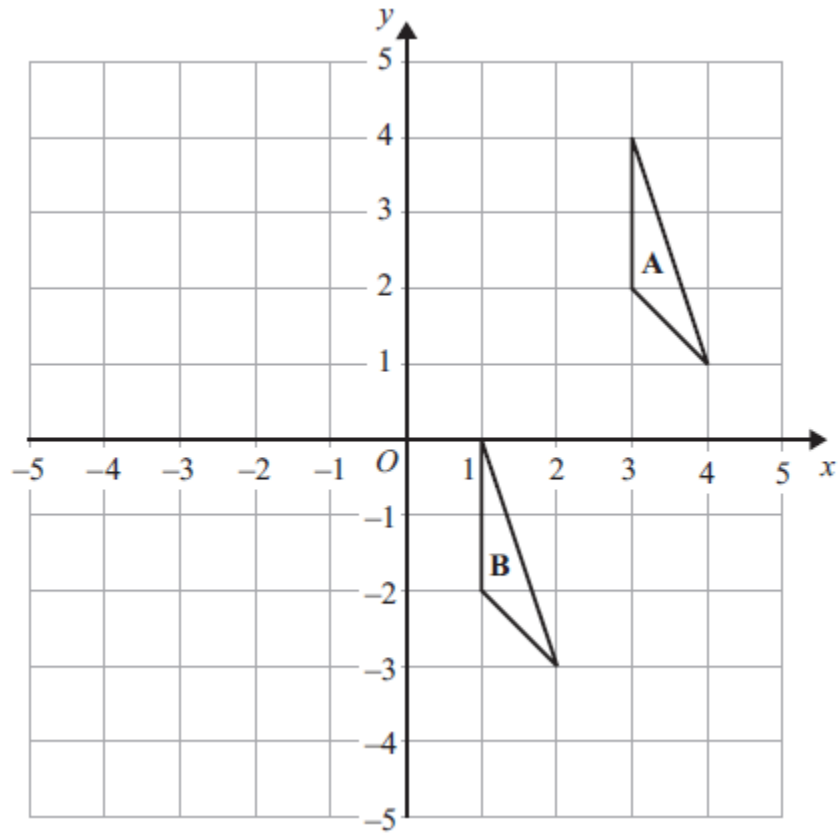
The prism is made from metal.
The density of the metal is 6.6 grams per cm^3 .

Calculate the mass of the prism.

..... grams

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

12.



Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle **A** onto triangle **B**.

.....
.....

(Total for Question 12 is 2 marks)

- *13.** In the UK, petrol costs £1.24 per litre.
In the USA, petrol costs 3.15 dollars per US gallon.

1 US gallon = 3.79 litres

£1 = 1.47 dollars

Is petrol cheaper in the UK or in the USA?

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)

14.

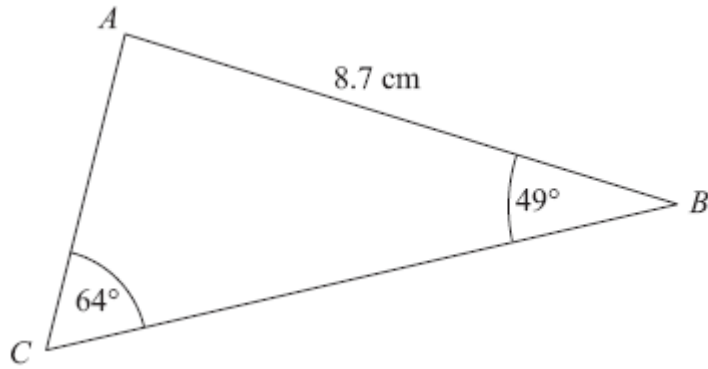


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

ABC is a triangle.

$AB = 8.7$ cm.

Angle $ABC = 49^\circ$.

Angle $ACB = 64^\circ$.

Calculate the area of triangle ABC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....cm²

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

15. Carolyn has 20 biscuits in a tin.

She has

12 plain biscuits

5 chocolate biscuits

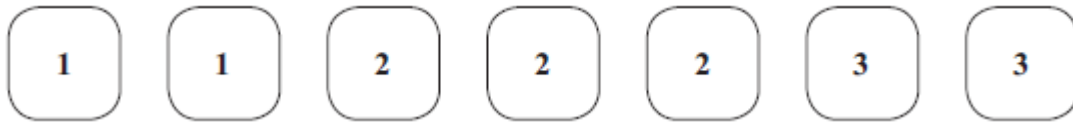
3 ginger biscuits

Carolyn takes at random two biscuits from the tin.

Work out the probability that the two biscuits were **not** the same type.

.....
(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16. Here are seven tiles.



Jim takes at random a tile.
He does **not** replace the tile.

Jim then takes at random a second tile.

(a) Calculate the probability that both the tiles Jim takes have the number 1 on them.

.....
(2)

(b) Calculate the probability that the number on the second tile Jim takes is greater than the number on the first tile he takes.

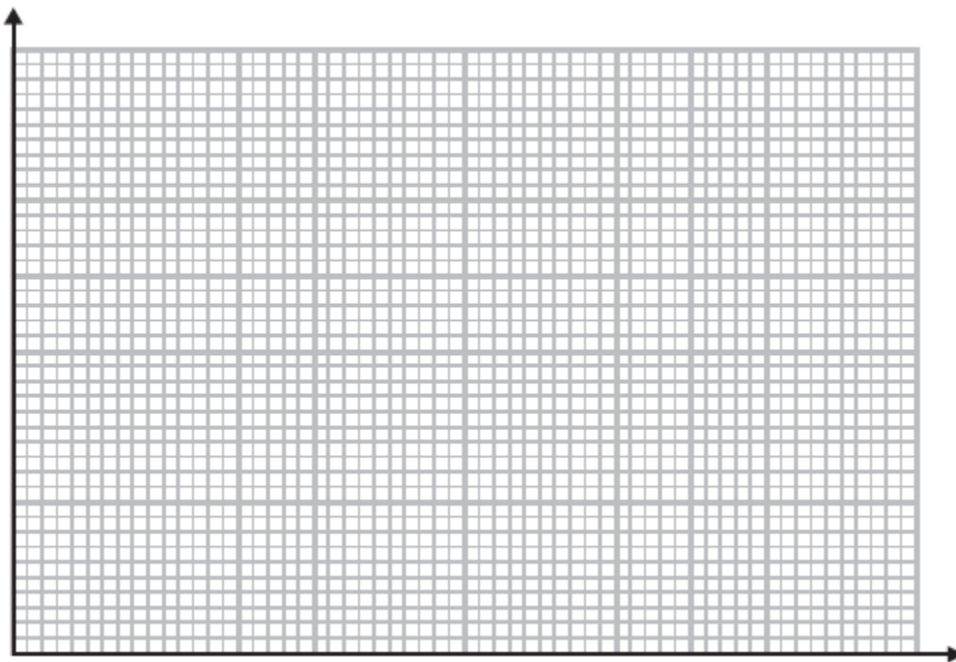
.....
(3)

(Total for Question 16 is 5 marks)

17. The table gives information about the heights, h metres, of trees in a wood.

Height (h metres)	Frequency
$0 < h \leq 2$	7
$2 < h \leq 4$	14
$4 < h \leq 8$	18
$8 < h \leq 16$	24
$16 < h \leq 20$	10

Draw a histogram to show this information.



(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18. Solve $3x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0$
Give your solutions correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

19. The stem and leaf diagram gives information about the numbers of tomatoes on 31 tomato plants.

0		8	8	9				
1		1	1	5	5			
2		1	2	2	6	7	8	8
3		0	2	5	5	7	9	
4		2	2	3	5	8	8	
5		1	1	3	4	7		

Key: 5 | 7 = 57 tomatoes

Work out the interquartile range.

(Total for Question 19 is 2 marks)

20. Simplify $\frac{x+1}{2} + \frac{x+3}{3}$

.....
(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

21. Rob is learning about the planets.

Rob makes a model of the Sun.
He also makes a model of the planet Jupiter.

Rob is going to hang the two models in the school hall.

Rob wants a distance of 16 m between the two models.
The real distance between the planet Jupiter and the Sun is 8×10^8 km.

Work out the scale Rob should use.
Give your answer in the form 1 : n

.....
(Total for Question 21 is 3 marks)

22. $ABCD$ is a trapezium.

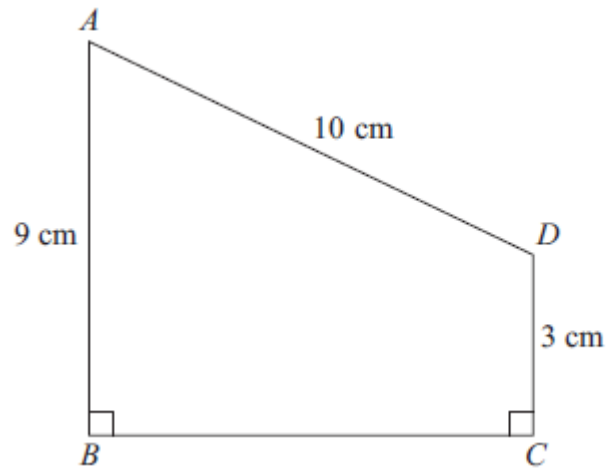


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

$$AD = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$DC = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } ABC = \text{angle } BCD = 90^\circ$$

Calculate the length of AC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

23.

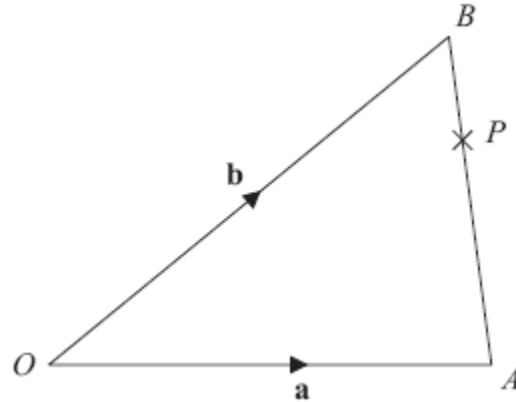


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

OAB is a triangle.

$$\vec{OA} = \mathbf{a}$$

$$\vec{OB} = \mathbf{b}$$

(a) Find \vec{AB} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

.....
(1)

P is the point on AB such that $AP : PB = 3 : 1$

(b) Find \vec{OP} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24. Prove that

$$(2n + 3)^2 - (2n - 3)^2 \text{ is a multiple of } 8$$

for all positive integer values of n .

(Total for Question 24 is 3 marks)

*25. The diagram shows the triangle PQR .

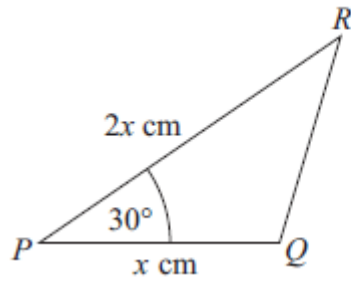


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$$PQ = x \text{ cm}$$

$$PR = 2x \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Angle } QPR = 30^\circ$$

The area of triangle $PQR = A \text{ cm}^2$

Show that $x = \sqrt{2A}$

(Total for Question 25 is 3 marks)

26. The diagram shows a pyramid.

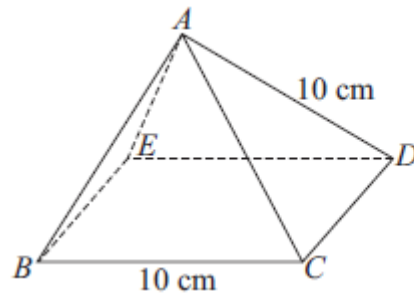


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$BCDE$ is a square with sides of length 10 cm.

The other faces of the pyramid are equilateral triangles with sides of length 10 cm.

- (a) Calculate the volume of the pyramid.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm^3
(4)

- (b) Find the size of angle DAB .

..... $^\circ$
(2)

(Total for Question 26 is 6 marks)

27. (a) Solve $2x^2 + 9x - 7 = 0$

Give your solutions correct to 3 significant figures.

.....
(3)

(b) Solve $\frac{2}{y^2} + \frac{9}{y} - 7 = 0$

Give your solutions correct to 3 significant figures.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 27 is 5 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS