Science SAT

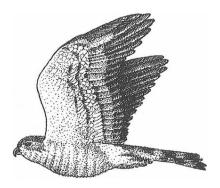
Paper B

	2006	
	45 min	
	40 marks	
Bone	es	
(a)	A human skeleton is made up of bones.	
	Tick ONE box to show the main life process for which bones are important.	
A)	breathing nutrition	
	movement reproduction	1 mark
(b)	Birds also have a skeleton. The diagrams below show a human bone and a bird bone cut in half.	i illair
	Human bone Bird bone	
	The bird bone is hollow (filled with air) inside. This makes it easier for the bird to fly.	
	Why do hollow bones make it easier for birds to fly?	
		1 mark

1.

(c) This bird eats only meat.

Meat is all it needs for its bones to stay strong.



If humans ate only meat, their bones would not stay strong.

Tick **ONE** box to show what is best for humans to eat to keep their bones strong.

	all food without fat		only fruit and vegetables		
	Any food that tastes good		a balanced diet		
					1 mark
(d)	Describe a differe	ent way humans o	can keep their bone	es strong.	
Æ.					1 mark

2. In the kitchen

(a) Layla collects different objects from the kitchen.



She looks at some of the properties of the materials these objects are made from.

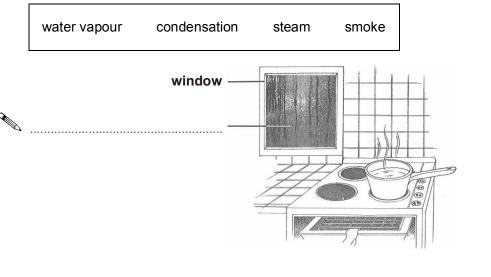
Write a ✓ or ✗ in each empty box in the table to show the properties of the materials.



Material/Object	Flexible	Hard	Transparent
aluminium foil	✓	×	×
wax candle	×	×	×
wooden rolling pin	*	✓	*
plastic food wrap			
glass			

					1 mark
b)	Aluminium foil is flexible.				
	Give ONE use of aluminium is flexible.	m foil in the	kitchen where it is impor	tant that the foil	
					1 mark
c)	Layla knows some change	es are rever	rsible.		
	Tick THREE boxes to show	w which ch	anges are reversible.		
	cooling water		cooking bread		
	boiling an egg		freezing water into ice		
	mixing vinegar with bicarbonate of soda		burning a candle		
	dissolving salt in water				
					2 marks

- (d) Layla watches some water boiling near a window. The picture shows what she can see on the window.
 - (i) Write the missing label for the picture below by choosing from the words in the box below.



1 mark

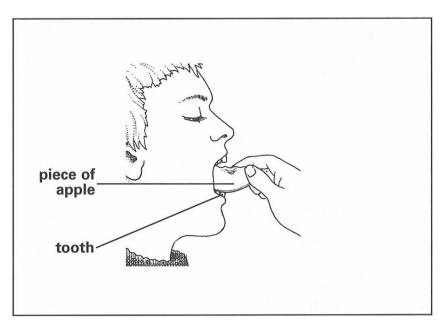
(ii)	Why does the level of the water inside the saucepan go down if the water
	continues to boil?

KI	

3. At the dentist

- (a) When Jon bites a piece of apple, there is a force from Jon's teeth on the apple.
 - (i) Draw **ONE** arrow on the picture below to show the direction of the force from Jon's **bottom** teeth when he bites the apple.

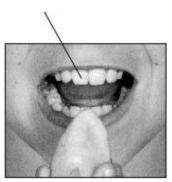




1 mark

(ii) Label the main type of tooth Jon uses to bite the apple.





(b) Jon visits the dentist regularly to help stop tooth decay.

Describe **ONE other** way Jon can help stop tooth decay.



(c) Jon looks around the dentist's surgery. He can see the following objects.

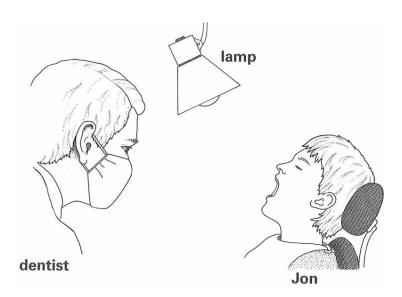
Tick **ONE** box to show which object light passes through best.

mirror	glass	
pencil	coat	1 mark

(d) The dentist uses a lamp to see Jon's teeth clearly.

Draw **TWO** arrows on the diagram below to show the direction light travels for the dentist to see Jon's teeth.



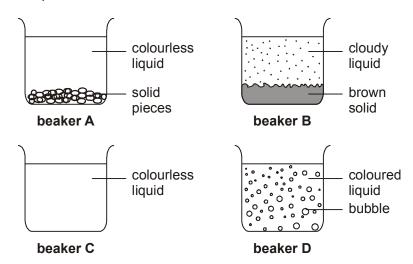


2 marks

4. **Adding water**

Safara wants to find out what happens when solids are mixed with water.

She adds water to four different solids and stirs the mixtures. After 20 minutes she draws pictures of her results.



The table below names the four solids that Safara mixed with water.

Which solid was in each beaker?

Write **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** to complete each row of the table.



Solid	Beaker
soil	
vitamin tablet	
plastic beads	
salt	

1 mark

Explain what happened to the solid in beaker C. (b)

a	

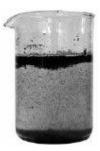
1 mark

In which beaker was there a non-reversible change?

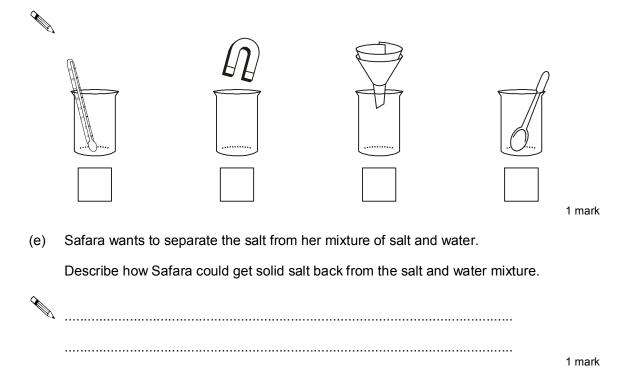


Beaker

(d) Safara wants to separate the soil from her mixture of soil and water.



Tick **ONE** box to show which equipment would be **best** for separating the soil from the water.



5. Bean seeds

(a) Aysha has three different types of bean seed.

She wants to find out which bean seed germinates most quickly.



(i) Does using the same type of soil for each bean seed help to make Aysha's test fair?

Tick **ONE** box.

	yes no
(ii)	Give a reason for your answer.

(b)	(i)	Does using waterin make Aysha's test		e colour for each be	ean seed help to	
		Tick ONE box.				
		yes	no			
	(ii)	Give a reason for y	our answer.			
						1 mark
(c)	The	table shows some of	the factors in Aysh	na's investigation.		
		plete the table to sho box in each row.	ow how Aysha shou	uld carry out her inv	estigation. Tick	_
		Factor	Factor to be changed	Factor to be kept the same	Result to be measured	
	the	type of bean seed				
		time taken for the ed to germinate				
		place where the eds are left				
		type of pot the ed is grown in				
						2 marks
(d)	Sara bean	th thought it would be	e better if Aysha us	ed more than one o	of each type of	
		could using more th stigation?	an one of each type	e of bean improve	Aysha's	
						1 mark

6. Tuning fork

(a) Some children hit the prongs of a tuning fork on a desk. It makes a sound.



Tuning fork

What happens to the prongs so that the tuning fork makes a sound?

4		1 mark
(b)	What happens to the sound made by the tuning fork if they hit the prongs harder?	
4		1 mark
(c)	When the tuning fork is not touching the desk, the sound is quiet.	
	When it touches the desk, the sound becomes louder.	
	Tick ONE box next to each question to show what the sound travels through to reach the children's ears.	

What does the sound travel through when	desk	air	both
the tuning fork is not touching the desk?			
the tuning fork is touching the desk?			

1 mark

7. Brine shrimps and flamingoes

(a) A **brine shrimp** is a tiny living thing. It lives in lakes and eats **algae** (green plants).

Brine shrimp

Flamingoes eat brine shrimps. They filter the shrimps from the water. Look at the picture of the flamingo.



Describe one feature of the flamingo's neck that helps the flamingo to feed.

4		1 mark
(b)	Write the food chain for the three living things described above.	
		1 mark
(c)	The lakes dry up in hot weather and fill up again when it rains. When the lake is dry the adult brine shrimps die, but the eggs do not.	
	Explain why it is important to the life cycle of brine shrimps that the eggs do not die when the lake dries up.	
		1 mark

8. Keeping drinks hot

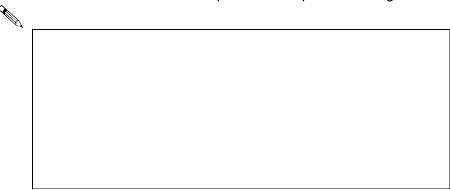
Materials used to keep drinks hot are called insulators.

You are asked to plan your own investigation to compare different kinds of insulating materials used to keep drinks hot.

You can plan to use any equipment and as many different kinds of insulating materials as you need.



Write a short draft in the box of the question **YOU** plan to investigate.



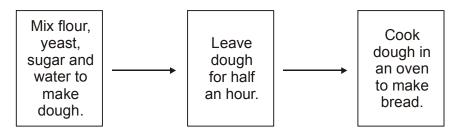
Use your draft to help you answer the questions below.

(a)	What ONE factor will you plan to change as you carry out your investigation?	
		1 mark
(b)	Give ONE factor you will keep the same to make your test fair.	IIIIaik
		1 mark

(c)	What factor will you observe or measure to collect your results?	
		1 mark
(d)	Think of another investigation into 'keeping drinks hot'.	
	What factor will you change as you carry out your new investigation?	
•		

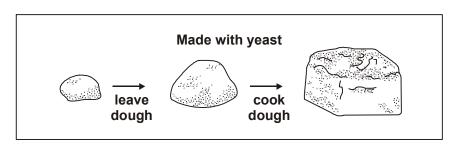
9. Making bread

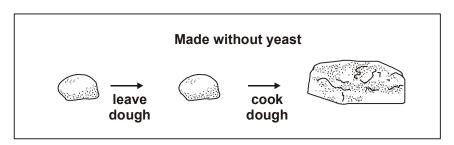
(a) Dan is making bread. This is how he does it.



Dan wants to find out why yeast is used to make some types of bread. He carries out a test.

He makes one loaf of bread with yeast and one loaf without yeast.





	Look at the pictures of Dan's test.				
	What is the effect of yeast in bread making?				
					1 mark
(b)	Dan wants to kno He sets up a new			akes a difference to the bread.	
	Which ingredients should go in each mixture to test if the temperature of the water makes a difference?				
	Tick as many boxes as you need.				
	Ingredients	Mixture 1	Mixture 2		
	flour				
	yeast				
	sugar				
	warm water				
	cold water				1 mark
(c)	The yeast Dan uses is made up of lots of micro-organisms.				
	Write true or false	e next to each st	tatement belo	ow about micro-organisms.	
				True or false?	
	Micro-organisms.				
	are very small.				
	cannot reproduce				
	need nutrients.				
	can grow.				! marks