

En

KEY STAGE

2

LEVELS

3–5

English tests

Grammar, punctuation and spelling mark schemes

Short answer questions
and spelling task

National Curriculum assessments

SAMPLE

Introduction

The Standards and Testing Agency (STA) is responsible for the development and delivery of statutory tests and assessments. STA is an executive agency of the Department for Education (DfE).

This booklet contains the mark schemes for the levels 3–5 test, which consists of the short answer questions and the spelling task. These mark schemes are supplied to teachers for information and in the live tests will be used by expert markers. No level thresholds are available for this test as the standards will be set following the first live test in 2013.

A performance descriptor for levels 3–5 English grammar, punctuation and spelling will be written prior to the standards setting meeting.

This test contains a total of 70 marks.

The short answer test contains a total of 50 marks.

The spelling task contains a total of 20 marks.

The original mark schemes were written alongside the questions, but many examples used in the mark schemes were subsequently taken from trialling scripts. The mark schemes indicate the criteria on which judgements should be made. In applying these principles, markers use professional judgement based on the training they have received.

The English grammar, punctuation and spelling test assesses elements of the Key Stage 2 National Curriculum. Details about what is assessed in this test are presented in this mark scheme. Further information about which elements are assessed can be found in the English grammar, punctuation and spelling task framework at www.education.gov.uk/KS2.

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The English grammar, punctuation and spelling test mark schemes

The structure of the short answer mark scheme

The marking information for each question is set out in the form of tables, which start on **page 10** of this booklet.

The **‘Question’** column on the left-hand side of each table provides a reference to the question number and question part. This column also gives a reference linking it to the Key Stage 2 National Curriculum.

The **‘Mark’** column indicates the total number of marks available for each question part.

The **‘Requirement’** column may include two types of information:

- A statement of the requirements for the award of each mark, shown by a square bullet.
- *Examples of some different types of correct response, shown by a bullet and italic formatting.*

The **‘Additional guidance’** column provides information about any alternative acceptable responses, as well as an explanation of responses that are not acceptable.

General guidance on marking the spelling task is given on **page 18**.

Application of the short answer mark scheme

In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent procedural queries are listed on **pages 7 and 8** along with guidance about what markers should do. Unless otherwise specified in the mark scheme, markers will apply the guidance in all cases.

Mark allocation in the English grammar, punctuation and spelling test

The following table summarises the number of marks in the sample test assessing each area:

Assessment area	Number of marks
Grammar	29
Punctuation	12
Vocabulary	9
Spelling	20
Total marks	70

English grammar, punctuation and spelling question classification

The table below summarises which areas of the Key Stage 2 English programme of study are assessed in the grammar, punctuation and spelling test. The reference codes in the right-hand column below are given in the question column of the short answer mark scheme.

Component 1: short answer section

KS2 programme of study reference	Grammar, punctuation and spelling reference codes																																		
En3.7a–c Language structure																																			
<p>Pupils should be taught:</p> <p>a: word classes and the grammatical functions of words, including nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions, conjunctions, articles</p> <p>b: the features of different types of sentence, including statements, questions and commands, and how to use them [for example, imperatives in commands]</p> <p>c: the grammar of complex sentences, including clauses, phrases and connectives.</p>	<table> <tr> <td>sg/ga1</td> <td>Grammatical terms / word classes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.1</td> <td>Nouns</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.2</td> <td>Verbs</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.3</td> <td>Adjectives</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.4</td> <td>Connectives</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.5</td> <td>Pronouns</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.6</td> <td>Adverbs</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.7</td> <td>Prepositions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga1.8</td> <td>Articles</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga2</td> <td>Features of sentences</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga2.1</td> <td>Statements</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga2.2</td> <td>Questions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga2.3</td> <td>Commands</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga3</td> <td>Complex sentences</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga3.1</td> <td>Clauses</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga3.2</td> <td>Phrases</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga3.3</td> <td>Subordinating connectives</td> </tr> </table>	sg/ga1	Grammatical terms / word classes	sg/ga1.1	Nouns	sg/ga1.2	Verbs	sg/ga1.3	Adjectives	sg/ga1.4	Connectives	sg/ga1.5	Pronouns	sg/ga1.6	Adverbs	sg/ga1.7	Prepositions	sg/ga1.8	Articles	sg/ga2	Features of sentences	sg/ga2.1	Statements	sg/ga2.2	Questions	sg/ga2.3	Commands	sg/ga3	Complex sentences	sg/ga3.1	Clauses	sg/ga3.2	Phrases	sg/ga3.3	Subordinating connectives
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sg/ga3.3	Subordinating connectives																																		
En3.6a–b Standard English																																			
<p>Pupils should be taught:</p> <p>a: how written standard English varies in degrees of formality</p> <p>b: some of the differences between standard and non-standard English usage, including subject-verb agreements and use of prepositions.</p>	<table> <tr> <td>sg/ga4</td> <td>Standard English</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga4.1</td> <td>Tense agreement</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga4.2</td> <td>Subject–verb agreement</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga4.3</td> <td>Double negatives</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga4.4</td> <td>Use of ‘I’ and ‘me’</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga5</td> <td>Formal / informal</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga5.4</td> <td>Contractions</td> </tr> </table>	sg/ga4	Standard English	sg/ga4.1	Tense agreement	sg/ga4.2	Subject–verb agreement	sg/ga4.3	Double negatives	sg/ga4.4	Use of ‘I’ and ‘me’	sg/ga5	Formal / informal	sg/ga5.4	Contractions																				
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KEY: sg: sentence grammar p: punctuation ga: grammatical accuracy

KS2 programme of study reference	Grammar, punctuation and spelling reference codes																								
En3.1 & En3.2 Vocabulary/language strategies																									
<p>Pupils should be taught: En3.1b: to broaden their vocabulary and use it in inventive ways En3.2d to proofread – check the draft for spelling and punctuation errors, omissions and repetitions.</p>	<table> <tr> <td>sg/ga7</td> <td>Vocabulary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.1</td> <td>Word meaning</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.2</td> <td>Vocabulary in context</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.3</td> <td>Concision / precision in vocabulary</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.4</td> <td>Synonyms</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.5</td> <td>Antonyms</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.6</td> <td>Word groups / families</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.7</td> <td>Prefixes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.8</td> <td>Suffixes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>sg/ga7.9</td> <td>Singular and plural</td> </tr> </table>	sg/ga7	Vocabulary	sg/ga7.1	Word meaning	sg/ga7.2	Vocabulary in context	sg/ga7.3	Concision / precision in vocabulary	sg/ga7.4	Synonyms	sg/ga7.5	Antonyms	sg/ga7.6	Word groups / families	sg/ga7.7	Prefixes	sg/ga7.8	Suffixes	sg/ga7.9	Singular and plural				
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En3.3 Punctuation																									
<p>Pupils should be taught: En3.3: to use punctuation marks correctly in their writing, including full stops, question and exclamation marks, commas, inverted commas, and apostrophes to mark possession and omission.</p>	<table> <tr> <td>p1/ga6</td> <td>Punctuation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.1/ga6.1</td> <td>Capital letters</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.2/ga6.2</td> <td>Full stops</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.3/ga6.3</td> <td>Question marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.4/ga6.4</td> <td>Exclamation marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.5/ga6.5</td> <td>Commas in lists</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.6/ga6.6</td> <td>Commas to mark phrases or clauses</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.7/ga6.7</td> <td>Inverted commas</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.8/ga6.8</td> <td>Apostrophes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.9/ga6.9</td> <td>Brackets</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.10/ga6.10</td> <td>Ellipses</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p1.11/ga6.11</td> <td>Colons</td> </tr> </table>	p1/ga6	Punctuation	p1.1/ga6.1	Capital letters	p1.2/ga6.2	Full stops	p1.3/ga6.3	Question marks	p1.4/ga6.4	Exclamation marks	p1.5/ga6.5	Commas in lists	p1.6/ga6.6	Commas to mark phrases or clauses	p1.7/ga6.7	Inverted commas	p1.8/ga6.8	Apostrophes	p1.9/ga6.9	Brackets	p1.10/ga6.10	Ellipses	p1.11/ga6.11	Colons
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Component 2: spelling task

KS2 programme of study references
En3.2 language strategies
<p>Pupils should be taught to: En3.2d: proofread – check the draft for spelling and punctuation errors, omissions and repetitions.</p>
En3.4a–j spelling
<p>Pupils should be taught: En3.4 spelling strategies a: to sound out phonemes b: to analyse words into syllables and other known words c: to apply knowledge of spelling conventions d: to use knowledge of common letter strings, visual patterns and analogies e: to check their spelling f: to revise and build on their knowledge of words and spelling patterns.</p> <p>En3.4 morphology g: the meaning, use and spelling of common prefixes and suffixes h: the spelling of words with inflectional endings i: the relevance of word families, roots and origins of words j: the use of appropriate terminology, including vowel, consonant, homophone and syllable.</p>

KEY: **sg:** sentence grammar **p:** punctuation **ga:** grammatical accuracy

Marking specific types of short answer question

Summary of additional guidance

The following guidance applies to all questions in the short answer component. Please read this carefully before applying the individual mark schemes.

Question type	Accept	Do not accept
Tick boxes	Any unambiguous indication of the correct answer, eg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The box is crossed rather than ticked ■ The correct answer is circled rather than ticked. 	Responses in which more than the required number of boxes has been ticked.
Underlining clauses / phrases / other text	Underlining of the full required text, with or without surrounding punctuation. Responses in which more than half of a required word is underlined.	Responses in which only part of the required text, or less than half of a required word, is underlined. Responses in which any additional words are underlined.
Circling of the answer	Any unambiguous indication of the correct answer, eg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The answer is underlined ■ The answer is enclosed within a box. 	Responses in which more than the required number of words has been circled. Responses in which the correct answer is encircled, together with surrounding words.
Drawing lines to 'match' boxes	Lines that do not touch the boxes, provided the intention is clear.	Multiple lines drawn to / from the same box (unless this is a question requirement).
Labelling of parts of speech	Clear labels, whether they use the full vocabulary required by the question or an unambiguous abbreviation, eg: 'V' for 'verb'.	Ambiguity in labelling, eg: the use of 'noun' or 'CN' where a distinction is required between 'collective noun' and 'common noun'.

Short answer questions: further marking guidance

What if...	Accept
<p>...the answer is correct but spelling is inaccurate?</p>	<p>Where no specific mark scheme guidance is given, incorrect spellings of the correct response are creditworthy, provided the intention is clear to the marker. The single exception to this is when marking contractions, which must have correct spelling and placement of apostrophes.</p> <p>In any other questions in which correct spelling is required in order to assess pupils' understanding of the curriculum focus, mark scheme guidance will state the need for correct spelling, and will list any acceptable alternatives.</p> <p>If specific grammatical terminology is required in the answer, a misspelling must, in order to be creditworthy, be a phonetic approximation of the required word, with the major syllables of the correct word represented in the answer.</p>
<p>...the pupil's response does not match closely any of the examples given?</p>	<p>Illustrative examples of pupil responses to questions are sometimes given; however, markers will use the marking principles to make a judgement about the award of marks. If uncertain, markers will escalate the issue to a more senior colleague.</p>
<p>...no answer is given in the expected place, but the correct answer is given elsewhere?</p>	<p>If a pupil leaves an answer box empty, but then writes their response elsewhere, it is still creditworthy, providing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ It meets any relevant criteria in this guidance and in the question-specific mark scheme ■ It is not contradicted by any other attempt at the answer written elsewhere. (See '...more than one answer is given'.) <p>This includes where pupils 'fill in the blank' within a question when they are expected to write or tick their answer below it.</p>
<p>...the correct answer has been crossed out and not replaced?</p>	<p>Any legible crossed-out work that has not been replaced will be marked according to the mark scheme.</p> <p>If the answer has been replaced by a further attempt, the crossed-out work will not be considered.</p>
<p>...more than one answer is given?</p>	<p>If all answers given are correct according to the mark scheme, the mark will be awarded.</p> <p>If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark will be awarded.</p>

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Short answer questions mark scheme

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance
1 ga3.3	because	1m	
2 ga4.2	broken <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m	
3 ga4.4	I wanted my mum to watch <u>me</u> in the school play. After we went cycling, Emma and <u>I</u> were very tired. The teacher asked Tim and <u>me</u> to collect the books.	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.
4 ga6.1	a) (max)is coming here in(december)to learn(english). b) Award 1 mark for any of the following points that is applicable to the word chosen. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ It is a proper noun. ■ It is the name of a language. ■ It is the name of a month. ■ It is a (person's) name. ■ It is the start of a sentence. 	Up to 2m	a) Award 1 mark for all three correct. Also accept responses in which the letter requiring capitalisation is circled instead of the word. b) Award 1 mark for a correct explanation in part b. Do not accept explanations that describe the word as a noun.
5 ga4.2	Liam and Dan _____ gone outside. The children _____ listening to a story. Kyle _____ forgotten his lunch. The teacher _____ writing on the board.	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.
6 ga6.3	Sam asked, "Have I got time to get popcorn" after he had bought his ticket. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m	

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance												
7 ga2.3	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Question</th> <th>Command</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Could you get my coat?</td> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept an appropriate command starting with a suitable imperative verb: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get / fetch / bring my coat. </td> </tr> </table>	Question	Command	Could you get my coat?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept an appropriate command starting with a suitable imperative verb: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get / fetch / bring my coat. 	1m	<p>Also accept an appropriate command with no full stop / capital letter, or that uses an exclamation mark.</p> <p>Also accept commands that start with 'please', eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please fetch my coat. 								
Question	Command														
Could you get my coat?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept an appropriate command starting with a suitable imperative verb: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get / fetch / bring my coat. 														
8 p1.4	<p>Wow</p> <p>What did you eat last night</p> <p>Tina looked around the classroom</p>	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.												
9 ga1.4	Sarah and Ashley said the science test was easy. Paul, however , complained to the teacher as it was too hard for him.	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.												
10 ga1.3	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Word from the sentence</th> <th>Noun</th> <th>Adjective</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>match</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>exciting</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>bored</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Word from the sentence	Noun	Adjective	match	✓		exciting		✓	bored		✓	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.
Word from the sentence	Noun	Adjective													
match	✓														
exciting		✓													
bored		✓													
11 ga1.5	us We <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m													
12 ga7.2	play	1m	<p>Also accept other responses that fit, grammatically and semantically, into both sentences, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> film 												
13 ga7.9	The sign warned that deer might be crossing. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m													

Question	Requirements	Question	Mark	Additional guidance															
14 sg1.2	Katy put on her shoes and hurried to the party. ✓		1m																
15 ga6.5	We'll need a board, counters and a pair of dice. ✓		1m																
16 sg1.6	Excitedly Dan opened the heavy lid. He paused briefly and looked at the treasure.		1m																
17 ga7.4	<p>Accept any appropriate adjectival synonym to replace 'enormous', eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> big gigantic 		1m	<p>Also accept adjectival phrases, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> absolutely huge. <p>Do not accept adjectives that relate to large size, but which are inappropriate when applied to a building, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fat. 															
18 ga1.9	Mr Jones (my neighbour) looks after our cat when we go on holiday. ✓		1m																
19 sg1.1	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Noun</th> <th>Verb</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Example: to jump</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>desk</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>belong</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>car</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Noun	Verb	Example: to jump		✓	desk	✓		belong		✓	car	✓			1m	
	Noun	Verb																	
Example: to jump		✓																	
desk	✓																		
belong		✓																	
car	✓																		
20 ga4.1	<p>pulled → pull</p> <p>sighed → sigh</p> <p>heard → hear</p> <p>thought → think</p>		Up to 2m	<p>Also accept responses using the present continuous tense, eg:</p> <p>thought → am thinking</p> <p>Award 2 marks for four correct responses. Award 1 mark for two or three correct responses.</p>															

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance
21 sg1.3	The (local) baker regularly makes (fresh) bread.	1m	
22 p1.6	As it was raining so hard, we weren't able to visit the castle. ✓	1m	
23 sg1.4	(Although) the room looked empty, Cara knew she would discover something in there.	1m	
24 ga2.2	<p>■ Accept any appropriate question that ends with a question mark, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How much <u>was your toy</u>? • How much <u>flour will we need</u>? 	1m	The question must be grammatically correct for the award of the mark.
25 sg7.9	<p>one <u>box</u>, four boxes</p> <p>one foot, a pair of <u>feet</u></p> <p>one sheep, a flock of <u>sheep</u></p>	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct. Also accept simple errors in spelling where the intention to form the correct singular / plural form is phonetically plausible.
26 ga6.2	Priya is my best friend she is very kind. ✓	1m	
27 p1.5	I need to pack a swimming costume, some sun cream, a hat, sunglasses and a towel.	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct. Do not accept a 'serial' comma placed before 'and'.
28 ga7.3	<p>■ Award one mark for a suitable past tense verb related to speaking, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>shouted</i> • <i>screamed</i> • <i>yelled</i> • <i>bellowed</i> 	1m	Do not accept verbs in any other tense. Do not accept verbs relating to speech that do not fit the context, eg: <i>mumbled</i> .
29 sg1.1	The (leaves) on our (tree) turned orange as the (weather) became colder.	1m	
30 sg2.1	<p>The film started on time. ✓</p> <p>The interval lasts for 20 minutes. ✓</p>	1m	Award 1 mark for both correct.

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance
<p>31 ga7.2</p>	<p>■ Accept any two responses in which <i>present</i> is used correctly and with a different meaning in each. Responses numbered separately below are considered to have different meanings.</p> <p><i>Present</i> as a noun:</p> <p>i) A gift, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>You give someone a birthday present.</i> • <i>What a fabulous present!</i> <p>ii) <i>Present</i> time, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>A newspaper is a record of the present.</i> • <i>We live in the present.</i> <p><i>Present</i> as a verb:</p> <p>iii) <i>Present</i> a talk / TV programme, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>He is going to present the weather.</i> <p><i>Present</i> as an adjective:</p> <p>iv) <i>Present</i> tense, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>I wrote my story in the present tense.</i> <p>v) <i>Present</i> meaning 'here', eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Jane was not present for the lesson.</i> 	1m	<p>Also accept responses that are not full sentences or act as definitions, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>A birthday present</i> • <i>to be here for something.</i>
<p>32 ga1.2</p>	<p>The first singer was clearly the best.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> ↑ ↑ ↑ C A B D </p>	1m	Award 1 mark for all four correct.
<p>33 sg7.5</p>	<p>few, not many <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	1m	
<p>34 ga4.2</p>	<p>was / (were) go / goes take / (takes)</p>	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance															
35 ga1.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept any appropriate adverbs, eg: Josie walked home <u>quickly</u> / <u>slowly</u> and ate her dinner <u>hungrily</u> / <u>greedily</u>. 	1m	Award 1 mark for two correct adverbs. Also accept adverbial phrases, eg: very quickly. Do not accept the same adverb used for both responses.															
36 sg3.1	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Main clause</th> <th>Subordinate clause</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Example: My sister, who is very annoying, is older than me.</td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sports day was cancelled because it was raining heavily.</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The sofa, which is old and worn, is the cat's favourite place to sleep.</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>When I arrived, everyone else was already there.</td> <td style="text-align: center;">✓</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Main clause	Subordinate clause	Example: My sister, who is very annoying, is older than me.	✓		Sports day was cancelled because it was raining heavily.		✓	The sofa, which is old and worn , is the cat's favourite place to sleep.		✓	When I arrived, everyone else was already there.	✓		1m	Award 1 mark for three rows correctly ticked.
	Main clause	Subordinate clause																
Example: My sister, who is very annoying, is older than me.	✓																	
Sports day was cancelled because it was raining heavily.		✓																
The sofa, which is old and worn , is the cat's favourite place to sleep.		✓																
When I arrived, everyone else was already there.	✓																	
37 ga6.2	I the sun shone while Luke was walking to school as he passed ^{A} ben's house, he was thinking about the weekend and their trip ^{B} .	1m	Award 1 mark for both full stops and the capital letter amended.															
38 ga7.7	I <u>mis</u> behave I <u>inc</u> orrect I <u>im</u> possible	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.															

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance												
39 ga6.7	“Following the Battle of Hastings,” said the historian, “William the Conqueror became King of England.”	1m	<p>Award 1 mark for all four inverted commas placed correctly.</p> <p>Also accept inverted commas placed differently in relation to the comma, as this is not the end of the sentence being quoted, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “Following the <i>Battle of Hastings</i>”, said the historian... <p>Do not accept responses with inverted commas placed before the final punctuation, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “<i>William the Conqueror became King of England</i>”. 												
40 ga 1.6	quickly <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m													
41 ga6.8	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Apostrophe for omission</th> <th>Apostrophe for possession</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Alisha's the best in the class at maths.</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>We'll finish this after lunch.</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Samir's picture is my favourite.</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Apostrophe for omission	Apostrophe for possession	Alisha's the best in the class at maths.	✓		We'll finish this after lunch.	✓		Samir's picture is my favourite.		✓	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.
	Apostrophe for omission	Apostrophe for possession													
Alisha's the best in the class at maths.	✓														
We'll finish this after lunch.	✓														
Samir's picture is my favourite.		✓													
42 sg5.4	a) You're b) shouldn't	Up to 2m	Award 1 mark for each correct contraction. For each mark, the apostrophe must be placed correctly and the word spelt correctly.												
43 sg1.7	She waited <u>until</u> 10 o'clock.	1m													

Question	Requirements	Mark	Additional guidance															
44 ga3.2	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Phrase</th> <th>Clause</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>We went outside so we could enjoy the sunshine.</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The sun shone in the bright blue sky.</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>The beautiful rainbow lasted for hours.</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>We had fun running around the garden.</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Phrase	Clause	We went outside so we could enjoy the sunshine .		✓	The sun shone in the bright blue sky .	✓		The beautiful rainbow lasted for hours.	✓		We had fun running around the garden.		✓	Up to 2m	Award 2 marks for four correct responses. Award 1 mark for any three correct responses.
	Phrase	Clause																
We went outside so we could enjoy the sunshine .		✓																
The sun shone in the bright blue sky .	✓																	
The beautiful rainbow lasted for hours.	✓																	
We had fun running around the garden.		✓																
45 sg1.8	<p>After <u>the</u> argument they all went home.</p> <p>We saw <u>a</u> magnificent polar bear.</p> <p>Eating <u>an</u> apple can help keep you healthy.</p>	1m	Award 1 mark for all three correct.															
46 ga7.2	<p>climbed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	1m																

Spelling task mark scheme

Guidance for marking the spelling component

The following conventions should be followed when marking spelling:



- If more than one attempt is made, it must be clear which version the pupil wishes to be marked.
- If two attempts are made and it is not clear which one is to be considered, the mark is not awarded.
- Spellings can be written in upper or lower case, or a mixture of the two.
- If a word has been written with the correct sequence of letters but these have been separated into clearly divided components, with or without a dash, the mark is not awarded.
- If a word has been written with the correct sequence of letters but an apostrophe or hyphen has been inserted, the mark is not awarded.

Quick reference mark scheme for the spelling task

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. dinner | 11. different |
| 2. following | 12. kennel |
| 3. picture | 13. design |
| 4. sudden | 14. caught |
| 5. television | 15. friends |
| 6. information | 16. obvious |
| 7. laugh | 17. popular |
| 8. attracted | 18. alphabet |
| 9. guide | 19. temperature |
| 10. celebrated | 20. immediately |

Children’s version of the spelling task

The words omitted from the children’s spelling task are those printed in **bold** in the version below.

<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <h3>Spelling task</h3> </div>	<p>1. We sat at the table to eat our dinner _____.</p> <p>2. The ducklings walked in a line, following _____ their mother.</p> <p>3. Ali drew a picture _____ of his garden.</p> <p>4. The sudden _____ noise made me jump.</p> <p>5. Pria turned on the television _____ and watched her favourite cartoon.</p> <p>6. Sarah went to the library to get some more information _____.</p> <p>7. The joke made everyone laugh _____.</p> <p>8. The plants attracted _____ lots of butterflies.</p> <p>9. The guide _____ showed us around the museum.</p> <p>10. The team celebrated _____ when they won the match.</p> <p>11. A leopard’s spots look quite different _____ from those on a cheetah.</p>
	<p>12. The dog’s kennel _____ was in the garden.</p> <p>13. There is a competition to design _____ a new school playground.</p> <p>14. Imran caught _____ the ball.</p> <p>15. Nina made a lot of friends _____ at her new school.</p> <p>16. It was obvious _____ that Alisha was going to win the race.</p> <p>17. The new toys are very popular _____.</p> <p>18. Jack wrote the alphabet _____ in his best handwriting.</p> <p>19. When the temperature _____ reaches 100 degrees, the water will boil.</p> <p>20. The kitten got into its basket and immediately _____ fell asleep.</p>
<p>02</p>  <p>T S A W P L L E O Z N</p>	<div style="border: 2px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; display: inline-block;"> <p>END OF TASK</p> </div>  <p>T S A W P L L E O Z N</p> <p>03</p>



Standards
& Testing
Agency

Sample 2013 Key Stage 2 levels 3–5 English grammar, punctuation and spelling test
mark schemes: short answer questions and spelling task

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