

Scéimeanna Marcála Scrúduithe Ardteistiméireachta, 2003

Iodáilis Ardleibhéal

Marking Scheme Leaving Certificate Examination, 2003

Italian Higher Level

STATE EXAMINATIONS COMMISSION

CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS 2003

ITALIAN

LEAVING CERTIFICATE HIGHER LEVEL

MARKING SCHEME

(Total Marks: 300)

GRADING

A: 255 – 300 B: 210 – 254 C: 165 – 209

D: 120 – 164

E: 75 – 119 F: 30 - 74 N.G.: 0 - 29

LISTENING COMPREHENSION TEST (80 MARKS)

Please note that synonyms are acceptable for full marks. Words in brackets are optional. Forward slash / denotes either/ or answer.

SECT	ION A (16	marks)		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	(a) (d) (d) (c) (c) (c) (d) (d) (a)			
(2 mar	ks each)			
SECT	ION B (64	marks)		
Dialog	gue 1	(16 marks)		
1.	<u>three</u> of: Work, children, elderly mother, moved house,house moving was very tiring. (6 marks 2+2+2)			
2.	two of: The mother has moved in, she has to do mo space. The mother has moved in and the house was too small	ore work at home, she needs more (2+2 marks) (3 marks)		
3.	No sense of direction/No sense of orientation.	(3 marks)		
4.	A party	(3 marks)		
Dialog	gue 2	(16 marks)		
1. 2. inside.				
3.	He will ask the waitress in the afternoon/He will call he	er back (4 marks)		
4.	Because in her diary she has her appointments/addres know how to find them again/She does not know what			
Dialog	gue 3	(32 marks)		
1.	TV Presenter[TV host(ess)]/Advertising spot (4 ma	arks)		
2.	housewives and workers (employees/ labourers)	(4 marks 2+2)		
3	In Tuscany (Toscana) In Italy	(2 marks) (1 mark)		

4 Her father is Italian, her mother is Spanish. They met in Rome while on holidays (6 marks/2+2+2).

They met in Rome

(1 mark)

(4 marks)

5 A beauty competition
Subtract 2 marks if "course" is mentioned

- 6. <u>two</u> of: Uses little makeup because she wants to look natural. She is young. She is 23 and doesn't want to change her look. She believes in showing her natural look on television. She doesn't need it. (4 marks, 2 each for any two mentioned)
- 7. Advertising. They met by chance/He was the neighbour of a Spanish friend..

(6 marks 3+3)

He makes adds (1 mark)

8. Harry Potters's books

(2 marks)

(Subtract 1 mark if other things are mentioned along with Harry Potter)

MARKING SCHEME LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION 2003 ITALIAN—HIGHER LEVEL

SECTION A READING

NOTE: While the use of words, phrases, or sometimes even sentences, from the text is acceptable in answering reading comprehension questions, a minimum of selection and manipulation is required at this level. Candidates will lose marks for irrelevant copied material.

For example:

- Answer copied from text, much irrelevant material, no manipulation, no indication of having understood the question: award 0/5
- Answer copied from text, with some irrelevant material and some attempt at manipulation: award 2/5.
- Correct answer but no manipulation where it was required: deduct one or two marks as appropriate.

This note applies also to Sections B1 and B2.

Journalistic passage

(60 marks)

In viaggio con la scuola La gita è tutto un business

- 1. Prima si facevano le gite in pullman, ora si fanno in aereo. Le destinazioni delle gite sono cambiate. La gita scolastica ha un nuovo nome, ora si chiama viaggio di istruzione. Ora si fanno più gite. Le gite sono diventate più costose; sono organizzate da agenzie di viaggio. Le gite scolastiche sono diventate un business. (for any three:9 marks/3+3+3)
- 2. (a) Le ultime classi/Gli studenti (i ragazzi) più grandi. (4 marks)
 - (b) Problemi finanziari/ i viaggi sono un onere per la famiglia (4 marks)
 - (c) Settimana bianca (2 marks)
 - (d) Popolari (2 marks)
- 3. Gli insegnanti devono essere preparati ad affrontare i vari problemi che possono risultare da tali gite....saper affrontare problemi come incidenti, serate in discoteca di nascosto dagli insegnanti, amori, chiacchierate a tarda notte. (8 marks/4+4)

Students must mention more than 1 problem.

- 4. (a) che le gite scolastiche diventino turismo di massa. (5 marks) che le gite siano solo un divertimento per gli studenti (3 marks)
 - (b) (i) any two of the following: con, in, per, a, di. (3 marks 2+1)
 - (ii) dovrebbe (3 marks)

- 5 **Any three** of the following problems should be mentioned:
 - Accidents,
 - Visits to discos without the teachers'knowledge
 - Love affairs
 - Late night chats.
 - Could lose educational purpose
 - Could become mass tourism
 - Cost of trips
 - Problem for teachers

(20 marks: 7+7+6)

SECTION B

(60 MARKS)

- 1. Literary passage (unseen) Il Sondar (Stefano Benni).
- 1. (a) Nella redazione d'un giornale/Nell'ufficio del direttore di un giornale (5 marks) In un ufficio (2 marks)
 - (b) Che sono buone ma non bastano/ Gli dice che il suo curriculum è buono, ma insufficiente. (5 marks)
 - (c) farsi le ossa Imparare dai veterani

(3 marks) (1 mark)

- 2. **Any one** of: Mostra timore/reverenza/paura/rispetto. E' meravigliato.E' molto attento e interessato. Spalancò gli occhi come chi sta per udire qualcosa d'importante. **(5 marks)**
- 3. Il Sondar tiene conto della reazione del lettore e del loro indice di gradimento, se la reazione è negativa il giornalista rischia il licenziamento/L'Istituto governativo dei Sondaggi segnala al Sondar la popolarità del giornalista, se la sua popolarità diminuisce, il giornalista viene licenziato(10 marks 5+5).
- 4. (a) Indica che la popolarità del giornalista è scesa/ il giornalista viene licenziato.

(8 marks)

- (b) (i) Any two of Guardò, disse, sputò, raccolse (2 marks 1+1)
 - (ii) Sondar, foto, revolver, popolarita', democraticita'
 (2 marks 1+1)

5

An interpretation of the passage is requested, taking in <u>both</u> the <u>sad</u> and <u>comic</u> elements One valid point from each of the following should be mentioned:

Sad: the editor ultimately loses his job/It is a machine that controls people's destinies/The negative attitude of the editor towards the new employee/A writer's future is decided in a very cold and calculating way: readership figures.

Comic: The editor who represents and upholds the system becomes a victim of the same/ There is a contrast in attitudes and mannerism between the two characters in the passage/

The editor is cocky and overpowering, the new employee is shy and in awe of the editor.

(20 marks 10+10)

LITERARY PASSAGE FROM PRESCRIBED TEXT

A: Le Voci della Sera (Natalia Ginzburg)

1. La sorella e Maria Mosso li hanno visti in un bar. Giuliana Bottiglia pensa che Elsa non abbia l'aria contenta (che non sia felice). (10 marks 5+5)

- 2. **For one** of: Perchè Tommasino non capisce che lei è scontenta. Perché ha capito che lui non l'ama. Vuole più amore da Tommasino (10 marks)
- 3. **For one** of: Confessa di non essere romantico e di avere una natura solitaria. Non gli piace aspettare (10 marks)
- 4. Perchè vorrebbe stare più comodo anche per poche ore alla settimana/Perché la stanza di Via Gorizia è scomoda/triste (10 marks)
- 5. The following points might be made from the passage:

Four of:

- He is fond of Elsa in his own selfish way
- He is not demonstrative, yet he has some affection for her, as demonstrated by the fact that he was worried when she was late
- He is not romantic and he is rather insensitive to other people's feelings
- His attitude towards life is non-committal.
- He doesn't really love her.
- He is not patient.
- He feels trapped by the narrow-minded mentality of the society he lives in.
- His attitude towards life is negative.
- He feels trapped by the narrow minded mentality of his town.

(20 marks 5+5+5+5) Candidates can make three points from the passage and one from the book as a whole 5+5+5+5)

B Marcovaldo (Italo Calvino)

- 1. (a) Perchè di solito c'è rumore/ Perché non c'è traffico. (5 marks)
 - (b) La neve aveva coperto tetti e strade
 La neve era caduta sui rumori
 (2 marks)
- 2. Three of:

C'è meno rumore: anche la voce è attutita

I tram sono fermi

Non passano veicoli

La differenza tra marciapiedi e carreggiata è scomparsa

Marcovaldo poteva camminare dappertutto in mezzo alla strada e sulle aiuole

(10 marks/4+3+3)

- 3. Perchè nel magazzino (nella fabbrica) non è cambiato niente. (10 marks)
- 4. Sogna di perdersi in una città diversa

Sogna di poter disfare la città e rifarla in un altro modo

Marcovaldo avrebbe voluto costruirsi una città tutta per sè

(10 marks)

Sogna di costruire alti muretti e delle vie per lui solo (7 marks)

- 5. The following points might be made:
 - Marcovaldo is a dreamer
 - Marcovaldo lives in a world of his own
 - Marcovaldo loves nature
 - He does not understand modern living

(20 marks)

(For any three of the above points: 12 marks(4+4+4); for any two relevant points from the book as a whole:8 marks/4+4)

2. Essay on prescribed text

(60 marks)

A 1 OR 2 Le Voci della Sera

B 1 OR 2 Marcovaldo

Mark according to the descriptors in Appendix 1, bearing in mind:

- (a) It is essential to answer the question asked.
- (b) Reference to the text is important.
- (c) Deep knowledge of the text must be rewarded.
- (d) Quality and NOT quantity is important. Three or four relevant points, well-argued and supported from the text, are sufficient..
- (e) Inaccurate and/or irrelevant material to be penalized

SECTION C WRITING

(100 MARKS)

For good points (idiom or structure) put a +.

Quality NOT quantity.

7 - 10

Simple, correct, good Italian.

Variety of tenses and phrases, rich vocabulary, link words and idiomatic expressions should be rewarded.

1. Written composition linked to the comprehension (journalistic) passage. (25 marks)

Content and communication: 15 marks. Use the descriptors in Appendix 2. .../15 Spelling and grammar: 10 marks .../10

Many serious grammatical errors, most verbs incorrect, many spelling mistakes.
 Few serious—or frequent minor—grammatical errors and not too many spelling mistakes.

Good grammatical accuracy and few spelling mistakes.

N.B. It is not enough to copy or cut and paste sentences from the text.

2. Guided Composition (25 marks)

Candidates must not produce something learnt by heart and off the point.

They do not need to use all the words or phrases given. Maximum number of words/phrases/points omitted: 2.

What is required are simple, well-structured sentences.

Content and communication: 15 marks. Use the descriptors in Appendix 2. .../15

Spelling and grammar: 10 marks .../10

Many serious grammatical errors, most verbs incorrect, many spelling mistakes.
 Few serious—or frequent minor—grammatical errors and not too many spelling mistakes.

mstakes.

7-10 Good grammatical accuracy and few spelling mistakes.

3. Formal Letter (50 marks)

Date: 2 marks for month, 1 if capitalised.

Address and Salutation: 2+2 marks Ending: 4 marks/2+2

Distinti saluti (by itself) 2 marks

Some formula such as "In attesa di un Vostro riscontro/di una

Vostra risposta" (additional 2 marks)

Content and communication: 25 marks. Use the descriptors in Appendix 2.

..../25

Spelling and Grammar: 15 marks./15

0-5 Many serious grammatical errors, most verbs incorrect, many spelling mistakes.

6-10 Few serious—or frequent minor—grammatical errors and not too many spelling

mistakes.

11-15 good grammatical accuracy and few spelling mistakes.

The polite form (Lei/Voi) must be used. The letter must cover all the points asked for in the question.

APPENDIX 1

SECTION B, QUESTION 3 ESSAY (IN ENGLISH) ON PRESCRIBED LITERARY TEXT

GRADE A - TOP

(51 - 60 marks)

High level of coherence

Clear argumentation

Answers the question fully

Demonstrates good knowledge of text as a whole

Makes apt and accurate references to text in support of all points made

Little or no irrelevant material

GRADE B

(42 - 50 marks)

Some features of A and C in approximately equal measure

GRADE C - MIDDLE

(33 - 41 marks)

Reasonable level of coherence

Argumentation generally but not always clear

Answers the question reasonably well

Demonstrates some knowledge of text as a whole

Makes some references to the text, but they may be vague or inaccurate

Some irrelevant material

<u>GRADE D</u> (24 - 32 marks)

Some features of C and E/F in approximately equal measure

GRADE E/F - BOTTOM

(6 - 23 marks)

Lack of coherence

Unclear/confused argumentation

Shows little or no knowledge of the text as a whole

Does not really answer the question

Makes little or no reference to the text

A lot of irrelevant material

APPENDIX 2

SECTION C: WRITING CONTENT AND COMMUNICATION DESCRIPTORS

GRADE A - TOP

High level of coherence

Clear argumentation

Full completion of communicative task

Demonstrates good range of vocabulary

Appropriate use of idiomatic expressions

Little or no irrelevant material

GRADE B

Some features of A and C in approximately equal measure

GRADE C - MIDDLE

Reasonable level of coherence

Argumentation generally but not always clear

Comprehensible to monoglot Italian speaker

Main elements of communicative task fulfilled

Lack of vocabulary resources interferes at times with ability to complete task

Some irrelevant material

GRADE D

Some features of C and E/F in approximately equal measure

GRADE E/F - BOTTOM

Lacks coherence

Unclear/confused argumentation

Monoglot Italian speaker would have difficulty understanding

Communicative task not fulfilled

Does not have vocabulary to deal with task

A lot of irrelevant material

Grade	%	/40	/25	/ 15
A	85 - 100	34 - 40	21 - 25	13 - 15
В	70 - 84	28 - 33	18 - 20	11 - 12
С	55 - 69	22 - 27	14 - 17	8 - 10
D	40 - 54	16 - 21	10 - 13	6 - 7
Е	25 - 39	10 - 15	6 – 9	4 - 5
F	10 - 24	4 – 9	3 - 5	2 - 3
NG	0 – 9	0 - 3	0 - 2	0 -1

APPENDIX 3

MODIFIED MARKING SCHEME FOR CANDIDATES GRANTED A WAIVER IN RESPECT OF SPELLING AND GRAMMAR.

Sections A and B:

Normal marking scheme to apply.

Section C: Writing

Question 1, Written composition linked to the journalistic passage: All 25 marks to be allocated to content and communication, using descriptors and ready reckoner in Appendix 2.

Question 2, Guided Composition: All 25 marks to be allocated to content and communication, using descriptors and ready reckoner in Appendix 2.

Question 3, Formal letter: 10 marks for date, etc. as per normal marking scheme. Remaining 40 marks to be allocated to content and communication, using descriptors and ready reckoner in Appendix 2.