## Ma

KEY STAGE

## TIER

## Mathematics test

## Paper 1 <br> Calculator not allowed

Please read this page, but do not open your booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

## First name

$\qquad$
Last name $\qquad$

## School

## Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You must not use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, a pair of compasses, tracing paper and mirror (optional).
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.


## Instructions

## Answers

This means write down your answer or show your working and write down your answer.

## Calculators

You must not use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

1. (a) Jeff asked 30 pupils if they travel to school by bus.

20 pupils said yes.
10 pupils said no.

He started to draw a pictogram using the key represents 5 pupils. Complete the pictogram to show Jeff's results.

(b) Sue asked $\mathbf{2 0}$ pupils which subject they like best.

She drew this pictogram but forgot to write the key.


How many pupils does represent?
pupils
2. Write in the boxes what the missing numbers could be.
$\mathbb{Q}+\square+\square=15 \quad 1$ mark

$$
\square \times \square=15
$$

$$
\square \div \square=15
$$

1 mark
$\square \times \square=\square \pm \underset{15}{\ldots}$
3. (a) Look at this scale.


What value is the arrow pointing to on the scale?


1 mark
(b) Here is a different scale.

Draw an arrow $(\downarrow)$ so that it shows the same value as the arrow in part (a).

4. Look at these prices.

| Ruler | $30 p$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pencil | $15 p$ |
| Blue pen | $35 p$ |
| Green pen | $40 p$ |
| Eraser | $20 p$ |

(a) Use the prices to fill in the gaps below.



(b) There are many different ways to make the total cost 60p.

Use the prices to fill in the gaps below.
One way is done for you.

5. (a) My wall clock shows this time:


Which two of the digital clocks below could be showing the same time as my wall clock?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct two.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 33: 00 \\
& \hline 13: 00 \\
& \hline 14: 00 \\
& \hline 15: 00 \\
& \hline 16: 00
\end{aligned}
$$

(b) Early in the morning my wall clock shows this time:


My digital clock shows the same time as my wall clock.
Write what time my digital clock is showing.

(c) In the afternoon my wall clock shows this time:


My digital clock is a 24 hour clock.
Now what time is my digital clock showing?

6. (a) What number should you add to $\mathbf{2 8}$ to make $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ ?

$\qquad$
(b) What number should you subtract from 100 to make $\mathbf{7 8}$ ?

(c) Work out

$$
48+49=
$$

$$
78 \div 3=
$$

$$
1048+208=
$$

$$
4828-480=
$$

7. (a) The number chain below is part of a doubling number chain. Fill in the two missing numbers.


1 mark
(b) The number chain below is part of a halving number chain.

Fill in the two missing numbers.


1 mark
8. A teacher has five number cards.

She says:
'I am going to take a card at random.
Each card shows a different positive whole number.
It is certain that the card will show a number less than 10
It is impossible that the card will show an even number.'

What numbers are on the cards?

9. When the wind blows it feels colder.

The stronger the wind, the colder it feels.

Fill in the gaps in the table.
The first row is done for you.

| Wind strength | Temperature out of the wind $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | How much colder it feels in the wind $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Temperature it feels in the wind $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Moderate breeze | 5 | 7 degrees colder | -2 |
| Fresh breeze | -8 | 11 degrees colder | -20 |
| Strong breeze | -4 | degrees colder |  |
| Gale |  | 23 degrees colder | -45 |

10. Some pupils throw two fair six-sided dice. Each dice is numbered 1 to 6 One dice is blue. The other dice is red.

Anna's dice show blue 5, red 3
Her total score is $\mathbf{8}$
The cross on the grid shows her throw.

(a) Carl's total score is $\mathbf{6}$

What numbers could Carl's dice show?
Put crosses on the grid to show all the different pairs of numbers Carl's dice could show.

(b) The pupils play a game.

Winning rule: Win a point if the number on the blue dice is the same as the number on the red dice.

Put crosses on the grid to show all the different winning throws.


2 marks
(c) The pupils play a different game.

The grid shows all the different winning throws.

blue

Complete the sentence below to show the winning rule.

Winning rule: Win a point if the number on the blue dice is
11. Look at the hexagon and the triangle.

(a) Do the hexagon and triangle have the same area? Tick $(\checkmark)$ Yes or No.
$\geqslant$ $\square$ Yes $\square$ No

Explain your answer.

(b) Do the hexagon and triangle have the same perimeter?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ Yes or No.
$\square$
$\square$ No

Explain your answer.

路
12. There are two small tins and one big tin on these scales.


The two small tins each have the same mass.
The mass of the big tin is $\mathbf{2 . 6} \mathbf{~ k g}$.

What is the mass of one small tin?
Show your working.
13. I have a square grid and two rectangles.

grid

two rectangles

I make a pattern with the grid and the two rectangles:


The pattern has no lines of symmetry.
(a) Put both rectangles on the grid to make a pattern with two lines of symmetry.
You must shade the rectangles.


1 mark
(b) Put both rectangles on the grid to make a pattern with only one line of symmetry.

You must shade the rectangles.

(c) Put both rectangles on the grid to make a pattern with rotation symmetry of order 2

You must shade the rectangles.

14. Simplify these expressions.


$$
5 k+7+3 k=
$$

$$
k+1+k+4=
$$

15. A car park shows this sign.


Complete the table to show all the different ways of paying exactly $\mathbf{7 0 p}$.

| Number of <br> 10p coins | Number of <br> 20p coins | Number of <br> 50p coins |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

2 marks
16. Fill in the missing numbers.

$$
\frac{1}{2} \text { of } 20=\frac{1}{4} \text { of }
$$

$$
1 \text { mark }
$$

$$
\frac{3}{4} \text { of } 100=\frac{1}{2} \text { of }
$$

1 mark

$$
\frac{1}{3} \text { of } 60=\frac{2}{3} \text { of }
$$

17. On this square grid, $A$ and $B$ must not move.


When $C$ is at $(6,6)$, triangle $A B C$ is isosceles.
(a) $C$ moves so that triangle $A B C$ is still isosceles.

Where could C have moved to?
Write the coordinates of its new position.
(................)
(b) Then $C$ moves so that triangle $A B C$ is isosceles and right-angled.

Where could $C$ have moved to?
Write the coordinates of its new position.

(................)
18. (a) There are four people in Sita's family.

Their shoe sizes are 4, 5, 7 and 10

What is the median shoe size in Sita's family?
(b) There are three people in John's family.

The range of their shoe sizes is 4

Two people in the family wear shoe size 6
John's shoe size is not 6 and it is not 10

What is John's shoe size?
19. Use compasses to construct a triangle that has sides $\mathbf{8 c m}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathbf{7 c m}$.

Leave in your construction lines.
One side of the triangle is drawn for you.
$8 \mathrm{~cm} \longrightarrow$
2 marks
20. (a) I pay $£ \mathbf{1 6 . 2 0}$ to travel to work each week.

I work for 45 weeks each year.
How much do I pay to travel to work each year?
Show your working.
(b) I could buy one season ticket that would let me travel for all 45 weeks.

It would cost $\mathbf{£ 6 3 0}$

How much is that per week?
$\square$ 1 mark
21. Solve these equations.

$$
8 k-1=15
$$

$$
k=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots
$$

$$
2 m+5=10
$$

$$
m=
$$

END OF TEST

