COIMISIÚN NA SCRÚDUITHE STÁIT STATE EXAMINATIONS COMMISSION



JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2005 **HISTORY – ORDINARY LEVEL**



GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND MARKING SCHEME

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- 1. **The procedure for marking** will consist of:
 - (a) Careful reading and analysis of all answers;
 - (b) Allocation of marks to the components according to the agreed scheme;
 - (c) Addition of the marks with attention to:
 - (i) Maximum per section; (ii) Maximum per question.

2. Components

- (a) Facts
 - (i) Identification of visually presented data; (ii) Stating facts.
- (b) Significant Relevant Statement (SRS)
 - (i) A significant fact, aspect or phase of the topic;
 - (ii) An explanation of a term or concept relevant to the topic;
 - (iii) A valid interpretation/comment/opinion/judgement relevant to topic;
 - (iv) 2/3 tentative statements of fact, etc;
 - (v) An important cause/effect;
 - (vi) A pertinent, relevant map/illustration (may merit > 1 SRS)
 - (vii) Valid introductory material.

3. Marking

- (a) Answers are awarded:
 - (i) A Cumulative Mark (CM);
 - (ii) An Overall Mark (OM).
- (b) The Cumulative Mark (CM)

Starting from the beginning of the answer, tick clearly thus $(\sqrt{})$ each SRS. Award the mark/s agreed on the marking scheme to each SRS.

(c)The Overall Mark (OM)

In making a judgement on OM, the examiner must consider the quality of the answer in the light of the set question/item. Note that answers earning maximum marks on CM need not necessarily earn full marks on OM. The total awarded for CM and OM must be shown separately.

- (d) Total the marks awarded to each part of the question in the right-hand margin thus: four marks to be shown as < 4. Then proceed to mark the remainder. Put the grand total for the question, for example (30), on the left-hand margin near the question number.
- (e) Read all answers, even excess, repeated or cancelled. The answer gaining most marks is accepted within the rubrics of the examination paper.

MARKING SCHEME

JUNIOR CERTIFICATE HISTORY 2005 - Ordinary Level - 180 marks

- 1. **PICTURES** (35 mks)
- (a) Archaeologists at work
 - (i) Note-taking; measuring; drawing picture; using trowel, etc 2M
 - (ii) Skeleton/dead body/ human remains/ grave, etc 2M
 - (iii) Any ONE valid example 3M
 - (iv) ONE from carbon dating/ stratigraphy/ dendrochronology/ typology, written records, etc 4M
- (b) Paintings from Middle Ages and Renaissance
 - (i) B2 2M TWO valid reasons $3M \times 2 = 6M$
 - (ii) Renaissance artist = 2MWork by the named artist = 2M 4M
- (c) World War II poster
 - (i) Don't waste food/ Buy wisely/ Cook carefully/ Eat it all/ Follow the NWN program Any TWO 2M x 2 = 4M
 - (ii) Because it was scarce or hard to get/ To make it last/ So that the country did not run out/etc ONE valid reason 4M

2. **DOCUMENTS** (35 mks)

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- ('a) Kilmainham	$(\tau a o t$	prisoners i	1.51
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(i)	3 days confined with hard labour	2M
(ii)	Margaret Toole	2M
(iii)	Two	2M
(iv)	ONE valid piece of evidence	3M
(v)	TWO correct matching elements	4M
(vi)	ONE valid reason	4M

(b) Bryan MacMahon, the schoolmaster

(i)	140	2M
(ii)	Open fire/ fire of sorts/ smoky fire/ poorly or inadequately	2M
(iii)	Sons of bank officials, well-off merchants, farmers/ Middle class	2M

(iv) Because he did not have "much of a shirt to his back"/ did not have a proper shirt 2M

(v) Because he was almost as big as himself/ Afraid the boy might hit him/ He realized the boy's pride was hurt/ He did not want to see the boy

	embarrassed	ONE reason	2M
(vi)	TWO valid pieces of	evidence	$2M \times 2 = 4M$
(vii)	TWO valid examples	of changes in school life since 1930s	$2M \times 2 = 4M$

3. **SHORT-ANSWER QUESTIONS** (60 mks)

(Credit the ten best answers here: max $6M \times 10 = 60M$)

NB: In questions (v), (xii), (xiv), (xv), and (xix) TWO elements are asked for. **Both elements must be answered correctly for full marks.** No marks are awarded for only one correct element.

(i)	True	6M
(ii)	(a) Primary Source	6M
(iii)	Museum/ Gallery/ Library/ Interpretive centre, etc	6M
(iv)	People only had stone tools/ Metalwork had not yet been discovered	6M
(v)	Copper and Tin (ONE element only = 0 marks)	6M
(vi)	Fulacht Fiadh: Cooking site/method; Ogham: Early alphabet/ stone carving or writing Crannóg: Manmade island dwelling ONE only asked for	6M
(vii)	Lookout/ Security/ Storing valuables/ Bell	6M
(viii)	(c)The Normans	6M
(ix)	Farm worker/ Peasant	6M

(x)	Guild	6M
(xi)	Someone who gave financial support or sponsorship to artist	6M
(vii)	ONE writer and ONE work by that writer (Both alamants needed)	6M
(xii)	,	
(xiii)	TWO valid items $3M + 3M =$	6M
(xiv)	ONE reformer and ONE teaching by that reformer (Both elements needed)	6M
(xv)	ONE revolutionary leader and ONE of his aims (Both elements needed)	6M
(xvi)	ONE valid change.	6M
(xvii)	ONE valid point about 1916 Rising	
	OR	
	ONE valid point about change in communications (NOT transport)	M
(xviii)	ONE political leader from N Ireland since 1920	
	OR	
	ONE valid point about change in the role of women	6M
(xix)	Leader and correctly matched country. (Both elements needed) Leader named must be from the syllabus section "International Relations in the Twentieth Century" (See below)	6M he
(xx)	Holocaust: Mass murder of Jews/ The Final Solution Superpower: World power such as USA or USSR Colony: Country taken over and run by another Common Market: EEC/ The original 6 member states ONE only	M

"International Relations in the Twentieth Century" comprises
 Peace and War in Europe, 1920-1945
 The Rise of the Superpowers, 1945-present
 Moves towards European unity, 1945-present
 African and Asian nationalism, 1945-present

4. **PEOPLE IN HISTORY** (50 mks – 25M x 2)

Follow the principle of Significant Relevant Statement (SRS) See page 2. Full SRS must be a significant **and** developed fact. Candidate must make the meaning and the significance plain to the examiner. Examiners should not "read between the lines" in order to infer significance.

Full SRS = 4 marks $Max CM = 5 \times 4M = 20M$ Cumulative mark (CM) = 20 marks Overall mark (OM) = 5 marks

OM: Very Good – Excellent = 5 Borderline Pass = 2 Some merit, but less than Pass = 1 Fair – Good = 3 No merit = 0

Do not assume that an answer with maximum CM marks should automatically earn full OM marks. Exercise professional judgement in award of OM.

An answer may contain 5 full SRS, but it might not be a thorough or complete account overall. For example, an answer to A(iii) may earn full CM marks on reasons and/or preparations for voyage, but this would hardly attract a good/very good OM.

- A (i) Answer should be set outside of Ireland in a named ancient civilization. Beware of vagueness.
- A (ii) Labelled drawings of castle may be relevant.
- A (iii) Explorer must be named. For unidentified sailors, award relevant material on voyages as part of CM and award up to a max of 2 on OM

- B (i) Plantation must be named. Where no plantation is identified, award material relating to the lives of settlers as part of CM and award up to a max of 2 on OM. Answers relating only to lives of the dispossessed Irish are not relevant
- B (ii) Beware of vagueness. Reward candidates who identify improvements in the lives of workers by 1850.
- B (iii) Government leader (North or South) must be named. The term may be taken to include President, Prime Minister, Secretary of State, Party leader, Government minister. Where no leader is identified, award material generally relevant to 20th century Irish politics in CM and award up to a max of 2 on OM

OR

Discussion of "changes" should demonstrate the 'before and after' of change and confine themselves to the 20^{th} century. Care should be taken when dealing with vague answers.