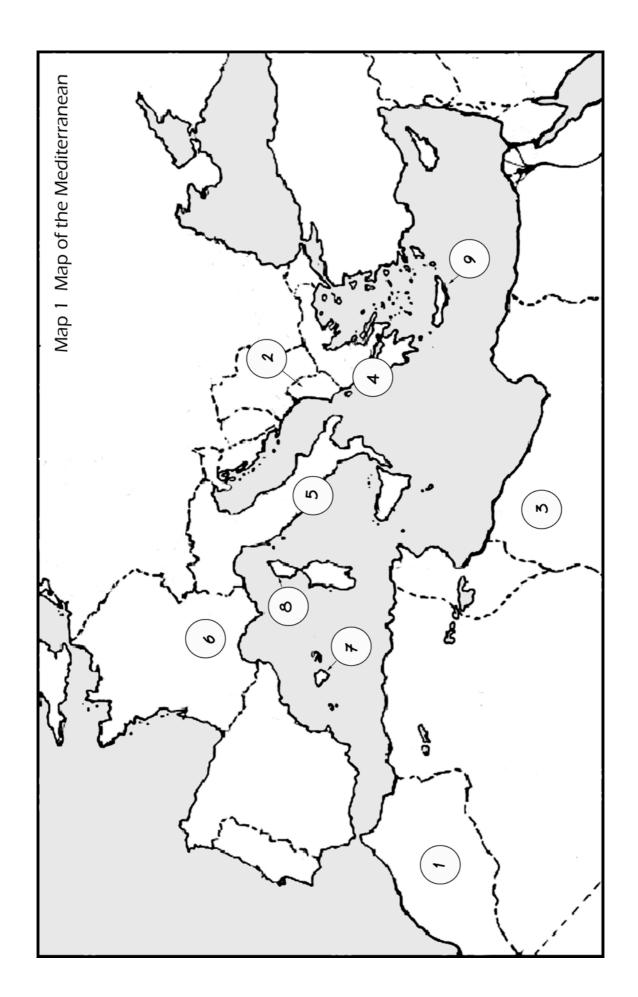
# **JUNIOR LYCEUM ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2003**

### **Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division**

FORM 2		GEOGRAPHY	Time 1hr 30mins
NAME: _			CLASS:
Section 1 Answer a	ıll que	estions from Section 1	
		ally the map of the Mediterranean uestions.	Region and then answer the
	ill in ti umber	he table below with the names of red:	countries and capital cities
		Country	Capital City
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
_			(6 marks)
	he isla iumbei	ands (and the mother country to wred:	which each country belongs)
		Island	<b>Mother Country</b>
	7		
	8		
	9		

(3 marks)



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	(c) Shade and name the largest island in the Mediterranean.  (1 mark)  (d) On the map itself shade and name the Iberian Peninsula.  (1 mark)  (e) In the space provided below name the two countries that make up the Iberian Peninsula.
	(1 mark)
2.	Read carefully the following newspaper report.
	In the Italian Town of Milan, there are nearly 2 million inhabitants. The Milanese have a high standard of living so that most families have at least one car. Added to this, there are also large numbers of industrial vehicles such as  Milan, a huge amount of pollution is produced daily from the burning of fuel by their engines. The air over the city is polluted so much that, on winter days, a kind of fog settles on the city thus making several people sick of bronchitis and pneumonia.
	(a) Name two sources of air pollution in the city of Milan mentioned in the report.
	(b) Name two other sources of air pollution not mentioned in the newspaper report also effecting the city of Milan.
	(c) What is this polluted air over the city called?
	(d) Name two other cities in Europe that have similar problems.
	(e) Name two health problems that air pollution of this kind can cause to people.  (1 mark)  (1 mark)

)	(2 marks)  Why do you think that in North African countries the problem of air pollution is no so serious?
	(1 mark)
1)	Briefly explain how air pollution will slowly effect the climate of the world including that of the Mediterranean. (Greenhouse Effect).

### Choose THREE sections from Sections 2, 3, 4 and 5.

#### **Section 2**

- 1. Study carefully the map of the world.
  - (a) Name the following lines of latitude and longitude.

Line 1	
Line 2	
Line 3	
Line 4	
Line 5	

(5 marks)

(b) On the map itself draw the following lines of latitude and longitude. Mark by the letter  $\mathbf{X}$  where the two lines meet.

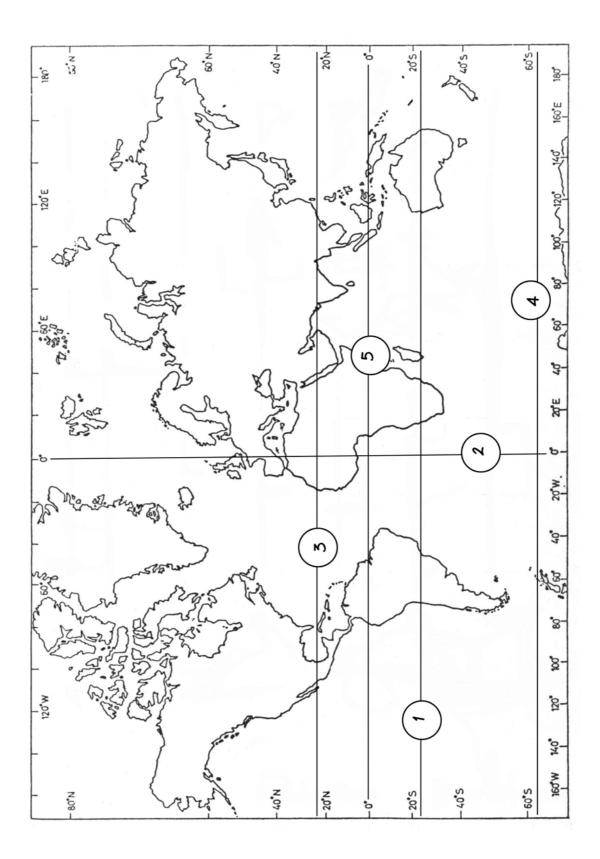
Line of Latitude	40°N
Line of Longitude	120 °E

(3 marks)

(c) Say if the following statements are true or false by ticking (4) the correct box.

		True	False
1	The Maltese Islands are on latitude 36°N.	4	
2	Lines of latitude run from north to south.		
3	Lines of latitude meet at the North Pole.		
4	The North Pole is found at 90°N.		
5	Lines of latitude are parallel to each other.		
6	Lines of longitude meet at the Poles.		
7	Tropic of Cancer is longer than the Equator.		

(6 marks)



2.	On the map o	f the Mediterra	nean (Map 1)			
	(a) Shade and	d name the follo	owing fold mountains	S.		
	Pyrenees Pindus		Atlas Mountains Apennines	Taurus Alps	(6 marks)	
	(b) Briefly do	escribe how the	se mountains were fo	ormed.		
						_ _ _
						_
						_
						_
					(5 mayles)	-
-					(5 marks)	
Sec	ction 3					
1.	On the map	of the Mediterra	anean (Map 1)			
	(a) Write of	lown the names	s of the following sea	s in the appro	priate place on the map.	
	Ad	driatic Sea	Black Sea	Tyrrhe	nian Sea	
	A	egean Sea	Sea of Marmara	ı		

(5 marks)

		(5 n	narks)

(c) Say if the following statements are true or false by ticking (4) the correct box.

	True	False
Swordfish and tuna are migratory fish.		
The continental shelf is the deepest part of the sea bed.		
The place where fish breed and live is called habitat.		
Large quantities of fish are found on the continental shelf.		
Local fishermen catch plankton by the use of nets.		

(5 marks)

ae	ll in the table below by writing the geographical term escription.	that explains the
T	he loss of water by the sun and wind	
T	he natural way of watering crops and fields	
	he process by which sea water is turned into good rinking water.	
	ocks that hold water in their pores like a sponge.	
R	ocks that do not allow water to pass through.	
		(10 marks)
		(5 marks)
(b)	In the space provided below draw a simple diagram about.	
(b)		

2.	Ans	swer the following questions.	
	(a)	What is a desert?	
	(b)	Name the two types of desert and give an example for each.	(3 marks)
	(c)	What is an oasis and why do we find lots of people living in su	(4 marks) uch places?
	(d)	Who are nomads and how do they live in the desert?	(4 marks)
			(4 marks)

### **Section 5**

2.

# 1. Match the following sentences

A	Jordan Rift Valley	Arc-shaped grassland running from the Mediterranean coast to the Persian Gulf.
В	Fertile Crescent	The shape of the land.
С	Relief	An elongated land area which sank below the surrounding land.
D	Manufacturing Industries	People employed in providing a service.
Е	Tertiary Industries	When people are employed in factories or workshops

(10 marks)

Ans	wer the following questions in the space provided.	
(a)	What is meant by the term irrigation?	
		(2 marks)
(b)	Why is irrigation necessary in most Mediterranean countries?	
(c)	Name two main sources of irrigation water.	(4 marks)
(d)	What are dams and why are they useful?	(2 marks)
		(3 marks)

# (e) Refer to the photo below:



What system of irrigation is used in this particular field and why do you think that many local farmers have introduced such a system.		
(4 marks)		