I Semester of LL.M. Examination, Dec. 2012 LAW AND SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. Figures to the **right** indicate the **marks**.

Q. No. 1. (a) Define 'Law'. Explain the relation between law and social change.

Marks: 10

OR

"The idea that the law must be sufficiently flexible to take into account social realities in order to provide the maximum of people's wants with the minimum of friction and waste". Comment.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Colonial distortions of Law.

OR

Law and tradition.

Q. No. 2. (a) Is uniform civil code a solution to religious inequality? Explain.

Marks: 10

OR

Explain the constitutional provisions relating to language and domicile in promoting unity and integrity of India.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Integration of regionalism and national unity.

OR

Protective discrimination.

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Q. No. 3. (a) Explain the constitutional and legal measures for empowerment of women and its contribution in social transformation.

OR

Discuss the national and international legal instruments regarding the protection of children against sexual abusement.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Child labour.

OR

Offence relating to miscarriage.

Q. No. 4. (a) Explain the relevance of fundamental duties in the era of modernization.

Marks: 10

OR

Critically analyse how the law helps the poor from the mystique of legal procedure and heavy court fees through arbitration and conciliation.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

Compensatory jurisprudence.

OR

Local self governing bodies in rural areas.

Q. No. 5. (a) Explain the contribution of sarvodaya in socialization of laws.

Marks: 10

OR

Elucidate the concept of right to property and examine the power of government to acquire lands for public purpose.

(b) Write a short note on:

Marks: 6

India and Marxism.

OR

Naxalite movement.