Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

FORM 1

ENGLISH LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Teacher's Paper

Instructions for the conduct of the Listening Comprehension Examination

The teacher should instruct the candidates to answer the questions on the paper provided. The following procedure for reading the Listening Comprehension passage is to be explained to the candidates immediately before proceeding with the examination.

You have been given a sheet containing the Listening Comprehension questions. You will be given three minutes to read the questions based on the passage. I shall then read the passage at normal reading speed. You may take notes during the reading. After this reading there will be a pause of another three minutes to enable you to answer some of the questions. The passage will be read a second time and you may take further notes and answer the rest of the questions. After this second reading you will be given a further three minutes for a final revision of answers.

- a. 3 minutes Read questions
- b. 3 minutes First reading aloud of passage while students take notes
- c. 3 minutes Answer questions
- d. 3 minutes Second reading of passage and possibility to answer questions
- e. 3 minutes Final revision

Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

FORM 1 ENGLISH TIME: 15 minutes LISTENING COMPREHENSION

When I was four months old, my mother died suddenly and my father was left to look after me all by himself. I had no brothers or sisters. So all through my boyhood, from the age of four months onwards, there were just the two of us, my father and me.

We lived in an old gypsy caravan behind a petrol station. My father owned the petrol station and the caravan and a small field behind, but that was all he owned in the world. It was a very small petrol station on a small country road surrounded by fields and wooded hills.

While I was still a baby, my father washed me and fed me and changed my nappies and did all the millions of other things a mother normally does for her child. That is not an easy task for a man, especially when he has to earn his living at the same time by repairing motor-car engines and serving customers with petrol.

But my father didn't seem to mind. I think that all the love he had felt for my mother when she was alive he now gave to me. During my early years, I never had a moment's unhappiness or illness.

I was now a scruffy little boy, with grease and oil all over me, but that was because I spent all day in the workshop helping my father with the cars.

The petrol station itself had only two pumps. There was a wooden shed behind the pumps that served as an office. There was nothing in the office except an old table and a cash register to put the money into. It was one of those where you pressed a button and a bell rang and the drawer shot out with a terrific bang. I used to love that.

The square brick building was the workshop. My father built that himself with loving care. "We are engineers, you and I," he used to say to me. "We earn our living by repairing engines." It was a fine workshop, big enough to take one car comfortably and leave plenty of room around the sides for working. It had a telephone so that customers could arrange to bring their cars in for repair.

Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

FC	ORM 1 ENGLISH TIME: 1 LISTENING COMPREHENSION	5 minutes
Na	me: Class: _	
1. a. b. c. d. e. f.	State whether the following sentences are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F). The writer's mother died after a long illness. The old gypsy caravan was in front of the petrol station. The writer's father found it difficult to look after the writer and earn a living at the same time. The little boy was always neat and tidy. The writer spent very little time in his father's workshop. The wooden shed behind the pumps served both as an office and a workshop.	(6 marks)
2.a.b.c.d.	Underline the correct answer. The writer's father did not like to wash and feed the writer as he thought the woman's job. The writer's father had to employ a nurse to take care of the author when baby. The writer's father looked after the writer with loving care. The writer's father neglected the writer.	
3. a.	Underline the correct answer. There was an old table, a cash register and a bell in the wooden shed that office.	(1 mark) served as an
b.	There was an old table, a cash register and a telephone in the wooden shed tha office.	t served as an
c. d.	There was an old table, a cash register, a bell and two bunk beds in the woo served as an office. There was only an old table and a cash register in the wooden shed that served	
4. a. b. c. d.	Underline the correct answer. The writer was rarely unhappy. The writer was unhappy only when he had to serve customers with petrol. The writer was always happy during his early years. The writer was unhappy only when he was sick.	(1 mark)
5. a. b. c.	Underline the correct answer. The workshop had been built by a team of workers. The workshop could take three cars easily enough. The workshop had enough room to take one car and to leave enough space:	(1 mark) for father and

The workshop was a rectangular building which needed to be enlarged.

son to work in it.

Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

FC	PRM 1 ENGLISH LISTENING COMPREHENSION	MARK SCHEME
Sp	elling errors are not to be penalised.	
1.	Write if the following sentences are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F).	(6 marks)
a.	False	
b.	False	
c.	True	
d.	False	
e.	False	
f.	False	
2.	Underline the correct answer.	(1 mark)
c.	The writer's father looked after the writer with loving care.	
3.	Underline the correct answer.	(1 mark)
d.	There was an old table and a cash register in the wooden shed that se	erved as an office.
4.	Underline the correct answer.	(1 mark)
c.	The writer was always happy during his early years.	
5.	Underline the correct answer.	(1 mark)
c.	The workshop had enough room to take one car and to leave enough	gh space for father and

son to work in it.

Educational Assessment Unit – Education Division

FORM 1				ENGLISH		TIME: 2 hours
Nai	me:				(Class:
A.	You h questi	ave just met ons to whicl	your friend Ir you gave the	ene at school an	exciting film stard she asks you alters. The following going to write.	oout it. Write th
		Where	What	How	Which	Who
Exa	ample:		/hen did you go ast Saturday.	to watch the film	<u>?</u>	
1.	Irene: You:	It was abou	nt an evil man's	plan to destroy th	e whole world.	?
2.	Irene: You:	Tom Cruis	e.			?
3.	Irene: You:	The film e saving the		nero played by T	om Cruise killing	? the evil man and
4.	Irene: You:	I went to the	ne 8.30 show.			?
5.	Irene: You:		nt in the middle.			?
В.		the blanks		et form of the ve	rbs in brackets.	The first one ha (5 marks)
Wh	en I (0)	was (be) in	Japan two years	s ago, I (1)		(have) m
firs	t experi	ence of an ea	orthquake. I (2)		(ta	ke) off my clothe
in	my he	otel room.	Suddenly I	(3)		_ (think) I (4
			(hear)	someone bangi	ng in the room	below. "I (5

(g	o) and check what (6)
(happen)," I (7)	(say) to myself. At that moment the whole
room (8)	(begin) to shake. It wasn't the suspicious person
underneath! The hotel (9)	(shake) because of an earthquake!
Running out of the room, I (10)	(start) to go down the stairs.

C. Comprehension - Read the following passage carefully. (25 marks)

I am twelve years old and I'm a girl. My mother is thirty-four but I am nearly as tall as her already. Yesterday afternoon, my mother took me up to London to do some shopping. After that, we went to a café. I had a banana split and my mother had a cup of coffee. By the time we got up to leave, it was raining quite hard. "We must get a taxi," my mother said. None of us had an umbrella. "Why don't we get back into the café and wait for it to stop?" I said. I wanted another of those banana splits. They were gorgeous. "It isn't going to stop," my mother said. "We must get home."

5

10

15

20

25

We stood on the pavement in the rain, looking for a taxi. Lots of them came by but they all had passengers inside them. Just then a man came up to us. He was a small man and he was probably seventy or more. He raised his hat politely and said to my mother, "Excuse me, I do hope you will excuse me..." He had a fine white moustache and bushy white eyebrows. He was sheltering under an umbrella, which he held high over his head.

"Yes?" my mother said, very cool and distant. "I wonder if I could ask a small favour of you," he said. I saw my mother looking at him suspiciously. With strange men, she has a golden rule which says, "The nicer the man seems to be, the more suspicious you must become." This little old man was particularly nice. He was polite. He looked a real gentleman.

"The truth of the matter is," the little man was saying, "I need some help. You see, madam, old people like me often become terribly forgetful." My mother's chin was up and she was staring down at him sternly and coldly. Most people go to pieces completely when she gives them her cold, hard stare. But the little man on the pavement with the umbrella over his head didn't bat an eyelid. He gave a gentle smile and said, "I must have forgotten my wallet in my other jacket."

"Are you asking me to give you money?" my mother said. "Oh, good gracious me, no!" he cried. "I'm offering you this umbrella of mine to protect you and to keep for ever, if only you would give me a pound for my taxi-fare just to get me home." My mother was still suspicious. "If you had no money in the first place," she said, "then how did you get here?"

"I walked," he answered. "Every day I go for a lovely long walk and then I call a taxi to take me home. I'd like to walk home now. But I can't manage it on these silly old legs of mine."

My mother stood there chewing her lower lip. She was beginning to soften a bit, I could see that, and the idea of getting an umbrella to shelter under must have tempted her a good deal. Besides, it was a lovely silk umbrella.

"Then why don't you take it, madam," he said. "It cost me over twenty pounds. But that's unimportant so long as I can get home and rest these old legs of mine." I didn't say anything but I gave her a cold look to show her that I thought that she was taking advantage of a tired old man. This is what made her tell the old man that she was willing to give him the taxi fare and that he could keep the umbrella.

"No, no, no!" he cried. "It's out of the question! Take the umbrella, dear lady, and keep the rain off your shoulders!" She fished into her purse and took out a pound note. She held it out to the little man. He took it and handed her the umbrella. He pocketed the pound, raised his hat, gave a quick bow from the waist, and said, "Thank you, madam, thank you." Then he was gone.

(Adapted from *The Umbrella Man* by Roald Dahl)

(2 marks)

Answer the following questions.

Underline the correct answer.

35

40

a.	The writer's mother felt pity for the old man as soon as he started to talk to h	er.
b.	The writer's mother greeted the old man in a friendly manner.	
c.	The writer's mother did not trust the old man at first.	
d.	The writer's mother started to shout at the old man.	
2.	State whether the following statements are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F) acc	ording to the
	passage.	(4 marks)
a.	While the writer and her mother were waiting for a taxi, it stopped raining.	
b.	The writer's mother was suspicious of polite strangers.	
c.	The old man trembled with fear when the writer's mother gave him her cold	hard look.
d.	The writer noticed that her mother was becoming less suspicious of the old	nan.
3.	Why did the writer and her mother have to get a taxi?	(1 mark)

	Why couldn't the writer and her mother get a taxi?	(1 mark)
	Why did the writer want to go back into the café?	(1 mark)
	What does the word 'bushy' tell us about the old man's eyebrows?	(1 mark)
	Why did the old man ask for help?	(2 marks)
	Mention THREE actions in which the old man showed that he was a poli	te person. (3 marks)
	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella.	the old man the (4 marks)
	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella.	the old man the (4 marks)
).	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella. Give the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in the passe gorgeous (line 6) staring (line 20)	the old man the (4 marks) age.(3 marks)
). O.	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella. Give the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in the passe gorgeous (line 6) staring (line 20) fished into (line 39)	the old man the (4 marks) age.(3 marks) old man.
0.	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella. Give the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in the passe gorgeous (line 6) staring (line 20) fished into (line 39) Fill in the following table with THREE facts about the appearance of the	the old man the (4 marks) age.(3 marks) old man.
0.	Give TWO reasons why in the end the writer's mother wanted to give one pound for the taxi fare in exchange for his umbrella. Give the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in the passe gorgeous (line 6) staring (line 20) fished into (line 39) Fill in the following table with THREE facts about the appearance of the	the old man the (4 marks) age.(3 marks) old man.

D.	Literature	(20 marks)
<u>SE</u>	CTION A: POETRY	(10 marks)
1.	In Adrian Bowden's <i>The Bed</i> Jimmy's mother orders Jimmy not to crawl	under the bed.
	Why does she give him this order?	(1 mark)
2.	How does Jimmy react to his mother's order?	(1 mark)
3.	In the second stanza we are told that Jimmy started to believe: "That there were terrible things that Lurked about In the black depths under his bed."	
a.	What is the area under the bed being compared to?	(1 mark)
b.	What are the "terrible things" being compared to?	(1 mark)
4.	How did his mother's order affect him when he grew older?	(1 mark)
5.	In Roger McGough's First Day at School the speaker refers to his imagina first day of school. Mention ONE of these fears.	ry fears on the
6. a.	Write down TWO facts about the child's character that are brought out i School.	(2 marks)
b.		
7.	Moira Andrew's <i>Missing Person</i> is about an imaginary brother. Why do need the brother she "never had"?	es the speaker (1 mark)
8.	How are the children in Missing Person, The Bed and First Day at Sc. other?	hool like each

CHOOSE either $\underline{SECTION\ B}$ or $\underline{SECTION\ C}$.

EITHER	
SECTION B:	PROSE

(10 marks)

1.	Write down the titles and the names of the authors of TWO of the books	you have read
	in class this year with your teacher.	(2 marks)

	TITLE OF BOOK	AUTHOR
a		a
b		b
2.		of the TWO books mentioned above and write ar and/or different in character/personality. (8 marks)
a.		(*
b.		
c.		
d.		
OR SEC	CTION C: DRAMA	(10 marks)
1.	Write FOUR sentences about the main plot	of a play you have studied in class this year.
		(4 marks)

	e play and write TWO sentences about wh
ou like about that character.	(4 marks)
Choose another character from the same pla	ay and write TWO sentences about what yo
lo not like about the character you have chos	osen. (2 marks)
Composition - Write a composition of ab	oout 200 words on ONE of the following: (30 marks
Describe a busy street scene.	
Write a letter to your penfriend, telling him/his year.	/her about the new school you have attended
Write about three things you love doing mos	st.
Last week you were on a hike with your fr caught sight of an abandoned house partly h	
for the abandoned house. Describe the abanexplored it.	andoned house and what happened when you
	indoned house and what happened when y
	indoned house and what happened when y
	indoned house and what happened when y
	indoned house and what happened when y
	andoned house and what happened when y

