# Second Semester of Five Year B.B.A., LL.B. Examination, June/July 2012 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (Course - II) 

Duration : 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 100

Instructions: 1. Answer all 5 Questions.
2. One essay type and one short note question or problem from each Unit have to be attempted, which is referred as Part (a) and (b) in all the Units.
3. Figures to the right indicate marks.
4. Use simple calculatror.

## UNIT - I

Q. No. 1. (a) Define accounting. Explain its concepts.

What is "Double-entry system" of book-keeping? What are its advantages and disadvantages?
(b) What is accounting ? State its functions.

OR
Group the following accounts in personal, real and nominal accounts.
a) Capital account
b) Building account
c) Furniture account
d) Salary account
e) Drawing account
f) Machinery account
g) Dividend account
h) Mr. Bharath account
i) Advertisement account
j) Cash account.

## UNIT - II

Q. No. 2. (a) Journalise the following transactions in the books of cash stationery merchant:

Marks : 15
Jan 1 Cash started business with : Cash 24,000
Loan from Jain 12,000
Furniture and fittings 1,600
Stock \& stationery 800
Jan 1 Opened a bank account and deposited 5,000
" 2 Bought stationery for cash 1,387
" 3 Purchased from Shanti Traders the following
items against our order: Furniture 1,200
Instruments 1,000
Stationery 900
A cheque was sent to them in full settlement of their bill
" 10 Cash sales 2,000
" 10 Cash deposited in bank 1,500
" 15 Goods worth ₹ 500 were defective and returned to Shanti Traders.
" 20 Sold old furniture for cash 1,000
" 21 Cash purchases 1,100
" 28 Credit sales to Shanti Traders 500
" 31 Received amount due from ShantiTraders.
OR
Enter the following transactions in purchases and sales day books 2010.

Jan 1 Bought of Pallavi and Co., Bangalore on credit :
500 meters of silk cloth at ₹ 40 per meter 300 pieces of shirting at ₹ 50 per pieces
" 5 Sold to Chandrika of Delhi on credit :
400 meters of silk cloth at ₹ 50 per meter
150 pieces of shirting at ₹ 55 per piece at $3 \%$ discount Jan 10 Purchased from Trilok of Patna on credit:

100 pieces of coating at $₹ 100$ per piece 150 pieces of shirting at ₹ 30 per piece at $5 \%$ discount
Jan 12 Purchased from Mangala Traders, Belgaum on credit : 100 meters of table cloth at ₹ 80 per meter 200 towels at ₹ 20 each at $2 \%$ discount
Jan 15 Sold to Chotalal of Mumbai on credit:
280 pieces of coating at ₹ 120 per piece at $2 \%$ discount 100 pieces of shirting at ₹ 40 per piece at $3 \%$ discount
Jan 18 Bought of Badelal of Bangalore on credit:
100 pieces of woollen cloth at ₹ 100 per piece 200 blankets at ₹ 200 each less $5 \%$ discount
Jan 22 Sold to Ramlal of Ratnagiri on credit: 50 pieces of Woollen cloth at ₹ 200 per piece 100 blankets at ₹ 220 each
Jan 25 Sold to Popatlal of Cochin on credit: 100 pieces of clothing at ₹ 150 per piece 50 pieces of shirting at ₹ 50 per pieces 100 towels at ₹ 30 each
Jan 30 Purchased from Saranath of Baroda for cash : 100 pairs of garments at ₹ 50 per pair 50 pairs of cushions at ₹ 100 per pair.
(b) What is ledger posting ? Explain the procedure of posting.

Marks : 5

## OR

What is "Debit Note" ? Draft a speciman of "Debit Note".

## UNIT - III

Q. No. 3. (a) From the following trail balance of Mr. Ramesh, prepare his trading and profit and loss account for the year ended 31-12-2010 and balance sheet as on date.

| S.No. | Name of Accounts | Dr. | Cr. |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | ₹ | ₹ |  |
| 1 | Capital Account | - | 50,000 |
| 2 | Drawings Account | 10,000 | - |
| 3 | Stock on 01-01-2010 | 25,000 | - |
| 4 | Bills Receivable | 5,000 | - |
| 5 | Sales | - | $1,62,500$ |


| 6 | Returns inwards | 2,500 | - |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 7 | Purchases | $1,03,500$ | - |
| 8 | Return outwards | - | 3,500 |
| 9 | Sundry debtors | 16,200 | - |
| 10 | sundry creditors | - | 12,000 |
| 11 | Bills payable | - | 6,000 |
| 12 | Salaries | 11,000 | - |
| 13 | Wages | 9,600 | - |
| 14 | Machinery | 30,000 | - |
| 15 | Furniture | 5,000 | - |
| 16 | Rent and taxes | 3,500 | - |
| 17 | Insurance | 1,300 | - |
| 18 | Printing and stationery | 1,500 | - |
| 19 | Cash in hand | 200 | - |
| 20 | Cash at bank | 9,700 | - |
|  |  | $2,34,000$ | $2,34,000$ |

## Adjustments:

a) Closing stock as on 31-12-2010 ₹ 18,000
b) Depreciate machinery by $5 \%$ and furniture by ₹ 500
c) Outstanding expenses: Wages ₹ 400 and Rent ₹ 1,000
d) Insurance prepaid ₹ 150
e) Written off ₹ 200 as bad debts and make provision for doubtful debts at 5\% on debtors.

OR
From the following trail balance of Rajan as at 31-12-2010, prepare his final accounts.
S.No. Name of Accounts

1 Rajan's capital
2 Rajan's drawings
3 Purchases and sales
4 Stock (1.1.2010)

Dr. ₹ 760 8,900 1,200

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| 5 | Sales returns and purchase returns | 280 | 450 |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| 6 | Wages | 800 | - |
| 7 | Buildings | 22,000 | - |
| 8 | Freight and carriage | 2,000 | - |
| 9 | Trade expenses | 200 | - |
| 10 | Advertisement | 240 | - |
| 11 | Interest | - | 350 |
| 12 | Taxes and insurance | 130 | - |
| 13 | Debtors and creditors | 6,500 | 1,200 |
| 14 | Bills receivable and bills payable | 1,500 | 700 |
| 15 | Cash at bank | 1,200 | - |
| 16 | Cash in hand | 190 | - |
| 17 | Salaries | 800 | - |

## Adjustments:

a) Stock on 31-12-2010 was valued at ₹ 1,500
b) Insurance was prepaid to the extent of ₹ 40
c) Outstanding liabilities were : Salaries ₹ 200 and taxes ₹ 130
d) Depreciate buildings by $20 \%$.
(b) What is final accounts ? Explain its needs and significance.

OR
Show the format of trading account.

## UNIT - IV

Q. No. 4. (a) On 1-1-2010 X sells goods to Y worth ₹ 6,000 credit on and draws three bills on him an the same date. The first bill of ₹ 1,000 for 1 month, the second for ₹ 2,000 for 2 months and the third for ₹ 3,000 for 3 months. Y accepts the same and returns them to $X$. X retained the first bill until the due date. On 4-1-2010the second bill is endorsed over to $Z$ and the third bill is discounted at $20 \%$ p.a. on the same date.
Pass the journal entries in the books of $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z assuming that all the bills are met on their respective due dates.
$P$ draws a bill on $Q$ for ₹ 1,000 and $Q$ accepts the same and returns it to P who endorses it over to R . Then R endorses it to $S$ who discounts the bill for ₹ 980 with his bankers. Before the due date $Q$ approaches $P$ and requests him, to cash ₹ 500 and to draw a new bill for ₹ 550 to renew the old bill. $P$ agrees to these proposals and also to take up the first bill on the due date.
Pass the journal entries in the books of $P, Q, R$ and $S$.
(b) Write a note on:

Marks : 5
i) Noting and protesting of bill
ii) Retiring of bill.

OR
Define "Promissory Note". Lists its features.

> UNIT - V
Q. No. 5. (a) From the following receipts and payments account of Sanjeevini hospital newly commenced on 1-1-2010 and the adjustments given below, prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ending 31-12-2010 and the balance sheet as on date.

Marks : 15
Receipts and payments account for the year ended
31-12-10

To balance b/d
To subscriptions
To entrance fees
To endowment fund
To Donations
To fees from patients
To interest from bank
To miscellaneous
expenses

- By investments \&

10,000 equipments 12,000 2,000 By furniture 6,000
1,00,000 By diet expenses $\quad 1,800$ 20,000 By medicines
2,500 purchased 1,200
200 By salaries 5,000
By office expenses 3,500
300 By Government
securities 1,00,000
By balance c/d
Cash 500
Bank 5,000 5,500
1,35,000
1,35,000

Donations are to be capitalised. The Government Securities represent investment of the endowment fund amount.
Outstanding subscriptions ₹ 2,000, outstanding interest GovernmentSecurities ₹ 7,000 , office expenses outstanding ₹ 500 .
Depreciate instruments and equipments at $20 \%$ and furniture at $10 \%$.

Stock of medicines as on 31-12-2010 ₹ 200.
OR
From the following particulars of public library, prepare the income and expenditure statement for the year ending 31-03-2010 and balance sheet as at 1-4-2009 and also as at 31-03-2010.

The following are the ledger balances as at 31-3-09 capital fund:
Building 50,000

Investments 10,000
Outstanding creditors for expenses 1,000
Library books 18,000
Furniture 8,000
Outstanding subscriptions 1,500
Lecture hall rent receivable 500
Cash 3,000
Receipts and payments account for the year ending
31-3-2010

| To balance b/d | 3,000 By salary | 5,500 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| To entrance fees | 2,000 By municipal taxes | 800 |
| To subscriptions | 15,000 By insurance | 500 |
| To sale of furniture | 200 By library books |  |
| To sale of old newspaper | 4,000 |  |
| To rent of lecture hall | 2,500 | creditors of last |
| To proceeds from lectures | $1,200 \quad$ year paid | 1,000 |

To interest on investments 1,000 By repairs 300
By furniture 6,000
By office expenses 1,800
By subscription to periodicals

600
By balance c/d 4,500
25,000
25,000

## Adjustments:

1) ₹ 2,500 were outstanding by way of subscriptions and ₹ 1,000 towards rent of lecture hall
2) ₹ 2,000 were received in advance towards subscription for next year
3) Entrance fees to be capitalized
4) A sum of $₹ 100$ prepaid towards insurance
5) Depreciate buildings at 5\%, library books and furniture at $10 \%$. Such depreciation to be calculated on the opening balance of the respective assets.
(b) How do you classify the following receipts into revenue and capital?

Marks : 5
a) Legacies
b) Grant for construction of pavilion
c) Sale of furniture
d) Sale of used sports material
e) Prize fund donations.

OR
How do you treat the following?
a) Prizes paid when the prize fund maintained
b) Wages paid for up keep of an asset
c) Wages paid for erection of new machinery
d) Life membership fees
e) Legacies.

