

# K.C.S.E 2008 HISTORY & GOVERNMENT 311/2

## SECTION A (25 marks)

Answer **ALL** the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1. Identify **two** limitations of using written records as a source of information on History and Government. (2 marks)
2. Give **one** reason why early people moved from the forests to settle in the grasslands. (1 mark)
3. Name **one** method of irrigation used in the development of early agriculture in Egypt. (1 mark)
4. Identify **two** uses of copper in Africa during the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. (2 marks)
5. Give **one** invention that revolutionised food preservation during the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. (1 mark)
6. State **two** disadvantages of using fire and smoke signals as a means of communication. (2 marks)
7. State **two** problems faced by traders when using the barter system. (2 marks)
8. What is the meaning of the term "urbanisation"? (1 mark)
9. State **two** functions of the Saza Chiefs among the Baganda in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. (2 marks)
10. Identify the **main** aim of the Berlin conference between 1884 and 1885. (1 mark)
11. Name **one** treaty signed between Lobengula and the British during the process of colonisation of Africa. (1 mark)
12. Identify the European power that took over the administration of Tanganyika after the First World War. (1 mark)
13. Give **one** method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa. (1 mark)
14. State **two** economic results of the Second World War. (2 marks)
15. State **two** objectives of the African National Congress. (2 marks)
16. What is the **main** duty of the United Nations Congress? (1 mark)
17. Apart from political instability in Uganda during the reign of Idd Amin, state **two** other reasons that led to the collapse of the East African Community in 1977. (2 marks)

**SECTION B (45 marks)**

Answer any **three** questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

18. (a) Give **three** ways in which the invention of the wheel revolutionised transport in Europe before the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. (3 marks)
- (b) What are the disadvantages of using air transport? (12 marks)
19. (a) Give **three** methods used to acquire slaves from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** factors that led to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade. (12 marks)
20. (a) Identify **five** causes of the Maji Maji rebellion in Central Tanganyika between 1905 and 1907. (5 marks)
- (b) Why were the African communities defeated by the Germans during the Maji Maji rebellion? (10 marks)
21. (a) Give **five** achievements of the League of Nations between 1919 and 1939. (5 marks)
- (b) Why did the League of Nations fail to maintain world peace? (10 marks)

**SECTION C (30 marks)**

Answer any **two** questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

22. (a) Give **five** reasons why the British used Indirect rule to administer Northern Nigeria. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** effects of the use of Indirect rule by the British in Northern Nigeria. (10 marks)
23. (a) State **five** aims of the Organisation of African Unity. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** differences between the Organisation of African Unity and the African Union. (10 marks)
24. (a) Give **three** conditions that one should fulfil in order to be elected President of India. (3 marks)
- (b) Write down **six** functions of the President of India. (12 marks)