AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS AGUS EOLAÍOCHTA LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2000

ENGINEERING - MATERIALS AND TECHNOLOGY

(Ordinary Level - 200 marks)

THURSDAY, 22 JUNE - AFTERNOON 2.00 to 4.30

Answer **Question 1, Sections A and B**, and **any three** other questions.

SECTION A - 30 marks

Give **brief** answers to **any six** of the following:



- (a) Name the electronic component shown.
- (b) Give an example of work hardening in a metal.
- (c) What is an alloy?
- (d) Name the gauge opposite and give an application for its use.
- (e) What is the essential difference between ferrous and non-ferrous metals?
- (f) Name suitable fluxes which may be used when soldering(i) wires in an electrical circuit; (ii) two pieces of brass (hard soldered).
- (g) How are voltage and current measured in an electrical circuit?
- (h) Name <u>two</u> computer output devices.

SECTION B - 35 marks

Answer **any three** of the following:

- (i) Describe the function and operation of <u>any one</u> of the following:
 - (i) Electric soldering iron; (ii) Plastics dip coating tank; (iii) Thermistor.
- (j) Explain <u>any two</u> of the computing terms:

Browser, Icon, Graphics, Software, Off-Line.

- (k) What is meant by the term Computer Numerical Control (CNC)?
- (l) Explain <u>any two</u> of the terms:

Ductility, Insulator, Resistor, Pitch.

(m) Name the gauge shown and give an application for (a), (b), (c).





- (a) Explain the following heat treatments and give an example of the circumstances in which each is used:
 - (i) Annealing; (ii) Normalising; (iii) Hardening; (iv) Tempering.
- (b) The jaws of a mild steel spanner must be prevented from wearing in use. Describe the heat treatment used to do this.
- (c) Explain the term *flame hardening* and give an application for its use.

3.

(45	marks)
-----	--------

- (a) State the type of furnace used to produce each of the following materials:
 - (i) Pig iron; (ii) Mild Steel; (iii) Cast Iron.
- (b) Explain the following terms and name the materials with these properties.
 - (i) Brittleness; (ii) Ductility.
- (c) State with reasons, the material you would recommend for making the following:
 - (i) The bit of a soldering iron; (ii) The bed of the centre lathe.

<u>OR</u>

(c) Explain any <u>three</u> of the following CNC terms:

(i)	tool off-sets;	(ii)	stepper motor;

- (iii) canned cycle; (iv) part programme;
- (v) peck drilling.

4.

(a) Describe the welding stages in a, b and c.



- (b) Name the welding process taking place.
- (c) Name **two** other welding processes and describe **one** with the aid of a line diagram.
- (d) Why is a resin flux used in the soldering of electrical connections?

(45 marks)

..

- (a) Describe the extrusion <u>or</u> blow moulding process for producing plastic components and identify a product from <u>each</u>.
- (b) List the following plastics under the heading of 'thermoplastics' or 'thermosetting' plastics and explain why they are classified as such:
 (i) Acrylic (Perspex); (ii) Polyester resin; (iii) Polystyrene; (iv) Polyurethane.
- (c) Name the plastics usually associated with the following applications:
 (i) Bearings; (ii) Packaging Insulation; (iii) Raincoats.

(45 marks)

(45 marks)

6.

(a)



- (b) Explain the function of the following lathe components:
 (i) Compound slide; (ii) A combination drill; (iii) A knurling tool.
- (c) Name <u>two</u> safety precautions to be observed when operating the centre lathe.

OR

(c) Explain how the power supply circuit shown in the diagram operates.



7.

(a) Name the type of fits used in the hole basis system for a, b and c.



- (b) A shaft is to be made to the dimensions 50mm ± 0.06, state:
 (i) The nominal dimension; (ii) The upper limit; (iii) The tolerance.
- (c) Explain the terms: (i) bilateral and (ii) unilateral tolerance.

<u>OR</u>

(c) Explain any two of the following terms:
(i) Transistor; (ii) Gap Gauge; (iii) Work hardening.