WARNING

You must return this paper with your answer book, otherwise marks will be lost.

Write your Examination Number here:	
]



JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2010

GEOGRAPHY – ORDINARY LEVEL SECTION 1 – FOLDER

FRIDAY, 11 JUNE - MORNING, 9.30 to 11.30

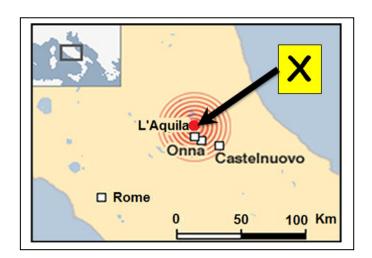
N.B. SECTION 2 OF THIS PAPER IS SUPPLIED SEPARATELY.

SECTION 1 (60 MARKS)

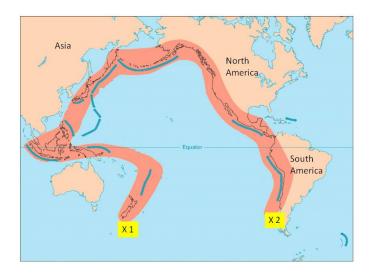
ALL questions to be answered.
You have an *either/or* choice WITHIN 4 questions.
Be sure to return this folder with your answer book.
Otherwise, marks will be lost.

1. EARTHQUAKES

The point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of the earthquake, shown at X, is called	
Epicentre	
Seismograph	
Shock wave	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	



2. SHAPING THE EARTH'S CRUST – VOLCANOES



The shaded area show	on on this map, from X1 to X2, is called
the Mid-Atlantic Ridge	
the Pacific ring of fire	
a lava flow	
a cold region	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

3. THE EARTH FROM SPACE



(Source: www.triplespark.net/render/img/earth)

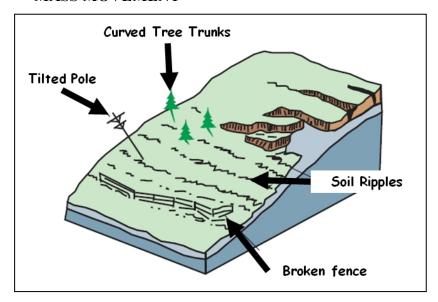
Look at this image of the Earth for The continent marked X is:	rom space.
South America	
Asia	
Africa	
Australia	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

4. WEATHERING

The loose rock shown in this photograph is called scree. It is caused by:

	No.
Mechanical weathering	
River deposition	
Chemical weathering	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

5. MASS MOVEMENT



The type of mass movement shown in the diagram above is:

A landslide	
An avalanche	
Soil creep	
A mudslide	

6. ROCKS

What type of rock is Basalt?	the Giant's Causeway in County Antrim
Sedimentary	
Metamorphic	
Igneous	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

7. RIVER FEATURES



The feature marked X in this photograph shows a river feature. It is called:

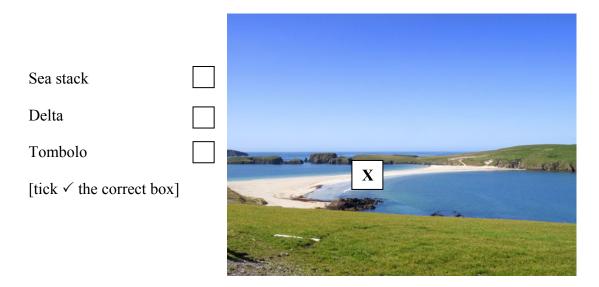
A delta		
An ox-bow lake		
A waterfall		
[tick ✓ the correct box]		

 $OVER \rightarrow$

8. Answer EITHER 8A OR 8B

8A. COASTAL FEATURES

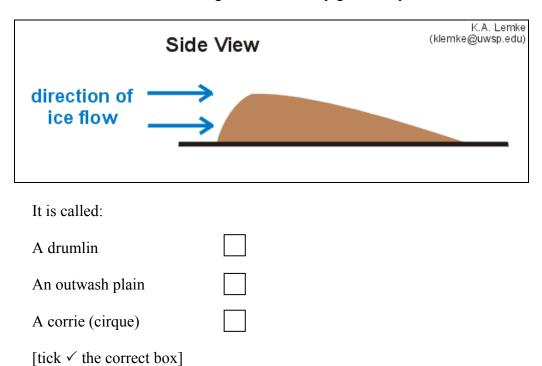
The feature marked X in this photograph shows a feature of coastal deposition. It is called a:



OR

8B. GLACIATION

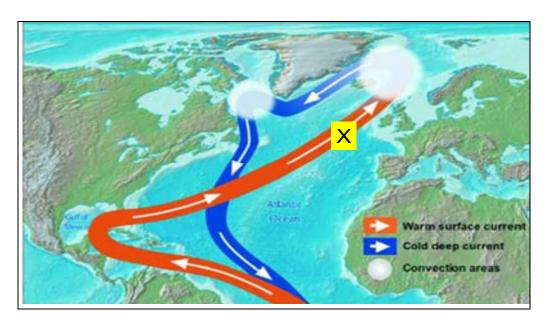
The feature shown in the diagram is formed by glacial deposition.



9. Answer EITHER 9A OR 9B

9A. OCEAN CURRENTS

The Ocean Current marked X has an effect on Ireland's weather.



It is called the:	
North Atlantic Drift	
Canaries Current	
North Equatorial Current	
Labrador Current	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

OR

9B. WEATHER STATION

The weather instrument shown in this photograph measures sunshine. It is called:

An Anemometer	
A Stevenson screen	
A Wind vane	

[tick ✓ the correct box]

A Campbell-Stokes recorder



10. Answer EITHER 10A OR 10B

10A. DIRECTION

If you travelled from Belfast to Limerick, in which **direction** would you be travelling?

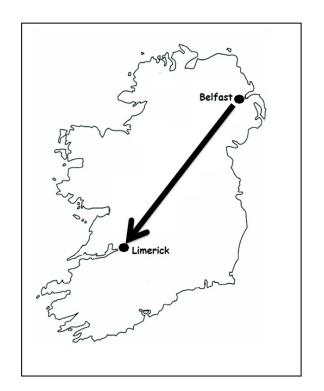
From North-West to South-West

From North-West to South-East

From North-East to South-West

From North to South

[tick ✓ the correct box]



OR

10B. ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

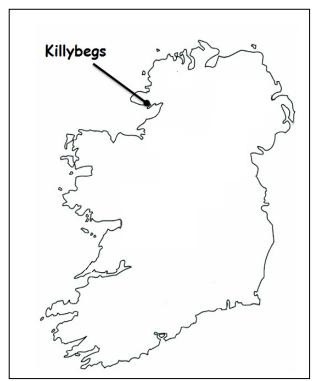
Killybegs is best known as the location for:

A tourist resort

A fishing port

A large chemical factory

A peat-burning power station



11. Answer EITHER 11A OR 11B

11A. POPULATION GROWTH

Study the graph.

The estimated population of the world in 2050 will be:

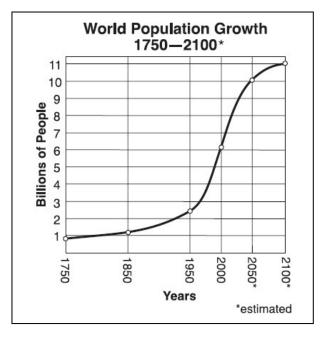
2 billion people

10 billion people

11 billion people

6 billion people

[tick ✓ the correct box]



(Source: Adapted from United Nations)

OR

11B. NATURAL VEGETATION AND CLIMATE

In which climate region / area would you expect to find the type of vegetation shown in the photograph?

Equatorial rain forest	
Mediterranean	
Hot desert	
Coniferous forest	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	



12. RESOURCES

The natural resources shown in this photograph are:

Non-renewable		1
Renewable	Solar Power	Wind Power
[tick ✓ the correct box]		
		No.
	Hydro - Electricity	Wood

13. ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

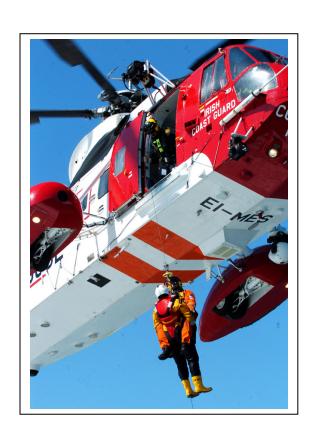
Irish Coast Guard helicopters, like the one in the photograph, provide a service.

This is an example of a:

Primary activity

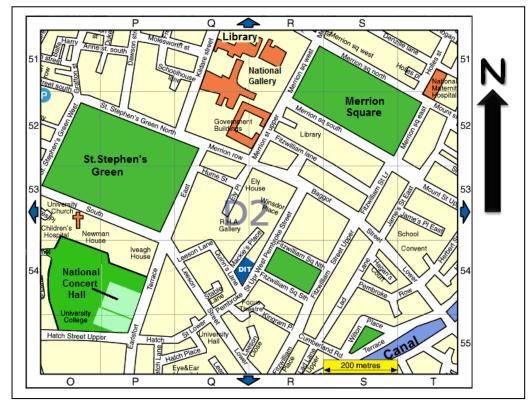
Secondary activity

Tertiary activity



14. STREET MAP LOCATIONS

This map shows an area of Dublin city centre.



(Source: www.softguide.com/dublin)

Look at the map above and then circle the correct answer in **each** of the statements below.

In the **south-east** of the area, *the Canal / the Railway* shows a transport function that Dublin had in the past.

An example of a recreational function in the **north-east** of the area is the park at *Merrion Square / St. Stephen's Green*.

At the **northern** edge of the map *the Library / University College* is evidence of an education function.

15. URBAN GEOGRAPHY

At the edges of the cities in developing countries there are slums where houses are often built from plastic sheets and old bits of wood and metal.

These slums are called:	
Urban decline	
Urban renewal	
Shanty towns	
Urban redevelopment	
[tick ✓ the correct box]	

16. SETTLEMENT PATTERNS

map extract.

The type of settlement pattern shown inside the red rectangle is:

Dispersed

Clustered

Linear

[tick ✓ the correct box]

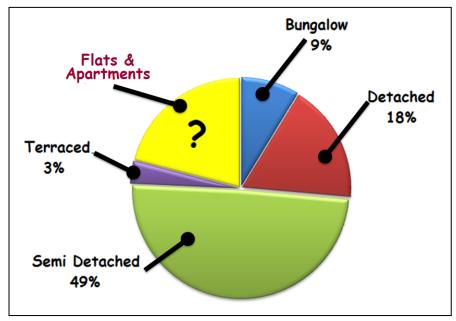
Look carefully at this Ordnance Survey



(Source: OSi Trailmaster©. Scale 1:10,000)

17. STATISTICS

This pie chart shows the percentages for house types in Irish towns and cities.



Source: Adapted from "Housing Statistics" Dept of the Environment, Heritage & Local Govt. 2009)

What is the percentage o	f Flats & Apartments?
27%	
12%	
21%	
10%	

Look at the Ordnance Survey Map supplied with this paper. The Antiquity at grid reference S 419 196 is: An Ogham Stone A Graveyard A Megalithic Tomb A Castle [tick ✓ the correct box] **GRID REFERENCES** Look at the Ordnance Survey Map supplied with this paper. What is the Grid reference for the Post Office in Carrick-on-Suir? S 40 22 S 29 21 S 21 39 S 39 21

18.

19.

GRID REFERENCES

20. AN UNEQUAL WORLD



(Source: Trócaire)

The children in this photograph have lost their home due to war in Darfur in Sudan. They now face hunger and famine.

Look at the photograph and information above.

Show, by ticking the box, if each of these statements is TRUE or FALSE.

STATEMENT	TRUE	FALSE
The first type of aid they need is Emergency Aid to provide		
shelter and food.		
Aid provided by the Irish Government to their government is		
called Multi-lateral Aid.		
Trócaire is a Non-Government Organisation (NGO)		
• , ,		

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