

HISTORY - HIGHER LEVEL
(400 marks)
FRIDAY, 7 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 - 5.00

Answer from ONE COURSE ONLY (Course I or Course II). All questions are of equal value.
COURSE I

Renaissance Civilisation
(Irish History, 1477-1625; European History, 1453-1618)

Answer FIVE QUESTIONS, taking only ONE question from each of the sections A,B,C,D,E.

A

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| <p>A.1. Sir Edward Poynings
What was the importance of the deputyship of Sir Edward Poynings in Ireland, 1494 - 1496?
(80)</p> <p>A.2. The Church in Ireland
What were the strengths and weaknesses of the Church in Ireland at the eve of the Reformation?
(80)</p> <p>A.3. The Reformation in Ireland
Assess the impact of the Reformation on Ireland during the reigns of Henry VIII and Edward VI, 1509-1553.
(80)</p> | <p>A.4. Silken Thomas
Account for the revolt of Silken Thomas (Thomas, Lord Offaly), and discuss the view that it posed a serious challenge to royal power in Ireland.
(80)</p> <p>A.5. Sir Anthony St. Leger
<i>"Sir Anthony St. Leger (who was Lord Deputy during the periods 1540-1548, 1550-1551, 1553-1556) was an outstanding Chief Governor of Ireland".</i>
Discuss.
(80)</p> |
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B

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| <p>B.1. Shane O'Neill, 1530 - 1567
What does the career of Shane O'Neill, 1530 - 1567, tell us about the nature of Irish political life then?
(80)</p> <p>B.2. Elizabethan Attitudes to Ireland
Discuss what the Elizabethans meant when they spoke of "civilising" Ireland.
(80)</p> <p>B.3. Munster
Why did the government of Queen Elizabeth I, 1558 - 1603, decide upon a policy of plantation for Munster and how much progress had that policy made by the end of the Queen's reign?
(80)</p> | <p>B.4. The Nine Years' War
Account for the initial success and ultimate defeat of Hugh O'Neill in the Nine Years' War.
(80)</p> <p>B.5. The Plantation of Ulster
<i>"The Plantation of Ulster had a profound effect on the province".</i>
Discuss.
(80)</p> |
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C

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| <p>C.1. The Duchy of Burgundy
Discuss the influence of the Duchy of Burgundy on the political and cultural affairs of Europe during the late fifteenth century. (80)</p> <p>C.2. The Renaissance in Italy
<i>"The Renaissance in Italy involved both a revival of learning and artistic innovation."</i>
Discuss. (80)</p> <p>C.3. The Northern Renaissance
Discuss the various ways in which the Northern Renaissance differed from the Italian Renaissance. (80)</p> | <p>C.4. Spanish Colonisation
Show how the economy and society of Spain were affected by Spanish colonisation in the "Americas, North and South." (80)</p> <p>C.5. The Tudors
What were the strengths and weaknesses of the Tudor monarchs as rulers in England? (80)</p> |
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D

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| <p>D.1. Charles V
Evaluate the responses of the Emperor Charles V to the emergence of Lutheranism. (80)</p> <p>D.2. Calvinism
How did Calvinism influence political events in some countries in Western Europe up to 1618. (80)</p> <p>D.3. The Counter - Reformation
To what extent can the Counter-Reformation be described as an attempt by the Catholic Church to recover what had been lost to Protestantism? (80)</p> | <p>D.4. Henry IV of France
<i>"Henry IV sought to strengthen royal power, to restore order and to give prosperity to France."</i>
Discuss. (80)</p> <p>D.5. The Thirty Years' War
Treat of the causes of the Thirty Years' War. (80)</p> |
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E

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| <p>E.1. Research Topic; Ireland, 1477-1625</p> <p>(i) Write an account of the topic in Irish history, 1477-1625, of which you have made a special study but which you have not used in your answering of Sections A and B. (60)</p> <p>(ii) Give TWO reasons, based on Irish history, why you considered that this topic merited special study. (6)</p> <p>(iii) Name the source/s you consulted for information on your special topic and write a critical review of ONE of those named sources. (14)</p> <p>E.2. Essays
Write an essay on ONE of the following:</p> <p>(i) Piers Roe Butler.</p> <p>(ii) Cities and towns in Tudor Ireland.</p> <p>(iii) The professional learned classes in Gaelic Ireland, 1477-1625.</p> <p>(iv) The role of women in sixteenth-century Irish society.</p> <p>(v) Trade and commerce at home and overseas in sixteenth-century Ireland. (80)</p> | <p>E.3. Research Topic; Europe, 1453-1618</p> <p>(i) Write an account of the topic in European history, 1453-1618 of which you have made a special study but which you have not used in your answering of Sections C and D. (60)</p> <p>(ii) Give TWO reasons, based on European history, why you considered that this topic merited special study. (6)</p> <p>(iii) Name the source/s you consulted for information on your special topic and write a critical review of ONE of those named sources. (14)</p> <p>E.4. Essay
Write an essay on ONE of the following:</p> <p>(i) Savonarola, 1452-1498.</p> <p>(ii) The Ottoman Turks, 1453-1571.</p> <p>(iii) The Revolt in the Netherlands, 1566-1609.</p> <p>(iv) Banking in sixteenth-century Europe.</p> <p>(v) Literature in the vernacular, 1453-1618. (80)</p> |
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COURSE II

Contemporary Civilisation

(Irish History, 1868-1966; European History, 1870-1966)

Answer FIVE QUESTIONS, taking only ONE question from each of the sections A,B,C,D,E.

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| <p>A.1. The Catholic Church in Ireland, 1868 - 1918
Discuss the role of the Catholic Church in Irish political life during the period 1868 - 1918. (80)</p> <p>A.2. Gladstone and Ireland
Discuss the part played by Gladstone in Irish affairs, 1868-1894. (80)</p> | <p>A.3. Parnell
<i>"Parnell used the powerful appeal of the land question, at home and abroad, to further the Home Rule cause"</i>. Discuss. (80)</p> <p>A.4. The Irish Labour Movement
What were the principal factors that helped and hindered the emergence of a Labour movement in Ireland, 1868 - 1918? (80)</p> <p>A.5. Women in Ireland, 1868-1922
Assess the part played by women in Irish public life during the period 1868-1922. (80)</p> |
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B

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| <p>B.1. The Northern Ireland Parliament, 1921-1966
Discuss critically the view that the Northern Ireland Parliament, 1921-1966, developed as <i>"a protestant parliament for a protestant people"</i>. (80)</p> <p>B.2. The Irish Economy
What were the strengths and weaknesses of the Irish economy during the period 1922 - 1939? (80)</p> <p>B.3. External Relations
How did successive Irish governments deal with the problem of relations with Great Britain and the British Commonwealth during the period 1923-1949? (80)</p> | <p>B.4. The Irish Language
Consider the status of the Irish language in independent Ireland during the period 1922-1966 with reference to its use in education, in administration, in literature and as a vernacular. (80)</p> <p>B.5. Inter-party Governments
Evaluate the policies pursued by the two inter-party governments in Ireland, 1948-1951 and 1954-1957. (80)</p> |
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C

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| <p>C.1. France - The Third Republic
How successful was the Third French Republic during the period 1870-1914 in dealing with the major problems confronting it? (80)</p> <p>C.2. Great Britain
Identify the major social and economic changes that took place in Great Britain during the period 1870-1914. (80)</p> <p>C.3. Anglo-German Relations, 1870-1914
Discuss relations between Great Britain and Germany during the period 1870-1914. (80)</p> | <p>C.4. The Eastern Question
<i>"The recurring crises in the Balkans contributed significantly to tensions between the European Powers during the period 1870 - 1914"</i>. Discuss. (80)</p> <p>C.5. The Versailles Settlement, 1919
Assess the impact of the Versailles Settlement on European affairs up to the outbreak of World War II. (80)</p> |
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D**D.1. Fascism**

"Fascism in Italy and Fascism in Germany were in some ways different and in some ways alike".
Discuss. (80)

D.2. Stalin

Assess the impact of Stalin's rule on the U.S.S.R., 1927-1953. (80)

D.3. Germany, 1945-1966

Account for the economic and political recovery of West Germany during the period 1945-1966. (80)

D.4. Charles de Gaulle

Evaluate the part played by Charles de Gaulle in the history of France from the outbreak of World War II, 1939 up to about 1966. (80)

D.5. U.S.A. - U.S.S.R.

Account for the development of tensions between the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. from 1945 onwards. (80)

E**E.1. Research Topic; Ireland, 1868 - 1966**

(i) Write an account of the topic in Irish history, 1868 - 1966, of which you have made a special study but which you have not used in your answering of Sections A and B. (60)

(ii) Give **TWO** reasons, based on Irish history, why you considered that this topic merited special study. (6)

(iii) Name the source/s you consulted for information on your special topic and write a critical review of **ONE** of those named sources. (14)

E.2. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) Emigration from Ireland, 1868-1966.
- (ii) The Home Rule movement under Isaac Butt.
- (iii) The Civil War in Ireland, 1922 - 1923.
- (iv) The protestant minority in southern Ireland since 1922.
- (v) The Blueshirts. (80)

E.3. Research Topic; Europe, 1870 - 1966

(i) Write an account of the topic in European history, 1870-1966, of which you have made a special study but which you have not used in your answering of Sections C and D. (60)

(ii) Give **TWO** reasons, based on European history, why you considered that this topic merited special study. (6)

(iii) Name the source/s you consulted for information on your special topic and write a critical review of **ONE** of those named sources. (14)

E.4. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) Czarist Russia, 1870 - 1917.
- (ii) Warfare on the Western Front, 1914-1918.
- (iii) The Spanish Civil War, 1936-1939.
- (iv) Decolonisation - the withdrawal of European colonies from their overseas territories - from 1945 onwards.
- (v) The Feminist movement in the twentieth century. (80)