

JUNIOR CERTIFICATE 2008

MARKING SCHEME

MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY WOOD

HIGHER LEVEL

SECTION A

Mark for best 16 answers. Disallow marks for any questions/parts of questions in excess of 16 as per instructions to Assistant Examiners

QUES	TION	ANSWER			MARKS
1.	(i)	Correct name for the to			3 marks
		Mortice Gui	ige		5 marks
	(ii)	Specific use for this too	1		
			o lines parallel to th rking joints	e edge of a piece of	2 marks
2.		Any two head types sho Countersum Round head Raised head	nk d		1 x 3 marks 1 x 2 marks
3.		· ·			5 marks
4.			g cordless drills ric shock, no flexes ry from electric sour		1 x 3 marks 1 x 2 marks
5.		Design Process stages	Stage	Order (1-5)	
			Sketches/Working Drawings	4]
			Evaluation	5	5 x 1marks
			Design Ideas/Solutions	3	
			Investigation and Research Analysis of Brief	1	
6.		• Aide	puter d ufacture		2 x 2 marks 1 x 1 mark
7		Three common Irish tre	es Oak	Ash	2 x 2 marks 1 x 1 mark

8.	(i)	Name of seasoning method	
		Natural/Air Seasoning	3 marks
	(ii)	One disadvantage of this seasoning Slow, weather dependent, no control over MC boards prone to insect/fungi attack	2 marks
9.		Two conditions for dry rot	
		Warmth, Moisture, Oxygen, Food, No Ventilation	3 marks 2 marks
10.	(i)	Conversion method Radial ,Quarter, Rift Sawing	3 marks
	(ii)	Feature Silver Grain, Silver fleck, Quarter grain, Fiddleback	2 marks
11.	(i)	Adhesive for veneers Casein, PVA, Formaldehydes Scotch glue (animal or pearl glue) Rubber –based (contact or impact adhesive)	1 x 3 marks
	(ii)	Reason Instant bond, strong, suitable for timber	1 x 2 marks
12.		Two safety precautions using a chisel Secure workpiece, sharp chisel, hands behind cutting edge	1 x 3 marks 1 x 2 marks
13.	(i)	Direction of pulley Clockwise	3 marks
	(ii)	Speed of pulley C 90rpm	2 marks
14.	(i)	Two reasons to apply finish Protect, enhance, toughen	3 marks 2 marks
15.	(i)	Bridle Joint Tenon Cheeks	3 marks 2 marks

16.	Alloys of brass • Copper • Zinc	1 x 3 marks 1 x 2 marks
17.	Completed sketch of Tee Halving Joint Trench part Tenon part	3 marks 2 marks
18.	Force being applied to screw Torsion	5 marks
19. (i)	Machine name Bandsaw	3 marks
(ii)	Two safety precautions to observe when using a bandsaw • Wear eye protection • Adjust blade guard to appropriate height • Tie up long hair • Remove jewelry • Keep work area clear • Isolate before adjusting	2 x 1 marks
20	Completed cutting list Description Qty Length Width Thickness Body 1 300 44 30 Wing 1 240 70 12 Tail 1 80 25 12 Fin 1 35 20 12	5 x 1 mark

Running total of allowed questions for this section to be recorded and shown as indicated at the marking conference.

SECTION B

Mark for best 3 answers. Check \underline{all} stationary and indicate running total and disallowed marks as indicated at the marking conference.

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	Ī
1. (i)	Preparation of working drawing		
	Elevation - Setting out overall width (820) Showing overall height (400) Showing thickness of legs (32) Showing thickness of top of laminate (32) Finding the centre and drawing the curves at the top of legs (R100)	2 marks 2 marks 2 x 1 mark 2 marks 2 x 2 mark	12
	End view - Setting out/transferring overall height Setting out to width (540) Showing leg widths (80) Showing position and width of end rails Showing position and thickness of top rails	2 marks 2 marks 2 x 1 mark 2 x 1 mark 2 x 1 mark	10
	General - Hidden detail (any 4 lines) Scale Dimensions (any 4, any quality)	2 marks 2 mark 4 marks	
	 Draughtsmanship, presentation NOTE: 1. If isometric drawing presented, mark as per scheme and divide by 2 at end 2. If the wrong scale is used, no marks for height or width in elevation and loss of scale mark 3. If sketched, mark as per scheme 	3 marks	11
(ii)	Jointing the rail R to leg L Mortice and tenon, Halving, Bridle, Dowelling Domino Biscuits	5 + 2 marks	
	Pocket/concealed screws Name only	2 marks	7

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	
2. (i)	Explanation of steps in design process		
Ó	Sketches/Working Drawings -		
8	Dimensioned drawings and sketches to include plan, elevation and end elevation and/or a pictorial view of the proposed artefact. Appropriate detailing and a materials list should be included.	5 marks	
	Evaluation –		
	Review of project in relation to the given brief. Assessing of artefact with respect to function, appearance, proportion, shape, safety, problems encountered, modifications etc.		
		5 marks	10
(ii)	Design solution for storage of household items		
	Basic unit/box without any design features (sketch only) Fair attempt to accommodate items in an attractive, compact unit. (Must include notes) Good, well balanced, well sketched design, showing some innovation, must incorporate notes	5 marks 10 marks 15 marks	15
(iii)	Two specific requirements		
(111)	Any two relevant requirements to the design. Access, safety, appearance, function, cost, stability, size, shape, proportion, ease of use	2 x 3 marks	6
(iv)	Suitable material for the manufacture of the unit		
	Mark for any suitable material (Including manufactured boards)	3 marks	
	Reasons		
	Reasons appropriate to selected material: Appearance, cost, durability, workability	2 x 3 marks	9

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	
3. (i)	Names of manufactured boards A- Chipboard/Particle/Oriented Strand Board B- Plywood/Multiply C- Laminated Board/Lamwood/Pineboard	5 marks 5 marks 5 marks	15
(ii)	Advantages of manufactured boards • Relatively cheap • Help to conserve solid wood • Stable • Available in wide boards • Smooth uniform finish • Available in a range of surface finishes • Uniform thickness	4 x 2 marks	8
(iii)	Manufacture of board • Wood is processed into particles • Mixed with a synthetic adhesive • Spread out and compressed under heat • Dried sanded and cut to size • (OSB: strands are aligned in two outer layers with an inner core positioned at right angles) Plywood • Veneers cut from log • Odd number layers arranged at 90° to each other • Adhesive applied and layers compressed • Boards sanded and cut to size Lamwood	9 + 3 marks	
(iv)	 Strips of solid wood planed to size Glue is applied Strips pressed together Boards are sanded and cut to size 		12
(iv)	 Providing an alternative to solid wood By using wood from managed forests, thinnings and waste/recycled timber. By using veneers to give the effect of real wood Manufactured boards use mostly softwoods 	5 marks	5

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	Ī
4 (A). (i)	Development of letter holder		
	Surfaces (5) Fold lines (2/4) Fillets(4/9) Quality of drawing	5 x 2 marks 2 marks 2 marks 2 marks	10
(ii)	 Drilling two small holes Mark centres for two holes Secure acrylic in vice or cramp Place waste wood beneath acrylic / Place tape on front and back of acrylic Using a twist bit set drill to low speed Drill through slowly 	8+3marks	11
(iii)	 Marks centres for holes Secure acrylic in vice or cramp Place waste wood beneath acrylic / Place tape on front and back of acrylic Using a hole saw set drill to low speed Drill through slowly (from each side) Or Find centres and draw circles on acrylic Drill series of holes inside the circumference with waste wood beneath File acrylic to line with (half)round file Or Find centres and draw circles on acrylic 	8 + 3 marks	
(iv)	 Drill hole on circumference with waste wood beneath Insert scroll saw, fretsaw blade through hole Holding acrylic securely and saw to the line Finish with appropriate file Design to improve back Name/sketch of appropriate enhancement e.g. chamfer, moulding, rounding corners 	2 marks	111

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	
4 (B). (i)	Parts of lathe		
	 A. Toolrest: supports tools while turning workpiece B. Tailstock: supports end of workpiece C. Bed: main body of lathe onto which tailstock, toolrest and headstock etc. are fixed 	3 x 3 marks 3 x 2 marks	15
(ii)	 Secure lamp on lathe with hollow/cone centre in tailstock Pass a long hole-boring bar/auger through the tailstock Bore the hole halfway through the wood, withdrawing hole-boring bar/auger frequently to clean parings Reverse the piece and repeat process 	8+4 marks	12
(iii)	Appropriate turning speed 400rpm	4 marks	
(iv)	Safety precautions • Wear face protection • Tie up long hair • Fix loose clothing • Remove jewellery • Do not adjust while lathe is in motion • Rotate workpiece before starting lathe • Select appropriate speed • Ensure workpiece is secure • Hold turning tool firmly in both hands • Remove toolrest when sanding • Be familiar with controls • Make sure workpiece is properly prepared and free from defects which may cause injury • Keep work area clean and tidy • Keep cutting tools on toolrest while working	3 x 3marks	9

QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS	
5. (i)	Correct names for planes		
	A – Jack Plane B – Block/Palm Plane C – Smoothing Plane	3 x 5 marks	15
(ii)	Appropriate use of		
3	Jack Plane: squares up rough timber to the correct size. Planes uneven surfaces straight and true		
00	Block Plane: used for light planing, chamfering, and for planing endgrain	2 x 4 marks	
	Smoothing Plane: used for chamfering and to smooth and clean surfaces in preparation for sanding.		
			8
(iii) X	Parts of plane X – (Lateral adjusting) lever Allows blade to be moved from side to side Y – Depth adjusting wheel/nut Enables blade to be raised and lowered	2 x 2marks 2 x 1marks	6
(iv)	Resharpening plane iron		
	 Remove plane irons from plane Unscrew blade from cap iron Hold plane iron on oil/water cooled grindstone at 25°-30° and grind until gaps are removed Sharpen the cutting iron on a sharpening stone, using oil as a lubricant, at an angle of 30°-35° 	8 + 3 marks	
	Remove burr/wire edgeReplace iron in plane		11