# HISTORY - ORDINARY LEVEL (400 marks)

12633

THURSDAY, 10 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 - 5.00

Answer from ONE COURSE ONLY (Course I or Course II). The recommended maximum time for each question should be taken to include time for reading and revision.

## COURSE I

Renaissance Civilisation
(Irish History, 1477-1625; European History, 1453-1618)
Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

A, B and C refer to Irish history; D, E and F to European history.

#### Δ

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- 1. Why did people who lived in the Pale in early Tudor times pay black rent?
- 2. Give ONE reason for the hostility between the Butlers of Ormond and the Fitzgeralds of Kildare.
- 3. Mention ONE abuse in the church in Ireland before the Reformation.
- 4. Why did Henry VIII take the title King of Ireland in 1541?
- 5. Explain the term gallowglass.
- 6. What was the composition of Connacht, 1585?
- 7. Some Irish parliaments in Tudor times are said to have been packed. What does that mean?
- 8. Name THREE items exported from Ireland in Tudor times.

- Why was Fr. David Wolfe, S.J., sent to Ireland in 1560?
- **10.** Why was Grace O'Malley important in the history of Connacht in the sixteenth century?
- Why did Elizabeth I set up Trinity College, Dublin, in 1592?
- Name ONE event that led to the downfall of Shane O'Neill.
- Explain briefly the distinction between Old English and New English in sixteenth-century Ireland.
- 14. Why did coastal towns prosper during the period of your course?
- Name one famous Irish person who took part in the Flight of the Earls.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Sir Edward Poynings in Ireland.
- 2. Surrender and Regrant.
- 3. The Plantation of Leix and Offaly.

- 4. Shane O'Neill's visit to the court of Elizabeth I.
- 5. The Spanish Armada and Ireland.
- 6. Irish Colleges on the Continent in the sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries.

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- The decline and fall of the House of Kildare under Gearoid Og and Silken Thomas.
- 2. The religious policies pursued in Ireland by EACH of the following Tudor monarchs:
  - (i) Henry VIII.
  - (ii) Edward VI.
  - (iii) Mary Tudor.
- 3. Gaelic Ireland under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Food, dress and shelter.
  - (ii) Farming.
  - (iii) Social customs and pastimes.

- 4. The Plantation of Munster under EACH of the following headings:
  - Reasons for the Plantation.
  - (ii) How the Plantation was carried out.
  - (iii) Results of the Plantation.
- 5. The part played by Hugh O'Neill, Earl of Tyrone, in the Nine Years' War.
- 6. Ireland under James I (1603 1625).

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(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- Mention ONE way in which Louis XI strengthened royal authority in France.
- 2. Mention ONE achievement of the Portuguese explorer, Vasco da Gama.
- Why did Charles VIII of France invade Italy in 1494?
- Mention ONE piece of advice given by Machiavelli, in *The Prince*, to the ambitious ruler.
- 5. Why did the Pope confer the title *Defensor Fidei* (*Defender of the Faith*) on Henry VIII in 1521?
- **6.** Mention ONE way the development of banking helped the growth of trade in sixteenth-century Europe.
- 7. What did Calvin mean by predestination?

- 8. Why did Queen Mary Tudor come to be known as Bloody Mary?
- Mention ONE contribution of the Jesuits to the Counter-Reformation.
- 10. Mention TWO achievements of Sir Francis Drake.
- Give ONE reason for the revolt in the Netherlands against Spain.
- Give ONE reason why Moscow came to dominate the other Russian states in the sixteenth century.
- **13.** Mention ONE important change in warfare in sixteenth-century Europe.
- 14. What was the Gunpowder Plot, 1605?
- **15.** Give ONE reason for the outbreak of the Thirty Years' War.

E

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)
Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. How Ferdinand and Isabella strengthened royal power in Spain.
- 2. The conquest of Mexico OR Peru by the Spaniards.
- 3. The Reformation in Scotland.

- 4. The Council of Trent.
- 5. The Peace of Augsburg, 1555.
- Galileo.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. The Italian Renaissance under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Why the Renaissance began in Italy.
  - (ii) Developments in painting.
  - (iii) Developments in EITHER sculpture OR architecture.
- 2. The Northern Renaissance.
- Martin Luther and the Reformation in Germany.
- The Ottoman Turks under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The capture of Constantinople, 1453.
  - (ii) Why the Ottoman Empire became powerful.
  - (iii) The Battle of Lepanto, 1571.

- 5. The part played by Philip II, 1556 1598, in the history of Spain.
- **6.** Henry IV of France, 1589 1610, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) How he became King of France.
  - (ii) How he dealt with religious problems in France.
  - (iii) How he strengthened the power of the monarchy in France.

## **COURSE II**

### Contemporary Civilisation (Irish History, 1868-1966; European History, 1870-1966) Answer ALL the questions A,B,C,D,E,F.

A, B and C refer to Irish history; D, E and F to European history.

#### A

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- In the period up to 1922, what was the importance of Dublin Castle in the affairs of Ireland?
- The Illustrated London News and Punch were nineteenth-century British publications. In the case of ONE of these, say how it depicted events in Ireland.
- Mention ONE reason, based on Irish history, why W. E. Gladstone described 1886 as a year of shock and strain.
- Mention ONE important change in the management of local areas brought about by the Local Government Act, 1898.
- 5. What was the Solemn League and Covenant, 1912?
- Mention ONE social or economic effect of World War I on Ireland.
- Give ONE reason for the bitterness of Irish elections in the 1920s.
- 8. Explain ONE way in which the *economic war*, 1932 1938, affected the Irish economy.

- 9. Who were the Blueshirts?
- Mention TWO decisions taken by the Irish government during World War II, 1939-1945.
- 11. Winston Churchill attacked Ireland's neutral stance in World War II in a radio broadcast, 13 May 1945. What was Eamon de Valera's response?
- 12. Why was the Irish application for membership of the United Nations Organisation unsuccessful in 1946?
- **13.** Mention ONE achievement of the Minister for Education, Donough O'Malley.
- Name TWO persons who held the office of Uachtarán na hÉireann (President of Ireland) between 1937 and 1966.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate EACH of TWO of the following: Anna Parnell; Sir Horace Plunkett; James Joyce; Ernest Walton; Seán Ó Riada; Sybil Connolly; Ronnie Delaney.

В

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Gladstone's attempts to 'pacify' Ireland during his first government, 1868 1874.
- The Land War, 1879 1882.
- 3. The 1913 Strike and Lock-out.

- 4. Bunreacht na hÉireann (The 1937 Constitution of Ireland).
- Noel Browne.
- Northern Ireland, 1945 1966.

C

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes) Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- Home Rule and Unionism under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The Home Rule movement under Isaac Butt.
  - (ii) Parnell's leadership of the Home Rule movement.
  - (iii) The reasons for Unionist opposition to Home Rule.
- How the Gaelic Athletic Association, the Gaelic League and the Anglo-Irish Literary Movement contributed to cultural nationalism in Ireland.
- 3. Ireland, 1916 1923, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The 1916 Rising. (ii) The War of Index
  - (iii) The War of Independence, 1919 1921.
  - (iii) The Civil War, 1922 1923.

- 4. How the Cumann na nGaedheal Government, 1923 1932, dealt with (i) Anglo-Irish relations; (ii) the economy.
- 5. Northern Ireland, 1920 1945, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) The economy, 1920 1939.
  - (ii) Relations between those who supported the Union and those who opposed it, 1920 1939.
  - (iii) The impact of World War II, 1939 1945, on Northern Ireland.
- The part played by Seán Lemass in Irish affairs, up to 1966.

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)

Answer briefly EIGHT of the following for 5 marks each. One or two sentences will suffice for each.

- Mention ONE reason why the population of Europe rose during the period, 1870 - 1914.
- Mention TWO ways in which Great Britain became a more democratic country during the period, 1870 - 1918.
- Why was the Turkish Empire described as the sick man of Europe during the period, 1870 - 1914?
- Explain ONE reason why newspapers influenced public opinion as never before during the period, 1870 - 1914.
- 5. Why did the German government help Lenin return to Russia in 1917?
- 6. What was the New Economic Policy (N.E.P.) which was introduced by Lenin in Soviet Russia in 1921?
- 7. Mention TWO problems facing Weimar Germany, 1919 1933.
- 8. How did the Wall Street Crash, 1929, affect Europe?

- 9. What happened in Germany on The Night of the Long Knives?
- 10. What was collectivization in Stalin's Russia?
- State ONE reason why the Nationalists under Franco's leadership won the Spanish Civil War, 1936 - 1939.
- **12.** Give ONE reason why the U.S.A. entered World War II in 1941.
- 13. What was the Suez Crisis, 1956?
- 14. Mention ONE measure taken by Charles de Gaulle, as President of France, to assert his country's independence in foreign affairs.
- 15. With which field of human endeavour do you associate EACH of TWO of the following: Marie Curie; Roald Amundsen; Dylan Thomas; Greta Garbo; Pablo Picasso.

E

(Recommended maximum time: 20 minutes)
Write a short paragraph on each of TWO of the following. Each carries 20 marks.

- 1. Problems facing the Austro-Hungarian Empire, 1870 1914.
- 2. The reasons why European countries sought colonies overseas, 1870 1914.
- 3. The 1905 Revolution in Russia.

- 4. Why Germany was dissatisfied with the Treaty of Versailles, 1919.
- 5. Konrad Adenauer, West-German Chancellor, 1949-1963.
- The U.S.S.R. under Nikita Khrushchev.

F

(Recommended maximum time: 50 minutes)
Write on TWO of the following. Each carries 60 marks.

- 1. France, 1870 1914, under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Why France lost the Franco-Prussian War, 1870 1871.
  - (ii) Political scandals.
  - (iii) Cultural developments.
- 2. Otto von Bismarck.
- World War I under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) Trench warfare.
  - (ii) The war at sea.
  - (iii) The consequences of World War I on Europe.

- Benito Mussolini under EACH of the following headings:
  - (i) How he came to power in Italy.
  - (ii) How he ruled Italy.
  - (iii) His foreign policy.
- The part played by Great Britain in World War II, 1939 - 1945.
- 6. The Cold War, 1945 1966.