

Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission

## LEAVING CERTIFICATE APPLIED 2010

## MARKING SCHEME

SOCIAL EDUCATION

## COMMON LEVEL

## Leaving Certificate Applied, 2010

## Social Education

## (100 marks)

## There are three sections in this examination:

Section A: Aural All questions must be answered.<br>Section B: Short Answer<br>Candidates must answer 10 questions.<br>\section*{Section C: Long Answer}<br>There are four questions, Question C1, Question C2, Question C3, and Question C4. Candidates must answer Question C1 and any two other questions.

In developing the marking scheme the following should be noted:

- In many cases only key phrases are given which contain information and ideas that must appear in the candidate's answer in order to merit the assigned marks
- The descriptions, methods and definitions in the scheme are not exhaustive and alternative valid answers are acceptable
- The detail required in any answer is determined by the context and the manner in which the question is asked, and by the number of marks assigned to the answer in the examination paper. Requirements and mark allocations may, therefore, vary from year to year.
- Words, expressions or phrases must be correctly used in context and not contradicted, and where there is evidence of incorrect use or contradiction, the marks may not be awarded.


## Section A

Answer all questions
When you have heard Part 1 for the second time, you will have time to answer Questions 1 to 5. Your answers should be based on the information given on the recording.

1. (a) Who is the abuser?

$$
\text { Barry's wife/ his wife }=1 \quad \text { Barry }=0
$$

(b) List two types of abuse that Barry has experienced.

1. Emotional, Psychological, Physical, Verbal 2. ( 2 x 1$)$
2. (a) What happened to Barry in the summer of 2006?
(b) How did Barry react to what happened?
3. (a) Who did Barry get to record his injuries?
(b) What was her reaction?
4. (a) What did the social worker suggest Barry should do?

He should pack his bags and leave
(b) Why did he not take this option?

He has three children (1mark) and would have to leave them behind (1mark)
his children mean everything to him (1 mark)
5. (a) What did Barry apply for in the District Court?

A protection and safety order/protection order/safety order =1
(b) Why did the court clerk think that Barry was the respondent?

Because he said that men were always the respondents
(c) List two reasons why Barry returned to the family home after leaving in 2008.

His wife pleaded with him to return / for his children/ he is a good husband and father
2. She told him that she loved him/ she told him that he was a good father and husband (2x1)

When you have heard Part 2 for the second time, you will have time to answer Questions 6 to 9. Your answers should be based on the information given on the recording.
6. The majority of recorded incidents of domestic violence are of men against women.
True
False $\quad \square$
(tick $\checkmark$ the correct answer)
7. (a) Why did Mary Cleary set up AMEN?

## Society treats male victims of abuse as a joke

$\qquad$
(b) List two services provided by AMEN.

1. It provides a confidential helpline/ a support service / information for male victims (2x1)
2. $\qquad$
3. (a) From which sections of society do male victims of domestic abuse come?

All walks of life/ all social backgrounds/ all cultures (2x1)
(b) What can cause feelings of isolation and depression?

Male victims are often disbelieved / they are viewed as wimps / they are refused the status
of victim
9. (a) In most instances the courts determine that children are better off with which parent? (1 mark)

## With their mother

(b) Why do so many male victims feel that the only option for them is to put up with the abuse or leave the family home?
The experience of so many victims of abuse is that there is no real protection for them
under the law $=2 \quad$ No protection $=1$
(c) List three pieces of advice that this report gives to male victims of domestic abuse. (3 marks)

1. Always keep a record of dates and times of incidents /

Report the violence to their doctor
2. Report incidents to the gardai

Tell family and/or friends what is happening (only allow marks once)
3. Seek legal advice / Take the legal advice (1+1)

Do not allow themselves to be provoked into retaliating to the abuse

When you have heard the recording for the third time answer Question 10 which will be spoken in the recording. Your answers may be based on the information given in the recording and/or your own knowledge.

This question will be read out in the recording. Please answer in the space below.

This space may be used to write the question.
Describe two ways that male victims of abuse are treated differently from female victims.

Please answer in the space below.
1.

- Society treats them as a joke and does not take them seriously
- Mothers are given custody of their children even when they are the abuser
- Doctors / Gardai may not take them seriously

2. 

- Men are held legally responsible for their actions this is not always the case for women
- Men do not feel that they can tell friends or family because of the stigma
- Male victims are stigmatised as weak
- He must prove that he is a victim
- Though he is the victim must leave the family home.
- Though victim may lose custody of children
- Male victims have little protection under the law
- Do not have peer support


## Section $B$ - Multiple Choice Questions

## You must attempt 10 OF THE 15 QUESTIONS

Each question carries 2 marks.
Tick $\checkmark$ the correct box in each question.

1. In 2009 Barak Obama was awarded which of the following?


Pulitzer Prize $\square$

Duke of Edinburgh Award
Nobel Peace Prize $\quad \square$
2. Women in Ireland are entitled by law to information about abortion.
TrueFalse
3. People who are suicidal should contact which of the following for help and support?



Samaritans


Well Woman Centre $\square$
4. In order to apply for full planning permission the applicant must submit which of the following lists of items?

| Application |  | Application | $\square$ | Application |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fee | $\square$ | Fee | $\square$ | Projected costs |
| House and site plans |  | Inventory of contents |  | House and site plans |

5. A person who has been elected to the European Parliament is called an

TD
6. A customer who buys goods on hire purchase

Receives the goods from the shop when the final payment is made
Owns the item from the first payment and continues to pay for the goods in instalments
Has use of the item but does not officially own it until the last instalment is paid
7. The most recent referendum in Ireland was held to decide on the
Maastricht Treaty $\quad \square$
Lisbon Treaty $\quad \square$
Treaty of Rome $\square$
8. Based on the information in the chart which of the following statements is true?


People may still get HIV from blood transfusions
Drug users no longer get HIV
An infected mother cannot give HIV to her unborn child
9. NAMA (National Asset Management Agency) is an agency set up by the Irish government to

Regulate the Irish banking system
Acquire assets from those involved in criminal activities
Manage assets transferred from banks

10. St. Vincent de Paul is an organisation that helps people


Living in poverty in Ireland
$\square$

Living in poverty in developing countries
By providing medical care for people with disabilities

The Dáil and Seanad meet in


The Mansion House $\quad \square$ Leinster House $\square$

Áras an Uachtaráin

Which of the following insurances is compulsory?


In Ireland it is compulsory to take part in a census. Failure to do so can result in


A fine $\sqrt{\square}$
A prison sentence $\square$ Loss of voting rights $\square$

In order to maintain a well balanced diet a person should avoid eating all fats.


True $\quad \square \quad$ False $\quad \square$
15. In banking APR (average percentage rate) refers to

The annual payment rate
The actual payment required each month
The rate of interest payable


## Section C

## Attempt three questions.

You must answer Question C1 and any two Questions from C2, C3 and C4.

## Question C1: Social and Health Education (15 marks)

1. 


(a) Describe two ways that a person might deal positively with feelings of anger and resentment.
(2 marks) Admit you are angry / talk about it / listen to others / approach the person / learn to forgive
1.
/ identify the source of the anger / think other thoughts / take time to calm down / write
2.

```
down feelings / use up negative energy / go for a walk / discuss feelings / take deep breaths/
    listen to music Relax = 0 (must state how)Answers must be positive and appropriate (2x1)
```

(b) In order to avoid confusion or conflict, outline two things which are important for effective communication.

1. Ask questions to clarify / speak clearly / listen to what the person is saying / act positively /
have a pleasant attitude / discuss feelings / respect other's point of view / avoid sarcasm (2x1)
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$1 \square$
$2 \square$
$3 \square$
4

5

(a) How many servings from this food group should an adult eat each day in order to maintain a healthy diet?
(b) Name one food group and explain why this food group is important for a healthy diet. (2 marks)

Name of food group:
1 mark
Why it is important:
Any function of the nutrient that is relevant $=1 \mathrm{mark}$
Healthy for you body $=0$
Growth $/$ to grow $=1$
3.

(a) Drugs are categorised as opiates, depressants, stimulants, sedatives and hallucinogens.

Select one category and give an example.
Refer to handout. Marks not given for naming category
Category: $\qquad$ Example: $\qquad$
(b) State two other facts specific to this drug.
1.

One fact specific to drug and one generic answer acceptable (i.e. addiction) (2x1)
2. $\qquad$

## The effects of smoking



Smoking causes many health problems. Outline two laws which the government has put in place in recent years to encourage people to stop smoking.

1. Placed warnings on the front of packets / banned advertising

Does not allow retailers to display cigarettes or advertising in stores
2.
. Increased age to purchase cigarettes / illegal to smoke in an enclosed place of work (2x1)
$\qquad$
5. List one way that a parent/guardian could ensure a safe environment for a three year old child in each of the following.

Living Room.Cover sockets / put up fire guard / avoid having furniture with sharp corners / avoid polished floors / be careful with flexes / no plastic bags lying around

Bathroom: Keep electrical appliances out of bathroom / never leave child in bath unattended

Always check temperature of bath water / keep cleaning agents out of reach or in a locked cabinet
Kitchen: $\qquad$ Keep handles of pots turned in on cooker / keep kettle out of reach / keep cleaning agents out of reach / cover sockets / great care when handling raw food / food safety Answers should be appropriate. Accept one example of cleanliness overall. (3x1)

## Question C2: My Community (15 marks)

1. The parish of Kilnasoolagh contains 1319 inhabitants and comprises of 5116 acres. The land is of excellent quality and mostly under tillage and the state of agriculture has of late been much improved chiefly through the exertions of the local landlord. The river which separates the parish is navigable for 6oats of 50 tons, sea manure is here landed and corn is occasionally sent hence to Limerick. At Dromoland is a large school, with a garden and apartments for the master, entirely supported by Lady O'Brien. Also a female school. In these schools about 110 children are educated. There is also a small private school in the parish.

Extract from The Parliamentary Gazetteer of Ireland, 1845
(a) Name one way the people of the area made a living. Select evidence from the extract to support your answer.
(2 marks)
Farming - 'under tillage, agriculture improved, corn sent, the land is of excellent quality'
Evidence: $\frac{\text { Education - 'at Dromoland a large school, female school, } 110 \text { children educated, }}{\text { private school' }}$
Bringing in sea manure - 'is here landed'
Evidence must match answer given above
(b) Other than historical documents, describe two other methods you could use to find out about your community in the past.
(2 marks)
1.
2. Speak to an older person/ church records / old newspapers / government documents /radio podcast / web / library / local museum / visit old buildings / graveyards / history books (2x1)
(c) A talk is being arranged for your class about 'life in my local area in the past'. Outline two topics that you would like them to talk about.
(2 marks)

1. Any relevant topics e.g. transport, travel, school, clothing, past times
2. $\qquad$
3. 



## Round Tower Again Under Attack.

Despite the ravages of time and the efforts of the Vikings, Roundstone Tower has survived for over a thousand years. This historical site is now under threat again if a planning application for a development of shops and offices gets the go ahead from the local authority.

Outline two arguments against this planning application that the community could make to the local authority.

1. $\qquad$ Loss of history / heritage / increased traffic / threat to existing businesses / impact on the environment / over supply of shops and offices / threat to the structure of the building (2x1)
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(a) There are those who support the development of shops and offices for the area. List two benefits that such a development might bring to your area.
3. Provides employment / brings money or people to the area / provides new services or
$\qquad$
4. shops in the area
(b) Is the economic activity at this development primary, secondary or service?

## Service

4. Select one of these organisations.
(tick $\checkmark$ your choice)


Briefly describe the work that this organisation does to protect your community.
See handout. Information must be relevant to organisation ticked.
Do not accept Garda Siochana as the organisation.
5. It can be difficult to obtain planning permission for individual houses in rural areas.

Do you think this policy should continue? State two reasons for your answer.
Continue policy $\quad \square \quad$ Change policy $\square \quad$ (tick $\checkmark$ your choice)

1. Continue policy = protects the environment / prevents ribbon development / keeps the cost
of public services down
Change policy = allows people to build on their own land / provides jobs in building / keeps
2. the countryside populated / provides income for the local Authority/ helps maintain services
in rural areas i.e. schools

## Question C3: Contemporary Issues (15 marks)

1. 

## Gloria's Story <br> Gloria lives in Mathare Valley, Nairobi, Kenya, one of the largest and most dangerous slums in the world.

Her morning routine is like anyone else's living in the slums but there is one profound difference. Gloria is only six years old. She looks after her younger brother and sister on her own. Everyday, Gloria wakes up early, washes yesterday's dishes and sweeps her small tin hut. She then takes her three year old brother by the hand. Lifting her 18 -month old sister onto her back, they all go to the Baruka Health Centre in the heart of Mathare slum. Gloria and her siblings are given breakfast and lunch at the Baruka Health Centre. They are looked after for most of the day by the staff. Before dark, they return to their tiny hut and unroll the mattress they share


Gloria with her brother and sister outside their home to sleep for the night. When it rains in Nairobi the narrow paths in the slums turn into stinking streams. It's no wonder that children like Gloria are constantly ill. For small children like Gloria, her brother and baby sister, good food and nutrition are crucial. It helps them to grow up healthy and survive the many
diseases that are rife in the slums. To see the children here, living in absolute squalor, is heartbreaking playing beside the rubbish dumps or on the sewage filled pathways. There is no clean water and not enough food to live on. Gloria has been caring for her brother and sister since her mother was taken to hospital six months ago. She hasn't seen her mother since and doesn't even know if she is still alive. Like thousands of children in Nairobi's slums who become the carers for their families, Gloria has many fears. Will she see her mother again? How will she keep her brother and sister safe? And how will she get food for all of them?
(a) Name one human right that these children are being denied.
(1 mark)
Food / safety / leisure / security / equity / dignity
Shelter $/$ health care $=0 \quad$ Refer to handout.
(b) Why is this human right important?
(1 mark)

## Answer should be relevant and appropriate to right mentioned

2. Name one document that lists the human rights to which people are entitled.
(1 mark) Universal Declaration of Human Rights. See handout.
3. (a) Name one organisation that works in the developing world.

Organisation: Concern / Goal / Trocaire / Bothar etc. Organisation must work in third world See handout
Give an example of development work or an example of emergency work done by this organisation.
Emergency work: $\square \quad$ Development work: $\square \quad$ (tick $\checkmark$ your choice) Award 2 marks if
Example: (a) Correctly identifies an example of work ticked e.g. Emerg. Work - food, shelter, medical treatment. Dev. Work - clinics, education, irrigation, hospitals, farming

OR (b) Example given clearly outlines the work done by the organisation identified. page fourteen of seventeen Fundraising / raise awareness / give talks in schools =0
(c) Gloria's story raises awareness about the plight of children in the slums of Nairobi. Describe one other method which an individual or an organisation could use to raise awareness about an issue.

Organise demonstration, poster campaign / talk / TV or radio advertising / run a fundraiser / petition etc.
4. (a) These are the main political parties in Ireland. Select two and name the leader of each. (2 marks)


Political party: $\qquad$ Leader: $\qquad$
Political party: $\qquad$ Leader: $\qquad$
(b) Voting in Ireland is by secret ballot. Why is this a good idea?

People have privacy / voters will not be put under pressure from politicians / more democratic/
Private = $1 \quad$ (one word = I mark)
5.

(a) Research is classified as either primary or secondary. Identify one type of primary research and one type of secondary research from the examples given in the box above.

Primary research: Interview / surveys / p. observ. Secondary research: Books / newspapers / internet
(b) Name one type of research that you have used to complete your Contemporary Issues task. State one advantage and one disadvantage of this method of research.
(2 marks)
Research method :Internet / questionnaire / contacting organisations / census / historical docs etc Advantage: Answer should be relevant and appropriate to method mentioned (2x1)

Disadvantage: $\qquad$

Question C4: Taking Charge (15 marks)

## 1. <br> MABS HAVING BUSIEST YEAR

(a) MABS is the Money Advice and Budgeting Service. Why do you think that 2009 was their busiest year ever?

Due to the recession / people are losing their jobs / pressure from the banks / credit problems /
mortgage difficulty / credit card debt / bank overdraft debt.
(b) Select one of the forms of credit listed below and explain how it works.


| Credit card $\square$ | Bank overdraft $\square$ | Credit sales agreement $\square$ | (tick $\checkmark$ your choice) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Buy now pay later | Banks allow you to | Agree to pay |  |
| F interest | overspend on current <br> account and you pay it | regularly + interest |  |
|  | back with interest | $(2 \times 1)$ |  |

2. 

The Path to Money Management and Dealing with Debt

## Step 1

Assess your Situation

## Step 2

Make a Budget

## Step 3

Deal with Debt

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Step } 4 \\
& \text { Make Payments }
\end{aligned}
$$

(a) Budgeting is one of the main steps on the path to money management and dealing with debt.

List two reasons why it is important to deal with debt.

1. To avoid losing your home / to prevent increasing debt or interest / to protect credit
rating / prevent stress and or depression / avoid conflict in the home or family / to
2. avoid ending up in court or Stubbs etc.
(b) A budget includes details of how a person is spending his/her money. What else should be included in a budget?

Savings / loan repayments / bill payments / income / any outgoings - food, clothing, holidays, transport, education. what you have left to spend/how much / what they are spending $=0$
3.


Credit Unions offer members the chance to have control over their own finances by making their own savings work for them.
(a) Outline two ways that credit unions are different from other financial institutions. (2 marks) Interest on loans is on a reducing balance / having an account means you are a member / don't

1. charge fees / most don't have ATMs / most don't have internet banking/ savings are in the form of shares/
2. 

members have a say at AGMs / some workers are volunteers / profits are shared amongst members / it is not a business / members have a common identity ( 2 x 1 ) Friendly = 0
(b) How do members qualify to get a loan from the Credit Union?

Based on a percentage of savings / must be over 18 / must show ability to repay
4. When getting a loan a customer will come across these terms. Explain one.
(2 marks)


Term:
Cost of credit = amount of interest paid/what you pay to borrow. What you pay back = 0
Explain: Cooling off period = time a person has to change their mind about taking the loan usually 14 days. The period before the loan / period before the repayments begin = 1
5.

The number of people illegally evicted from their homes rose steadily last year. In total, there were 141 completed illegal evictions and 533 threatened illegal evictions over the course of the year. An illegal eviction is where tenants are physically removed from their home. It is absolutely unlawful to lock tenants out of a rented property with or without their belongings. Landlords who have a grievance with their tenants have a legal route to resolve disputes through the Private Residential Tenancies Board (PRTB).
(a) Why is it 'absolutely unlawful to lock a tenant out of a rented property'?

Tenants can only be evicted by a court order / tenants are entitled to notice to quit Against the law = 0
(b) Landlords who have a grievance with their tenants can contact the PRTB. Name an organisation which provides help to tenants who are experiencing difficulties with their landlords.
(1 mark)

## Threshold / PRTB / Citizens Information Centres

(c) List two reasons why a landlord could legally terminate a tenancy agreement.
2. property / if the landlord is selling the property / if the landlord requires the property for own use

